LD & Co.

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EA CUPS & SAUCERS—75c each.
HOCOLATE POTS— $2.50 each.
UGAR & CREAM— $1.50 set.
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The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LVI.—NO. 264. TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1897—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE {ONE CENT IN CITY CARRIER DISTRICT. TWO CENTS OUT OF CARRIER DISTRICT.

SAYS IT IS KESNER

Ald. Mangler Gives the Grand Jury Name of His Alleged Would-Be Briber.

ACCUSES FAIR MANAGER.

Testifies Without the Knowledge of His Attorneys, Levy and Isaac Mayer.

SHEDS TEARS ON THE STAND.

Details the Bids Made for His Vote for the General Electric Trolley.

CONFESSION SPURRED BY FRIENDS

Alderman William Mangler, spurred to confession by his conscience and the entreaties of his wife and friends to clear his reputation from the stigma cast upon it by his silence, yesterday afternoon went before the grand jury and told the name of the man who he says tried to bribe him to vote for the General Electric trolley ordinance.

The man is an old friend and business acquaintance, Jacob L. Kesner, manager of the Fair department store.

Kesner lives at 3545 Grand boulevard. He left the Fair store yesterday just after the State's Attorney had summoned the messenger, Eddie Kehn, who is said to have carried the messages sent by Kesner to Mangler. From that time on Kesner was not to be found. He had not reached his home at 2 a. m. and his wife had received no word from him.

The action of the Alderman was taken without the knowledge of Levy and Isaac Mayer, the attorneys who appeared for him in the contempt proceedings before Judge Dunne, which resulted in the imposition of a fine of $1,000 and a term of three months in jail. This purges him of contempt and wipes out fine and imprisonment.

Moved to Tears Before Jury.

Mangler cried as he told the story to the jury and when he left the inquisitorial chamber his face showed strong traces of emotion.

"But I feel ten years younger," said he, "now that I've got that load off my mind."

Ever since the Alderman repeated this formula two dozen times, "I refuse to answer because the answer might incriminate me," he has been importuned by personal and political friends to tell the truth. It was pointed out that it was better to be held as a "squealer" by the "gang" than to have the good citizens regard him as a man without honor. Enormous pressure was brought to bear upon him and on Saturday night the change of heart came.

Not until yesterday morning did Mangler tell State's Attorney Deneen that his lips were unlocked. Mr. Deneen was glad to receive the information and soon made arrangements for the present jury to hear the story which the one presided over by Otis Favor angled for in vain.

Before the Grand Jury.

Mangler appeared at the Criminal Court Building at 2:3 0o'clock. After a short talk with Mr. Deneen he went up-stairs to the grand jury room. Closely following him was Detective Walbaum, employed in the State's Attorney's office, who had in his charge two small boys who are employed as messengers by The Fair store. These boys were Eddie Kehm and Daniel Davis. Kehm carried the notes sent by Kesner to Mangler.

The Alderman was taken before the grand jury, where he was questioned by Assistant State's Attorney Sprogel. He was before the jury about an hour. Next Eddie Kehm was called and gave his testimony. That closed the proceedings for the day, and the examination of witnesses will be continued this morning.

Mangler Tells the Story.

Mangler talked about the case and his evidence freely after he came out of the grand jury room.

"'Yes, I told all I knew," said the Alderman, "and I feel ten years younger for having done so. I have got it off my mind and I am glad of it. I should have told the story in the first place and saved all this trouble. Here I am resting under a fine and a jail sentence. I could not allow this to continue, for the sake of my family. I have told the truth and I do not consider myself a 'squealer' either. This is the story I told to the jury:

"It was Saturday, July 10, when Kesner first made his proposition to me. I had known Kesner for fourteen years, and had done business with him for twelve years. He walked into my place and said: 'Billy, I want to see you on important business.' We stepped to the rear of the bar and he says 'This is not private enough.' Then I ushered him into one of the private rooms behind the elevator.

"'Now, Billy,' says he, 'I want you to vote for the General Electric ordinance. I am interested in it and there is some money in it for you.'

Offers of Money.

"He came to me so bold that he almost feased me for a moment. Then I asked him how much there was in it, and he said '$1,000.' I said to him: 'Jake, my vote is worth more than that,' and he then wrote the figures $1,500 on a bill of fare and shoved it over to me. Kesner then went on to say that I was in the Council for the money there was in it, and he could not afford to turn away a good thing. He said that it cost money to be elected, and I should make as much as I could out of the job while I was in.

"Finally I said to him if I voted for the measure I would have to see a copy of the ordinances, and Kesner said he would bring them around Sunday morning. He then went on to say that he wanted my voice and vote Monday evening, and he did not want me to fail him.

"Sunday morning he came around with marked copies of the ordinances, and we had some further talk about the matter. I told him I would look the ordinances over and give him my decision the next day.

Decides to Be Honest.

"When I went home that night I told my wife about the proposition, and I also placed the thing before John Vogelsang, my partner. I was advised to have nothing

(Continued on third page.)

SOCIAL DEMOCRACY AT PARTING OF THE WAYS.

One Road Leads to the Torch and Gun and the Other to the Ballot—Each Element Firm in Its Decision Which Path to Tread—Views of the Leaders on the Schism Which May Disrupt Debs' Utopian Organization.

There are signs and omens of trouble, and lots of it, between the "radical" and conservative members of Debs' Social Democracy. The right to use the torch or revolver may be the rock on which this Utopian organization may split. Leaders of each side yesterday wrote for THE TRIBUNE their views of the situation. Here is what they say:

TOO MANY LAWS FOR T. P. QUINN

Radical Leader Wants the Repealing to Begin—Hits at Debs—Will Fight in Self-Defense.

[BY T. P. QUINN, LEADER OF THE RADICALS.]

My opinion is that we have too many laws, and that the work of repealing them should commence. If this cannot be done, rather than see a despotism established, and man enslaved to his fellow-man, I will do anything justified by circumstances.

I have no right to advise others, as I am not a paternalist, as Debs is.

The curse of this world is that men persist in advising and guiding their fellowmen, but it has been my experience that such guardians always plunder instead of protect.

I will fight in self-defense, but in self-defense only, and when that time comes I shall use the most favorable weapons. I shall not allow the enemy to dictate what weapon I shall use. T. P. QUINN.

NO REVOLUTION FOR KELIHER.

Debs' Right Bower Against Branch 2 Because It Supports Repudiated Principles.

[BY SYLVESTER KELIHER, DEBS' RIGHT BOWER.]

I voted to suspend Branch No. 2 because it had pledged itself to principles which are repudiated by the Social Democracy. There is no split in the National Executive board. Our policy has been carefully outlined in our constitution and will be closely followed. We are not trying to breed a revolution, nor will we countenance such action in the local branches of the organization.

SYLVESTER KELIHER,
Secretary National Executive Board of the Social Democracy.

FORCIBLE REVOLUTION TO COME

Lucy Parsons Believes Such Will Be the Result of Existing Conditions—Ballot Useless.

[BY LUCY PARSONS, ONE OF THE BELLIGERENTS.]

Revolutions may be peaceable or forcible, but I believe that a forcible revolution will be the result of the present condition, because the possessing or property classes will not relinquish what they consider their rights unless they are forced to do so. As to the kind of force to be used, that must be left to those who are called upon to use it. I regard the ballot thoroughly useless in adjusting class issues. Workmen can vote as long as they vote the way the property class dictates. LUCY PARSONS.

THEY'RE INSANE OR CRIMINALS.

Fanny C. Kavanagh Criticises Torch and Knife Advocates—Faith in Debs' Plan.

[BY FANNY C. KAVANAGH, A CONSERVATIVE.]

I think the people who advocate the use of the torch and knife are either insane or criminals. The knife or torch will never better conditions. They will only retard progress and brutalize the users. I am opposed to the taking of human life for any purpose. I am even opposed to capital punishment for crime. Men who advocate the use of the torch and knife and vote for the masters who enslave them, as many do, are to my mind doubly criminals.

My views on the Hazleton murder of our brothers were expressed in the resolutions which Branch No. 1 adopted and Mr. Debs indorsed. I do not believe there are many members of the Social Democracy who advocate force as the means of righting the people's wrongs. I think the majority is confined to the membership of Branch No. 2, now under suspension. Not all of the members of Branch No. 2 are Anarchists. Some are good Socialists and as such will support Mr. Debs and the National board.

I accepted a position on the Executive board of branch No. 1 because I have absolute confidence in Mr. Debs and in the aims and purposes of the Social Democracy, of which he is the leading spirit and official head. Knowing him so well I felt sure he would censure those who indulged in such crazy talk under the auspices of the Social Democracy, and he has done so.

I believe that only through carrying out the principles of the Social Democracy can the emancipation of wage slaves be accomplished. I deplore the speeches made at the meeting of branch No. 1 a week ago. Had I not been out of the room on the Committee of Resolutions I should have called the attention of President Murphy to the fact that he was compromising the organization by permitting such talk.

I as a Socialist believe that reforms can only come through the intelligent use of the ballot in this country. I believe in majority rule. I submit as gracefully as I can to present conditions, but I shall work hard and persistently to teach socialism as outlined in the constitution of the Social Democracy.

FANNY CLARKE KAVANAGH,
Member Executive Board, Branch No. 1, Social Democracy of America.

LIKE A DIVIDING OF THE WAYS.

Branches of the Social Democracy Seem About to Part Company Forever.

It seems that Social Democracy has come to the dividing of the ways. The radicals may be held in leash for a time longer. Concessions and more fiery oratory like Eugene V. Debs indulged in at Ulich Hall last June may succeed in pacifying them for a short while, but it cannot be for long. The bellicose Branch No. 2 has declared for a principle of independence in thought and speech that is as dear to a great many of those most prominently identified with the Debs movement as any other which formed the basis of Social Democracy.

But what makes many of the radicals even more angry than this attempted "despotism" of President Debs is that he seems to them to lack courage. They say on many occasions he has given utterance to sentiments that were even more inflammatory than anything to be found in the objectionable resolution passed upon the subject of the Hazleton shooting. His Uhlich Hall speech is pointed out as a case in point. Then there is the speech he made at St. Louis at the labor conference, which contained sentences like these:

"The last quarter of a century has so degraded American workingmen that there is hardly any spirit left in them. I have read that we are reaching a point where all trouble in civilized countries will be settled without the aid of the sword or the bullet, but I want to say, should it be necessary in defense of American liberty, I shall be found in the time of trouble, not in the rear, saying 'go,' but in the lead, calling on you to come.

"This movement has attained tremendous impetus and will go ahead with a rush. When the people are ready, and that day is not far off, my friends, there will be a spontaneous uprising, the Supreme Court will be abolished, Congress dispersed, and the sacred rights of American citizens and American freedmen will be enthroned. (Great applause.)

"On bearing arms: I hope in the march of common intelligence we will reach a point where we will be able to settle these questions without appealing to the sword or bullet. I cannot tell. Certain it is there are thousands of our fellow-citizens suffering, and certain it is this cannot last. The time will come to incite the populace. When that time comes you can depend on me. (Cheers.) I will not stand in the rear and ask you to go ahead. I will be in front and say to you: 'Come on.' (Renewed cheering.)

"I shrink from that bloodshed (Mr. Debs paused impressively), but if this is necessary to preserve liberty and our rights, in that event I will shed the last drop of blood that courses through my veins." (Outbreak of cheering.)

After having said such things as these the radicals wish to know what he means by calling down upon them all the blame for taking an advanced stand. Some say that he is secretly in sympathy with them, that he is working for the same end, but that he dares not come out into the open and declare himself. Among this number is Lucy Parsons. She still holds to her colors, admits she is an Anarchist, and maintains that Mr. Debs is doing a great work for the cause she holds so dear.

On the other hand there are radicals of another stamp, among them T. P. Quinn, chairman of Branch No. 2, who do not see duty lying in Mr. Debs' path. These belong to the number who hold that the authority he assumes is at variance to the whole principle of human equality for which they are contending.

Differences in the Board.

It is known that there is not the most sublime harmony among the members of the National Executive Board. This is composed of five persons, and not over three of these, including Debs himself, think as he does. Debs' sympathizers are William E. Burns and Sylvester Keliher. The other two, Roy M. Goodwin and James Hogan, hold more or less secretly to the views advanced by T. P. Quinn, and are in principle at least opposed to anything like a dictatorial policy on the part of the President.

For the present, however, the two latter have nothing to say in opposition to Mr. Debs' policy. The possibilities of the new organization with which they are so prominently connected outweigh all personal considerations with them, and they are saying nothing, at least nothing for publication. Still, there are a great many people who say they know how they feel on the matter, and when there is occasion for action it is said they can be counted upon.

Debs Will Be Silent.

Mr. Debs said last night:

"I do not care to enter into any further controversy with the members of Branch No. 2. Publicity will not help the matter. I have decided to make no reply to the attacks made on me by members of Branch No. 2, that the incident may be closed as soon as possible.

"I understand that certain members of Branch No. 2 denounced me as an idiot last night, and others showered similar epithets on me. I submit that such arguments are unanswerable."

Debs went on to say the story of a split in the National Executive board was untrue, and that the trouble with the radicals was at an end except as to the final action of the national officers in dealing with Branch No. 2.

Goodwin Denies Quinn's Statement.

Roy M. Goodwin said last night:

"T. P. Quinn's statement that I was prepared to sink or swim with Branch No. 2 was totally unauthorized. I have nothing to say either for or against the action of the National board, of which I am a member, and I can only state for publication that I am still a Social Democrat and will remain such. A public discussion of this unfortunate affair will not help matters and I will not go into details."

Quinn Blazes Away at Debs.

T. P. Quinn, chairman of Branch No. 2, had a few warm things to say about Debs.

"So Mr. Debs objects to our utterances now, does he?" said he. "See this. It is an extract from the published account of the speech he made on Aug. 31. He said:

"'The Supreme Court of the United States is a breeder of revolution, and a few more injunctions will see all of us walking side by side and fighting for the cause of humanity. I am anxious; I am ready; the time is ripe.'

"The trouble with Mr. Debs seems to be that is unwilling to have his utterances go before the public. He says we may say these things as individuals, but not as organizations. Some of us do not appreciate the distinction.

"But Debs and some of his colleagues have revolutionized the policy of the Social Democracy since it was organized. It started out as a cooperative organization; it is now a political band. Personally, I will not be a member of Mr. Debs' political organization. He thinks he can make it take the place of the socialistic movement throughout the country, but I think he is mistaken, and that the whole thing will be an immense failure. For my part, I think no action will be taken by Branch No. 2 to secure reinstatement."

DEBS' CRAFT THREATENED BY ITS BRANCHES.



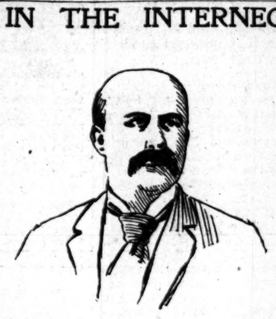
FACTORS AND FIGHTERS IN THE INTERNECINE WAR IN THE SOCIAL DEMOCRACY.



EUGENE V. DEBS.



FANNY CLARKE KAVANAGH.



T. P. QUINN.



SYLVESTER KELIHER.



R. M. GOODWIN.



JAMES HOGAN.

TO KILL M'KINLEY.

Joseph B. Jackson Arrested while Loitering Near the White House.

GUITEAU SORT OF CRANK.

It Is Believed That He Planned to Assassinate the President.

CARRIES A LOADED PISTOL.

Suspicious Conduct of the Prisoner Since His Arrival in Washington.

M'KINLEY GOING AWAY TONIGHT.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—President McKinley has apparently narrowly escaped being made the victim of another Guiteau.

A man with a loaded revolver was arrested in the White House grounds today after he had sought in vain to secure an interview on alleged important business with the President. He was evidently a crank, but his presence in the grounds, his preparation for hostilities, and, above all, his actions for the last few days lead to the belief that the man was much more dangerous than the average lunatic.

It is not known whether the President is fully aware of the danger to which he was exposed today, but the police officers are inclined to believe that their watchfulness prevented the execution of a mad tragedy similar to that which removed President Garfield from the White House.

Jackson's Suspicious Conduct.

Last Friday a man put up at the Hotel Raleigh, who at once attracted atention to himself by his peculiar actions. He registered as Joseph B. Jackson of Meriden, Conn. The people at that hotel are chiefly well-to-do business-men and politicians, who come to Washington for legitimate purposes, and whose time is fully occupied. The man Jackson, on the contrary, seemed ill at ease and rambling in his talk. In casual conversation he intimated that he had come to Washington to accomplish some great work, and to one or two he said the world would know more of him by Sept. 20.

Loitering at the White House.

He was first put down as a crack-brained officeseeker who imagined that postmasters or consuls were immediately made famous, but later on fears were entertained that Jackson was worth watching. It was learned that he had visited the White House and had made various appeals personally and by letter for permission to see the President on "important business," the nature of which he refused to divulge. His actions resulted in his being pointed out to the police.

Today he loitered about the White House, and it was apparent from his talk that he believed that the President was to leave Washington today. His predictions about the great things to happen on Sept. 20 were remembered, and as he continued to haunt the White House grounds until dusk he was taken into custody on general principles.

Cranks of all grades are common about the President's home and the officers thought nothing of the arrest until on searching the man they found the loaded revolver. Only a charge of vagrancy and carrying concealed weapons can be made against him, and his treatment will not be materially different from that given to hundreds of other cranks removed from the White House grounds without disturbances, but there is nevertheless the fear and belief that President McKinley might, if he had driven out this afternoon instead of being closeted with the hordes of officeseekers, been attacked and perhaps shot as he entered his carriage.

May Restore the Guard.

The simplicity characteristic of Presidents of the United States forbids the presence of soldiers or guards and the casual stranger can easily step on the portico within a few feet of the carriage if he is only informed as to when the President will take his outing. The heavy police guard established by Mr. Cleveland was abolished by President McKinley, but one or two more occurrences like that of today and new regulations will be put into force to give the President ample protection.

The Presidential party will leave the city at 9 o'clock tomorrow evening, and will reach North Adams, Mass., its destination, twelve hours later, where they are to be the guests of Mr. W. B. Plunkett. The party will consist of President and Mrs. McKinley, Secretary and Mrs. Alger, Attorney General and Mrs. McKenna and daughter, Miss Mabel McKinley, Mr. Cortelyou of the White House clerical force, the White House steward, and Mrs. McKinley's maid. A special train has been placed at the disposal of the President for the trip.

LIEUTENANT PEARY COMES FROM THE ARCTIC WITH A BIG METEORITE.

Arrival of the Exploring Party at Sydney, Nova Scotia, in Good Health and Spirits.

[SPECIAL BY LIEUT. R. E. PEARY, U. S. N.]

Sydney, Cape Breton, N. S., Sept. 20.—I arrived at this port with my party at 5 p. m. today. All are well.

The Hope came into this port burning her last ton of coal and with her bulwarks smashed. Her decks had been repeatedly swept by the furious seas of the unusually stormy summer.

She is nearly as deep in the water as when she left here full of coal, for the huge Cape York meteorite, the largest in the world, is in her hold bedded in tons of ballast. I have also on board six Cape York Eskimos, with tents, dogs, sledges, and canoes.

I met all my old friends, the Eskimos of the Smith Sound region, and they are eager to coöperate with me in the work of exploration to the north of Greenland, which I expect to begin next year. We visited Cape Sabine and secured relics there of the Greely expedition, most of whose members perished of starvation at that point.

On the way north we landed the several parties who went with us on the Hope and took them up again on our journey south. Mr. Porter and his comrades landed at the whaling station at Cape Haven, on the west side of Davis Strait, on Aug. 3, and reembarked on Sept. 13. Hugh Lee and his wife left us at Godhavn on Aug. 7 and came on board again on Sept. 7. Professor Schuchert landed at Omenak Fiord on Aug. 8 and reëmbarked on Sept. 2. Mr. Robert Stein went ashore Aug. 10 and was taken up again Sept. 2.

The summer in Baffin Bay was marked by almost continuously stormy weather and unusual scarcity of ice.

The Hope will remain here only long enough to coal and will then proceed to New York to land the meteorite.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Sydney, Nova Scotia, Sept. 20.—The steam sealing bark Hope, with Lieutenant R. E. Peary and party on board, returned from North Greenland, arrived here at 5 o'clock this afternoon. All on board are well. The expedition visited Cape Sabine, and relics of the ill-fated expedition led by Greely have been obtained. The investigating party from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, under R. W. Porter, landed at Cape Haven on Aug. 3, and did not reëmbark until Sept. 13. The party led by Mr. Hugh Lee, the arctic explorer of Meriden, Conn., landed at God Haven on Aug. 7 and reembarked Sept. 7. Professor Schuchert's party, representing the National Museum, landed at Onemak on Aug. 8, reëmbarking on Sept. 4. The party led by Robert Stein was on land from Aug. 10 to Sept. 2.

KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK EXCHANGE ILLEGAL.

Judge Foster of the Federal Court Holds It to Be a Combination in Restraint of Trade and in Violation of Inter-State Commerce Law—May Knock Out All Exchanges and Boards of Trade.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—Judge C. G. Foster of the United States District Court today handed down a decision in the celebrated case against the Kansas City Live Stock Exchange, against which proceedings were instituted a year ago under the provisions of the Sherman anti-trust law. Judge Foster has decided that the exchange is operated in violation of the law, and his ruling has created a sensation in this city.

The case is an outgrowth of the Greer, Mills & Co. action against the exchange. The firm was expelled for refusing to pay a fine, and failing to secre reinstatement through the lower courts succeeded in getting the United States District Attorney to bring action under the Sherman act, with the result that the exchange is enjoined from enforcing its by-laws.

The court calls attention to the fact that the defendant association denies the existence of a combine. In determining whether a combination exists he says it is necessary to consider not only the by laws of the association but its practical workings.

Is a Combination.

Discussing this point, he says substantially: "The defendant association is located in the immediate vicinity of the Kansas City Stock-Yards, and in close connection therewith. These yards, the packing-houses, and this exchange are all situated at the gateway through which flows the great stream of commerce of several States and Territories. The defendant association is entirely voluntary in form, and does not directly require any person engaging in the live stock commission business to become a member, but it will be observed that rule 16 prohibits any member from dealing with any person violating any of the rules or regulations of the exchange or an expelled or suspended member after notice of such suspension has been issued by the Secretary or Board of Directors. In practice, as amply appears from the testimony of many witnesses, this rule shuts out all dealings and business intercourse between members and non-members of the association. It is shown beyond cavil that the entire membership of the association regards a commission merchant attempting to do business at the Kansas City Stock-Yards without joining the exchange as one violating this rule, and treats him accordingly.

"All parties engaged in the business are members of the exchange except Greer, Mills & Co., who are making a fight in the courts to maintain their business and are temporarily protected by injunction. It appears from the testimony that any person or partnership attempting to carry on business independent of the association is invited to apply for membership, and if he fails to do so or if rejected he attempts to proceed, his name is written on a blackboard kept for public use in the exchange buildings, and all members are warned against dealing with him. This admonition is strictly obeyed and such person is boycotted. The outcome is inevitable; the combined opposition of 300 men against one can produce but one result.

"Counsel for defendants have submitted for our consideration the rules of a great number of exchanges and boards of trade throughout the cities of the United States dealing in corporate stocks, grains, live stock, and various other things, and contend that they are essential, if not indispensable, to the commerce and business interests of the country, and that to grant the prayer of this bill would be the death blow of these institutions.

Exchanges Not Beneficial.

"I may be permitted to say, however, that the methods and aims of many of these exchanges and boards of trade are not altogether beneficial to the business and commerce of the country. That they are beneficial to the members and perhaps to the locality may be admitted.

"The crying complaint of today and the great menace to the welfare of the people is the tendency of wealth to monopolise and control by trusts and combines the products and industries of the country, and it must be confessed by every thoughtful observer that many of the so-called stock and produce exchanges are among the most potent instrumentalities for the accomplishment of these purposes by speculators and adventurers. Men who add nothing to the productive wealth of the country grow rich or poor by gambling on the wealth produced by others. Men are daily selling through these exchanges millions of bushels of corn, wheat, and other produce who neither have nor expect to have a bushel. Others are buying millions who never expect to receive a bushel. Both sides are tampering with the normal prices fixed by the law of supply and demand and attempting by false and dishonest means and methods to serve their ends. The courts have uniformly condemned this class of business as illegal, and though it is under the ban of the law it still flourishes. The remedy must be looked for in legislation and not in the courts alone.

Subject to Interstate Law.

"It is indisputable that all the live stock shipped to these defendants for sale from States other than Kansas or Missouri, after it has entered the current of commerce between the States, continue and remain subjects of such commerce until the transportation is terminated and the property becomes a part of the general property of the State. It is also well settled that while this property is the subject of interstate commerce no State, municipality, or other power but Congress can impose taxes, restrictions, or regulations upon it except so far as is proper in the exercise of police regulations for the protection of the health, morals, and person of the citizen, and except for proper charges and regulations for the use of local instruments as aids or incidents to such commerce, such as docks, bridges, wharves, elevators, ferries, pilotage, etc."

Just what effect the decision will have on the methods of business at the yards no one will be able to tell until the arrival of Judge Foster's order, which is expected in a few days. The question that is not clear is whether the dissolution of the exchange stands pending an appeal to a higher tribunal.

Some of the members of the exchange, who were in business here long before the exchange was established, say the dissolution of the exchange will be a severe blow to the live stock interests if it stands the tests in the higher courts.

The possible effect of Judge Foster's decision on the legal status of the Chicago Live Stock Exchange was the subject of lively speculation at the Union Stock-Yards yesterday. The two bodies had practically the same rules and a similar organization, and some of the members declared they could see no reason why one is less amenable to the anti-trust law than the other. The Chicago exchange was litigated in a case instituted before Judge Tuley by the American Live Stock Commission company. Judge Tuley, the Court of Appeals, and the Supreme Court of Illinois sustained the exchange in this controversy.

J. E. Greer of Greer, Mills & Co., who pushed the Kansas City association to the

(Continued on third page.)

BULLETIN OF
The Daily Tribune.
CHICAGO, TUESDAY, SEPT. 21, 1897.

Weather for Chicago today:
Fair; warmer.

Sun rises at 5:46; sets at 6:00.
Moon rises at 0:06 a. m.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
CHERBOURG...		Aller.
GIBRALTAR...	Ems.....	
GLASGOW.....	City of Rome...	
HAMBURG.....		Palatia.
LISBON.....		Peninsula.
NEW YORK...	Southwark.....	
QUEENSTO'N.	Catalonia.....	
SOUTH'MPTON		Stuttgart.
SOUTH'MPTON		K. W. der Grosse
SWINEMUNDE		Hekla.

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Volunteers Take a Building.

The Volunteers of America have leased the old Waverly Theater Building at West Madison and Throop streets. They will take possession on Oct. 1. Captain McLaren says the army will have the building practically reconstructed at a cost of $5,000.

EDITOR DANA A VERY SICK MAN.

Weakened by His Long and Painful Illness, He Is Becoming Disheartened.

New York, Sept. 20.—[Special.]—Charles A. Dana, the aged editor, is seriously ill at his summer home, West Island, Glen Cove. Dr. W. H. Draper and Dr. J. W. Brennan are in constant attendance.

Mr. Dana does not regain his strength as was hoped and is troubled greatly with nausea, lack of appetite, and insomnia. He suffers also from neurosis of the liver. For days he has eaten scarcely anything. Several times in the last month he has had painful attacks in the night. These have weakened him greatly. Mr. Dana has borne his long illness with fortitude. He has become somewhat disheartened, realizing that he has gained little strength.

SCARES THE KAISERS

Some One Explodes a Bomb at Buda-Pesth.

AIMED AT TWO EMPERORS

Rulers of Germany and Austria Given a Fright.

PEOPLE THROWN IN A PANIC.

Thirty Thousand Hungarians at a Mass-Meeting.

DEMAND UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

London, Sept. 20.—Dispatches from Vienna tonight, although extremely guarded in their tone, indicate that an attempt was made at Buda-Pesth today to assassinate Emperor William of Germany and Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria-Hungary. The German Emperor arrived at Buda-Pesth on a special train and was met at the depot by Emperor Francis Joseph. As the two Emperors were leaving the station in a carriage a loud explosion took place near the vehicle. A thick cloud of smoke attended the explosion. Neither of the occupants of the royal carriage was injured and neither expressed any alarm.

Little news has reached London from Vienna tonight concerning the incident.

Crowd Is Panic-Striken.

A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Vienna says that when the German Emperor and Emperor Francis Joseph were seated in their carriage and about to leave the railway station there was a sharp detonation accompanied by a thick cloud of smoke. The crowd that had assembled to see the two Emperors was very much alarmed, and broke through the military lines and swarmed around the carriage. Emperor Francis Joseph was greatly agitated, and shouted to the police to keep the people back.

No further details of the affair are given, but it is significant that the Reischswer and the Neus Wiener journals were confiscated this evening for publishing telegrams from Buda-Pesth referring to the matter. This is regarded as indicating that more happened than has been allowed to be revealed. Doubtless strenuous efforts will be made to hush the matter up.

The other correspondents of London newspapers make no mention in their dispatches of the affair.

Arrival at Buda-Pesth.

Buda-Pesth, Sept. 20.—Emperor William of Germany arrived here at 10 o'clock. He was greeted upon his arrival by Emperor Francis Joseph and his Ministers, and the Austrian Archdukes. The day was observed as a public holiday, and thousands of people filled the streets to welcome the imperial visitor.

The route to the castle, a distance of six kilometers, was magnificently decorated and spanned by arches at frequent intervals. Crowds lined the roadway, and cheered the Kaiser with great enthusiasm as he passed along. The Kaiser saluted the colossal statue of Hungaria holding aloft an olive branch, at which the multitude cheered wildly.

A mass-meeting of 30,000 workingmen was held in the city today, and after the speech-making the vast crowd formed in procession and marched through the principal streets, carrying flags, banners, etc. Placards bearing the inscription "No rights, no fatherland," and demanding universal suffrage were freely displayed.

The police made no attempt to interfere with the meeting or the parade.

SHARP FIGHTING IN INDIA.

British Troops Repulse the Afridis at Sodda After a Two Hours' Engagement.

Peshawer, Sept. 20.—Advices from Hangu say that 2,000 tribesmen on Thursday last attacked a flying column of British troops at Sodda. The fighting lasted two hours, but the British only lost two killed and had four men wounded.

The fighting at Sodda began at 11 o'clock at night in an attempt to rush the pickets, the enemy having collected unseen in the Dwarf Palm jungle and gradually inclosing the British force. The enemy fired continuously from behind rocks and heaps of stones, the darkness enabling them to rush forward, making use of the many small shelters around the place, until within twenty yards of the British.

At midnight large numbers of the tribesmen gathered together for a rush, but courage failed them, and they could be heard abusing each other for not advancing.

Quetta, Sept. 20.—The Ameer of Afghanistan has ordered that the rebel refugees from Beluchistan be refused an asylum in Afghanistan. This is expected to settle the unrest in Beluchistan and to facilitate the capture of the agitator Jaffir Khan.

DEAL IN EUROPEAN POLITICS.

Russia, Germany, France, and Austria Reach an Understanding Over Turkey.

London, Sept. 21.—The Rome correspondent of the Daily News says:

"It is learned from a high source that Germany's want of alarm over the Franco-Russian alliance is thought to be due to an existing understanding between Germany, France, and Austria about the Levant, which has been made with a view to future events leading up to changes in the Levant and which deals with their several portions in the eventual division.

"Germany finds her satisfaction in security from attack. She will thus be at leisure to develop her internal resources, postponing any dispute with grace. Efforts are making to induce Italy to join the league, which it is asserted does not look with displeasure upon the prolongation of the present situation, that leaves an opening for startling complications if considered advantageous to the four powers. So the settlement of the Cretan question will not be so quick and simple as predicted. It is asserted that Russia will propose that the Governor of Crete be a Turk."

DEFEAT FOR FRENCH TROOPS.

Two Officers and Forty-four Men Killed in an Engagement with the Africans.

Paris, Sept. 20.—It is officially announced that the troops of Chief Samory, the African chieftain, whose territory adjoins the Kingdom of Ashantee, surprised and routed on Aug. 20 a French detachment of native troops sent to occupy territory which Samory had offered to evacuate. The French lost two officers and forty-four men killed.

Italy's National Holiday.

Rome, Sept. 20.—The anniversary of the entry of the Italian troops into Rome (Sept. 20, 1870) was celebrated today throughout Italy. Floral wreaths were laid on the tomb of the late King Victor Emmanuel and on the site of the breach made in the wall where the troops of General Cadorna entered the city. The day was celebrated as a national holiday and congratulatory telegrams were received by King Humbert and the Mayor of Rome.

TO PROTECT FUR SEALS.

ENGLAND AGREES TO INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE.

State Department at Washington Publishes the Official Acceptance of the Proposals Made by Uncle Sam—Russia and Japan to Participate—London Globe Prints a Violent Attack Upon the United States, Declaring It a Fourth-Rate Power.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 20.—The State department today made public the correspondence in the Bering Sea negotiations, which were set free recently in London. The new matter is comprised in two letters, July 28 and 29 last, from Lord Salisbury and Ambassador Hay respectively. In Lord Salisbury's note is the definition from the British standpoint of the exact scope of the conference, in this language:

"I have to state that her Majesty's government is willing to agree to a meeting of experts nominated by Great Britain and Canada and by the United States, in October next, when the further investigations to be made on the islands during the present season will have been completed. The object of the meeting would be to arrive, if possible, at the correct conclusions respecting the numbers, conditions, and habits of the seals frequenting the Pribyloff Islands at the present time, as compared with the several seasons previous and subsequent to the Paris award. It seems to her Majesty's government that Washington would be the most suitable place for such a meeting."

Ambassador Hay in his reply, which is very short and is mainly a repetition of Lord Salisbury's language, calls attention to one important point that may have been overlooked by the British side or else was ignored purposely—namely: that the conference is to be international in one sense, and is not to be confined to representatives of the United States and Great Britain. On this point his letter, which closes the correspondence up to this time, says:

"It may not be out of place for me to recall to your Lordship that, as I have already had occasion to mention, the President expects the governments of Russia and Japan, powers interested in the preservation of the seal herds of Bering Sea, to be represented at the conference."

Preparing for the Conference.

General John W. Foster returned to Washington last night from his summer home near Watertown, N. Y., and immediately began arranging for the approaching international conference of seal experts in this city, which will take place some time in October. The Japanese government has just signified its assent to the invitation from the United States to send representatives to attend this conference, in recognition of Japan's interest in the North Pacific sealeries.

Definite information as to personnel of the British officials who will participate in the Bering Sea conference has not been received, but it is understood that the conferees will be Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Ambassador; Professor D'Avoy Thompson, the seal expert who went to Bering Sea for the British government; and Mr. Barrett Hamilton. It is expected, also, that Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Premier of Canada, will attend the conference.

Sneers at United States.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

London, Sept. 20.—The suggestion of the revival of negotiations for an arbitration treaty, coming on top of the soreness caused by the Bering Sea blue book, inspires the Globe to the following assertion of the beauties of the Anglo-Saxon brotherhood:

"The shuffling, violent, and insolent policy pursued toward this country at Washington demonstrates the absolute futility of arbitration." The Globe would "view with the greatest regret the prospect of war between this country and the United States," but "in her relations with England we are irresistibly reminded of a small boy relying upon the contemptuous good nature of a big fellow. America is the insignificant urchin, and the big boy who could swallow him at a mouthful is England. Lord Salisbury has treated the United States with a kindness they do not deserve, always wearing the silk glove, until America has forgotten the existence of the iron hand beneath it."

In conclusion, the Globe remarks: "The idea of our being afraid of a fourth-rate power like the United States could only have occurred to sufferers from a severe attack of swelled head. America has lost all sense of proportion, and has forgotten she plays only a minor rôle in the affairs of the world. We hope our relations with America will hereafter be distinguished by a firmer tone, as the only way to avert trouble is to make her plainly understand that we are determined not to be shouted out of our rights."

LONDON TAILORS HARD HIT.

Dingley Law Creates Consternation Among the Clothing Makers of the Great Metropolis.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

London, Sept. 20.—London tailors have been hard hit by the Dingley tariff. Travelers find the $100 limit leaves room for only two cheap suits, and many orders have been countermanded since the new tariff. Tailors are in despair over the loss of American trade, some big houses being accustomed to send travelers with samples to take orders in America. This business is killed. Some London tailors are so dignified they require letters of introduction before doing business, and only condescend to make clothes for Americans when assured the latter belong to the "400." Today they do not hesitate to express contempt for American lawmakers and common people generally. They say their American customers are above tariffs and laws, and that fashion ignores the Dingley-McKinley Congress.

The London Tailors' association will debate the Dingley bill at its next meeting, which suggests to one paper the three tailors of Tooley street. Shops along the Strand that made a display of the American eagle are taking it down. Some Americans before leaving are giving away clothes bought early in the season. Inquiries are being made on every hand as to the Dingley enforcement, ladies being especially interested about gloves.

BRITISH OFFICER IN COURT.

Captain Cruikshank Accused of Defrauding Lady Randolph Churchill and Her Friends.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

London, Sept. 20.—J. H. I. Cruikshank, a Captain in the British army, who was arrested a short time ago upon a charge of defrauding Lady Randolph Churchill, her sisters, Mrs. Moreton Frewen and Mrs. Leslie, and a number of other women of sums of money aggregating $50,000, and, after examination, remanded without bail, was again arraigned in the Bow Street Police Court today.

Another Atlantic Steamer Disabled.

London, Sept. 20.—The British steamer Yucatan, which arrived at Liverpool Sept. 18 from New Orleans, reports that when seventy miles West of Fastnet, Ireland, she passed a steamer of the Chesapeake line towing a Red Star line steamer. If a Red Star line steamer is disabled, as reported, it cannot very well apply to any other steamer of that line than the Netherland, Captain Apfeld, which sailed from Philadelphia Sept. 9 for Antwerp, and which has not yet been sighted, though she should have been in about ten days after sailing.

Earthquakes in Peru.

Lima, Peru, via Galveston, Tex., Sept. 20.—There were strong earthquake shocks here at 11:30 this morning. Great alarm was caused among the inhabitants, the majority of whom rushed out into the streets.

Gen. Miles Reaches London.

London, Sept. 20.—General Nelson A. Miles, U. S. A., Mrs. Miles, and the General's aid-de-camp arrived here today from Paris. They will make a tour of Scotland and Ireland before embarking for home.

FRANCE AND SILVER.

London Times Renews Its Former Statements.

PROPOSALS FROM PARIS.

French Premier Suggests a Ratio of 15½ to 1.

WORD TO SENATOR WOLCOTT

London, Sept. 21.—The Times in a special article dealing with the causes which led France to propose the free coinage of silver says that the French Ambassador proposed 15½ to 1 as the ratio at which France would open her mints, and then proceeds to review the bimetallic movement in France. It points out that in spite of protection the price of wheat continued to fall in France until M. Meline, in 1895, in view of the immense agricultural vote, changed front and decided that as protection had failed and a high price for wheat was necessary bimetallism must be tried. The Times continues:

"At the conference in May, in the presence of M. Loubet and of M. Magnin, he (M. Meline) said to Senator Wolcott: 'Our support will not be wanting.'

"It must be said then that what the Times hinted is absolutely correct. Politics is at the bottom of all this. It is stated in the city that France is not serious and that the Governor of the bank is aware of this. Do not let us be too sure in questioning the statements and avowals of leading French statesmen, for we shall be neither courteous nor prudent in doing so and may even be mistaken in the facts in the case."

LONDON BANKERS ARE UNEASY.

Clearing-House Association Will Discuss the Bank of England's Position on Silver.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

London, Sept. 20.—Owing to the continuance of the sensation caused by the recent letter of Mr. Hugh Smith, Governor of the Bank of England, in regard to holding one-fifth of the bank's note reserve in silver, a meeting of representatives of all banks in the clearing-house has been summoned for Wednesday next to discuss the situation. It is asserted that the bank already possesses some millions in silver. The financial editor of the Standard contends that this is impossible, so far as the issue department is concerned, and again attacks the Governor of the bank for taking what is characterized as an utterly grotesque position, which indicates, however expert a business-man Mr. Smith may be, that he is not acquainted with the bank's account.

ANDREE'S BELATED MESSAGE.

Third Pigeon Dispatch from the Polar Balloonist Reaches the Port of Hammerfest.

Copenhagen, Sept. 20.—A dispatch received here from Hammerfest, the northernmost town of Europe, in Norway, says that the whaling ship Falk has brought there the third pigeon dispatch from Professor Andree, who left the Island of Tromsoe in a balloon on July 11 last in an attempt to cross the polar regions. The message brought by the Falk reads: "July 13, 12:30 p. m., latitude 82° 2' north, longitude 12° 5' east. Good voyage eastward. All well."

New York, Sept. 20.—Evelyn B. Baldwin, the meteorologist of the Peary expedition, 1893-'94, was interviewed today regarding the latest pigeon dispatch from Andree. Mr. Baldwin said:

"This message indicates that Andree has safely crossed the 150 miles or so of open water which extends from the north coast of Spitzbergen, to the beginning of the pack ice. When Andree wrote it he was sailing over the great frozen sea which reaches continuously to and beyond the north pole. It is significant to note that Andree was going eastward, the direction he intended to take. This is a straw which helps to verify his reported safe reappearance in arctic Russia."

New York, Sept. 20.—[Special.]—Dr. Frederick A. Cook, the scientist and explorer, sailed this afternoon aboard the steamship Coleridge, bound for Rio Janiero, where he will join the Belgian expedition which is to leave that port in October for the exploration of the antarctic regions, with the ultimate hope of reaching the south pole. Dr. Cook, who goes as a member of the scientific staff, intends to return in about a year. He was surgeon of the first Peary expedition to the north pole in 1891, and later was a member of a relief party which went to the aid of that explorer.

London, Sept. 21.—A dispatch to the Times from St. Petersburg says:

"The reports that Professor Andree's balloon has been sighted in the interior of Siberia are not believed here. Captain Kovonko, the leading aeronautic expert in Russia, firmly discredits them. He asserts that if Andree ever returns it will certainly not be in midair, as the balloon could not have kept up beyond twelve days."

WAS NOT KILLED BY A MOB.

Now Believed in City of Mexico That Arroyo Was Stabbed by the Police.

Mexico City, Sept. 20.—Public interest in the alleged lynching of Arroyo continues to increase. As light begins to be thrown on the matter it is seen there is a strong probability that Arroyo was not killed by a mob of people, but by some member or members of the police itself. The government has caused the arrest of Inspector Villa-Vincencio of the Second District, suspected of being implicated in the plot. Villa-Vincencio is now in Belem Prison in solitary confinement, and all supposed lynchers, mostly street peddlers, loafers, etc., have been released, as there is no longer the slightest ground to hold them.

AN OUTBREAK IN NICARAGUA.

Political Enemies of President Zelayas Actively Collecting Men and Arms for a Revolt.

Managua, Nicaragua, Sept. 20.—An investigation into the revolutionary movement here shows that the disturbances have developed at Granada and Jinotep. Generals Paez and Alfaro, commanding the revolutionists, are reported to have passed through Jinotep yesterday, collecting money, arms, and ammunition, but it is added they only had about 200 men with them, and were going in the direction of the Pacific Ocean. President Zelayas is actively collecting and forwarding soldiers to the various departments.

Spanish Anarchist Left Behind.

New York, Sept. 20.—Captain Burley of the Ward line steamer City of Washington, which arrived today from Tampico and Havana, reports that when about to sail from Tampico José Ventre, the Spanish Anarchist, was brought to the dock by a guard of Mexican officers to be put on board the steamer for passage to New York. Captain Burley, however, refused to take the man as a passenger and the vessel sailed without him.

Duchess and Child Doing Well.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

London, Sept. 20.—A bulletin issued at Spencer House this morning says that the Duchess of Marlborough and her child are resting quietly, and both are progressing satisfactorily.

Improved Crop Prospects in Argentina.

London, Sept. 21.—A dispatch to the Times from Buenos Ayres says that the unusual cold has checked the spread of the locusts and materially improved the harvest prospects.

LAND STORES IN CUBA.

EXPEDITION SUCCEEDS IN GETTING SUPPLIES TO INSURGENTS.

Spanish Forces Attempt to Capture Them, but Get Only the Medicine Chests—In a Severe Fight on the Sugar Estate Tranquilidad a Spanish Square Was Broken Three Times and Finally Routed by the Cubans—Insurgents Capture Murias City.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

Havana, Cuba, Sept. 20.—[Copyright, 1897, by W. R. Hearst.]—A large expedition landed safely on Wednesday in the Province of Matanzas and a considerable quantity of munitions and stores reached the insurgents' camp in safety. The leader of the expedition was Manuel Coronado, who was at one time editor of La Discussion, the Havana paper that was suppressed by Weyler for its severe criticism of his actions.

The government forces got wind of the arrival of the filibusters and a gunboat was hurried to the landing place. The last boat containing medicines had just been landed when the advancing vessel was sighted. These stores were abandoned and fell into the hands of the Spaniards.

A severe fight has taken place on the sugar estate Tranquilidad, near Manzanillo, between a Spanish column led by Forredillas and insurgent cavalry under Rios. The Spaniards formed a square, which was thrice broken by fierce machete charges, but reformed. In the final charge the imperial troops were routed with a heavy loss of officers and men. Commandant Barnable was among the killed.

General Duccaci yesterday attacked Murias City, in Pinar del Rio, and drove out the troops. A large part of the place was burned. A stock of supplies fell into the insurgents' hands.

WIPING OUT AN ENTIRE CITY.

Spanish Soldiers Shoot Eight Men Each Day Without Trial and Keep Out Provisions.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

Havana, via Key West, Sept. 20.—The Spanish are gradually exterminating the population of the Town of Aguacate, Havana Province. An average of eight men are shot there every day without a trial or sentence passed on them. Many others are dying of starvation. The Spanish military commander, Don German Villaneuva, says he is acting under strict orders from General Weyler, and he pitilessly rejects all the supplications of the inhabitants, who beg him to spare their lives. The soldiers in the forts which surround El Aguacate do not permit the people to escape, as, according to a decree issued by Don German Villaneuva, every person who approaches the military lines is to be shot at once. This awful situation is aggravated by an epidemic of smallpox, which is making ravages among both the inhabitants and the Spanish soldiers.

El Aguacate, before Villanueva took command of its garrison, had about 5,000 inhabitants. Now the population is scarcely half that number.

The reformist party in Havana, composed of uncompromising Spaniards, will soon be greatly changed in personnel and principles, according to a report in circulation today. It is said it is about to receive into its ranks the Marquis of Motoro, leader of the autonomists, and his principal followers. Instead of reforms autonomy will then be advocated by the fusion. The reason of this is total disappearance of important Cuban elements in the ranks of the autonomists.

Seven hundred and eight soldiers, sick, wounded, or otherwise incapacitated, left for Spain today.

SHIPS TOBACCO FROM HAVANA.

General Weyler Compelled to Rescind His Order and Shipments Are Made to United States.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

Havana, Sept. 18.—[Copyright, 1897, by W. R. Hearst.]—General Weyler has at last been forced by the pressure exerted by the exporters of Havana to rescind his order prohibiting the exportation of tobacco from the island and during the present week several large shipments have been made. One cargo of 1,200 bales went to Tampa on Wednesday, the first lot of Cuban tobacco forwarded to that city for over a year. Today 5,000 bales were shipped direct to New York. Cigar and cigaret makers in Havana do not believe that sales can be found for the shipments made to the United States. The cost of tobacco here has risen from $25 a bale to $55 and when the export duty of $20 a hundred kilos and the cost of shipment are added a bale of tobacco will have to bring nearly $100 in New York to make the transaction profitable.

TREATY OF PEACE IS SIGNED.

Quarrel Between Turkey and Greece Is Ended and Europe Congratulates the Sultan.

Constantinople, Sept. 20.—It was officially announced today that peace between Greece and Turkey has been signed, and the Ministers of War and Marine have so notified all the Turkish military and naval commanders. Most of the European sovereigns have congratulated the Sultan upon the conclusion of peace.

New Policy for Uruguay.

Montevideo, Sept. 20.—Señor Cuestas, who assumed the Presidency of the republic ad interim on the assassination of President Borda, has issued a declaration of policy. He promises to conduct the administration with strict economy, to purge the public departments, and religiously to pay the interest on the public debt. Señor Cuestas expresses the hope that the Department of Customs will yield at least 5,000,000 francs monthly.

Want a State Monopoly on Wheat.

London, Sept. 21.—According to a dispatch from Rome to the Daily Chronicle the congress of Italian Socialists which has opened at Bologna under the Presidency of Señor Costa of the Italian Chamber of Deputies, has decided to agitate against an increase in the price of bread, and to get a bill introduced with a view of a creation of a state monopoly in wheat and bread.

Austrian Military Train Wrecked.

Vienna, Sept. 20.—A dispatch from Fiume says there was a collision last evening near Kafosvars between an express train and a freight train carrying troops. Four train hands and six soldiers were killed and thirty soldiers will probably die from the injuries received in the accident. A considerable amount of rolling stock was wrecked.

Stricken with Apoplexy.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

Rome, Sept. 20.—While Sig. Imbriani, the leader of the Socialist party in the Chamber of Deputies, was delivering an oration today at the base of the Garibaldi monument at Siena he was stricken with apoplexy. His condition is grave.

Death of Baron Farnham's Son.

London, Sept. 20.—The Hon. Barry Somerset Maxwell, the eldest son and heir of Baron Farnham, died yesterday at Castle Saunderson as the result of a bicycling accident on Tuesday last, when the young man collided with a wall. The deceased was born in 1876.

Food Is Higher in Madrid.

Madrid, Sept. 19.—The price of all kinds of food is rising steadily owing to the growing depreciation of silver and of paper currency.

Menelik Honors Prince Bismarck.

Hamburg, Sept. 20.—Prince Bismarck has received the Grand Cross of the Star of Ethiopia from King Menelik of Abyssinia.

MUST STOP THE WAR

Minister Woodford's Message to Spanish Government.

WHAT HE TOLD TETUAN.

United States Will Intervene at an Early Date.

LIMIT SAID TO BE OCTOBER.

[SPECIAL CABLE BY A. E. HOUGHTON.]

San Sebastian, Spain, via Bayonne, Sept. 20.—[Copyright, 1897, by the Press Publishing Company, New York World.]—General Woodford, the United States Minister, in his three hours' interview with the Duke of Tetuan Saturday, presented to the Spanish government no demand for the payment of money on account of American losses in Cuba. He confined himself to a very temperate statement of the great losses sustained by American commercial and industrial interests because of the long-continued war, and urged upon the Spanish government the view that it is evidently impossible for Spain to crush the rebellion within a reasonable time. He argued that even if the rebellion should be crushed by the methods hitherto adopted by General Weyler the island would be so completely devastated as to be of no further use to Spain or to the Cubans.

Insists That War Be Stopped.

General Woodford then insisted, temperately but earnestly, that the war must be brought to a speedy termination. If this were not accomplished by the end of October, the Minister said, the United States must consider themselves at liberty to do whatever they shall then deem necessary to secure complete and permanent peace in Cuba.

The Duke of Tetuan informed the Queen of what General Woodford had said, and the message surprised and pained her. She expressed her readiness to go to Madrid directly if the government considered her presence necessary to concert a reply clearly stating Spain's determination to maintain her rights in Cuba.

I met Señor Silvela, leader of the Dissident Conservatives, today. He assured me that he would unite all of the opposition, heartily support any government in resisting the American pretensions disclosed by General Woodford.

Report Sent to Paris.

Paris, Sept. 20.—A dispatch from San Sebastian to the Temps of this city says that in his interview yesterday with the Duke of Tetuan, the Spanish Minister for Foreign Affairs, the United States Minister to Spain, General Stewart L. Woodford, did not present any claim for indemnity, but confined the interview to a moderate statement of the great injuries commerce and industry had suffered in the United States through the prolongation of the Cuban war.

General Woodford is said to have added that Secretary Sherman had desired him to declare to the Spanish government that it was evidently impossible for Spain to end the rebellion in a reasonable time, and, further, that if the war was continued Cuba would be devastated and of no utility to Spain or to the Cubans.

In conclusion the United States Minister is reported to have insisted courteously but firmly upon the necessity of terminating the war, declaring that if it was not terminated by the end of October the United States would feel justified in taking measures to secure the independence of Cuba.

The Duke of Tetuan, according to the dispatch to the Temps, while protesting against the alleged American "pretensions" said he would reply officially to the United States Minister when the Spanish court returns to Madrid.

Will Not Get European Aid.

London, Sept. 21.—A dispatch to the Standard from San Sebastian says:

"The government will take its time to reply to United States Minister Woodford, and will probably lay the case before the European powers in the shape of an exhaustive exposition of the whole matter. But last year the Foreign Office ascertained that the sympathies of the powers were not likely to go beyond platonic censure of the conduct of the United States. Much anxiety is noticeable in court and official circles."

Will Solve Ministerial Crisis.

Madrid, Sept. 20.—In official circles here the greatest secrecy is maintained regarding the ultimatum of the United States, which is looked upon as bound to cause a great sensation in Europe, and to have the greatest consequences for Spain. While not intending it, it is believed the action of the United States has greatly facilitated a solution of the ministerial crisis, and that there will be a reorganization of the Conservatives under General Azcarraga, the Premier, and Don Francisco Silvella, the leader of the dissident Conservatives.

NO RASH MOVE CONTEMPLATED.

It Is Stated at Washington That Only a "Preliminary Ultimatum" Has Been Given Spain.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—"A preliminary ultimatum," is the designation applied by an official of the State department to the representations made by Minister Woodford to the Duke of Tetuan. The whole tenor of his communication was that of a frank, candid warning to Spain. While not in itself constituting an ultimatum, it clearly foreshadowed future decisive action on the part of the United States.

A cipher dispatch from Minister Woodford received last night and translated this morning, informs the State department that he had conferred with the Duke of Tetuan and carried out his instructions. He was informed by the Duke that his representations would, with all due haste, be laid before the Ministry and the Queen immediately upon the return of the court to Madrid in October, and a reply forwarded at the earliest date consistent with proper consideration.

The instructions which Minister Woodford announces have been executed were of a pacific character as viewed from the present standpoint, but bellicose in eventual possibilities. He was briefly directed to convey to the Spanish government the great desire of President McKinley and his administration that the prevailing war in Cuba should be brought to a speedy termination.

United States to Intervene.

He was told to emphasize the losses being sustained by American citizens engaged in mercantile enterprises in Cuba and lastly to intimate that unless the war could be brought to a conclusion within a reasonable future period the United States might find it necessary to take such steps as would be calculated to pacify the island, prevent further destruction of property, permit the full resumption of business, and subserve the best interests of humanity.

These are the representations which Minister Woodford, in courteous and diplomatic language, laid before the Duke of Tetuan. Similar communications have been received before and the reception of such a communication could not have been entirely unexpected.

The officials of the State department do not regard the representations made by Minister Woodford as constituting a peremptory ultimatum, but as rather partaking of the nature of a decisive warning. So familiar have these officials become with the methods pursued by the Spanish Foreign Office that they can easily surmise the reply given by the Duke of Tetuan to have been that Spain is equally anxious to have the war in Cuba ended and that every effort is being made to accomplish that end.

It is further predicted that in due course of time a formal reply will be received to the effect that the wishes of the United States have been fully considered and that the government of Spain is able to advance assurances that the Island of Cuba will be pronounced as completely pacified by Feb. 1, or some other conveniently remote date. With such a reply it will be impossible for the President to make additional representations of a more definite character until the period suggested by Spain has elapsed. Courtesy and diplomacy will require that Spain be given the requested or designated time in which to subdue the rebellion. But when that stipulated time shall have expired, then the administration will be in a position to call the attention of Spain to the fact that all reasonable opportunities had been allowed for the subjugation of her rebellious colonists, and that the intervention of this government can no longer be deferred.

It is clearly pointed out here that Minister Woodford could not have fixed a time limit for the temination of the war, either early or late in October. It is inferred that the date designated by the Duke of Tetuan for the return of the Spanish court to Madrid must have been mistaken for the period fixed by the Minister by which the war must be concluded.

Must Have Time to Reply.

It is always customary before the deliverance of an ultimatum that the government in fault be given reasonable time in which to make a reply and state the case in its own defense. There are but few instances on record when a definition has been made of what constitutes a reasonable time. The only recent illustration was the action of Secretary Olney during the correspondence regarding the Mora claim, when he construed sixty days to be a reasonable time within the meaning of diplomatic usages.

So pacific were the instructions given Minister Woodford that they were approved by the Cabinet, six of the members being known as extremely conservative on the Cuban question. When the President was outlining the representations he desired to have placed before the Spanish government Secretaries Gage, Sherman, Alger, and Bliss, all millionaires, and largely interested in commercial enterprises, did not consider them too radical, or in any way calculated to precipitate a crisis. These officers united in the belief that the government of Spain could not take serious offense at the very temperate views entertained by the administration that the war was proving disastrous to American business interests, and it was the sense of this government that it should be brought to a close. So conservative did they consider the course adopted by the President that they have since ridiculed the idea that a rupture is imminent between the United States and Spain.

Think War Impossible.

These four Cabinet officers, with Secretary Long, who represents a section of the country strongly opposed to war, have during the last month steadfastly maintained that the policy of the administration to Cuba does not even involve the possibility of an armed controversy with Spain. They have declared that nothing is sought at this time but to afford opportunities for the revival of business and the restoration of confidence and prosperity. These, in their opinion, would all be hazarded by any action which could be construed as inviting a crisis.

So impressed have the members of the Cabinet been with the temperate character of the instructions given Minister Woodford that it is practically impossible to convince higher official circles here that the delivery to the Spanish government of Minister Woodford's message can either now or in the immediate future produce serious international complications or result in an ultimatum.

Discussed by the Cabinet.

The cablegram received from Minister Woodford was at once laid before the President, who more fully than his immediate advisers appreciated its importance. It was made the basis of a serious discussion tonight at the Executive Mansion. Secretary Alger, the most trusted of the President's official family, Attorney General McKenna, and Assistant Secretary Day were invited to dine with the President. Later, they divided their earnest attention between the Cuban situation in its new phase and the opinion being prepared by the Attorney General regarding the imposition of discriminating duties on bonded goods. This conference was held in order that Assistant Secretary Day, who is charged with the transaction of all diplomatic matters relating to Spain, may be the better fortified for any emergency that might arise during the President's absence in Massachusetts.

From this conference it may be inferred that while the plans adopted by the President for restoring peace in Cuba are of the most temperate and conservative character, it is his intention to secure their consummation by the maintenance of a firm and unyielding attitude.

Sherman Refuses to Talk.

When Secretary Sherman was tonight shown the cable advices from Madrid and Paris he protested that he knew absolutely nothing about the matter. He refused to affirm or deny reports as to the character of the instructions given Minister Woodford, and said it did not necessarily follow that he was cognizant of their nature. He solemnly affirmed that he was ignorant of the contents of Minister Woodford's cablegram announcing the execution of his instructions.

"But if I knew all these things," said Secretary Sherman, "I would not say one word about them. I will not be drawn into a discussion of matters involving the relations of this government with a foreign nation."

First Assistant Secretary Day remained at the Executive Mansion until a late hour. He refused to express any opinion concerning the information cabled from Madrid further than to intimate that the word "ultimatum" was a misnomer as applied to the representation made by Minister Woodford.

WILL INVESTIGATE FAILURES.

Credit Men Form a Plan to Prosecute Criminally Merchants Guilty of Fraud.

New York, Sept. 20.—The members of the Council of Administration of the National Association of Credit Men met here today behind closed doors. One of the subjects considered was a suggestion to form a branch of the association to investigate failures where fraud is suspected and to prosecute the guilty parties criminally. The following was unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, That the plan of dealing with suspicious failures presented is approved, and the board recommends that the proposition contained therein to select legal correspondents throughout the United States to act in conjunction with some well-known detective agency in investigating such failures be especially emphasized in carrying out such a plan."

Secretary Boocock also said that on the request of five members a suspicious failure would be investigated, and, if found fraudulent, and thought advisable, the guilty parties would be prosecuted criminally by the national association. Mr. Boocock said that there would be a committee of thirty scattered all over the country, principally in the large business centers, which would act in conjunction with the investigating committees of the twenty-two local associations.

BEN BUTTERWORTH HELD UP.

He Makes a Stubborn Resistance and One of the Thugs Is Caught by the Police.

Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—Former Congressman Ben Butterworth of Ohio was made the victim of a gang of thugs here tonight.

He is nearly 60 years of age, but retains an astonishing amount of vigor, and made a fight with the robbers. To that circumstance is largely due the fact that one of his assailants is in custody. Mr. Butterworth was "held up" for purposes of robbery. He had a large sum of money with him, but after making a stubborn resistance to the highwaymen the arrival of the police put the ruffians to flight.

The man who was caught was identified by Mr. Butterworth as one of his assailants and is known to the police. The ex-Congressman was fortunately not seriously hurt in the encounter, but his face is badly bruised and cut.

$9.00 ONLY $9.00

Excursion to Niagara Falls, Ont., Account Opening of the Grand Trunk new single arch, double track, steel bridge, Sept. 23, 24, and 25.

Three days' free open air entertainment. Illumination of the bridge and falls and magnificent pyrotechnical display under direction of Professor Pain of New York.

Tickets on sale Sept. 22 and 23; good for return until Sept. 27, 1897.

For information as to reservations, etc., apply to L. R. Morrow, C. P. and T. A., 103 Clark street.

HE TIES THE TIGER.

Chief Kipley's Band on Craps and Slot Machines.

STUD POKER TO GO ALSO.

Says These Are Vices Which Lead the Young Astray.

SOME QUESTION HIS MOTIVE.

The gamblers were idle last night for the first time in many weeks. Chief of Police Kipley issued a mandatory order at 2 p. m. to close all crap games and to remove all slot machines from saloons and public places. The Chief gave as his reason for the order the belief that slot machines and crap games tended to lead young men astray.

Whatever the occasion for the order, its enforcement was effective, so far as crap games were concerned. They were shut up tight. Some slot machines were still in operation throughout the evening, but there was a "depression" in that line of industry also.

The order which worked this lightning transformation was written and formal. Two hours later a verbal order emanated from Chief Kipley shutting down all games of chance. This secondary command had the effect of suspending all stud and public draw poker games in the down-town district, but beyond Twenty-second street no attention was paid to it.

Chief's Motive.

As to the motive prompting the Chief's order there was much speculation among those who overlooked the "leading-the-young-men-astray" explanation. Knowing ones among the gamblers said the Chief's conscience had been pricked by the knowledge that members of the Civic federation had sworn out 400 warrants against the gamblers and that the writs had been placed in the hands of Detective Matt Pinkerton.

They said the Chief was further perturbed by the fact that the Civic federation had prepared a mass of evidence against gambling-house keepers which would be placed before the present grand jury.

The fact that Charles G. Dawes of Evanston is foreman of that body, and John J. Badenoch, ex-Chief of Police, one of its members, did not add to the Chief's peace of mind. Badenoch's disapproval of public gambling was shown by his action when in charge of the Police department by his closing all public gambling-houses and keeping them closed during his term of office.

These facts, the gamblers say, led Chief Kipley to take summary action. His inspectors were called to his office yesterday and given instructions to close the crap games and order the removal of the slot machines.

All Games Shut Down.

The doors of the gambling-house at 311 Clark street, which have been open under all administrations for years, were barred last night, and no games of any kind were allowed. In two or three of the other houses a few dealers were passing away the time playing whist, but no money was in sight.

In houses south of Twenty-second street a little more latitude was allowed. Stud and draw poker were played, but the crap games were closed.

The instructions regarding slot machines were mentioned in a general order to inspectors and Captains, which, after quoting the State statutes on the subject, concluded as follows:

The law is very explicit and direct concerning this matter, and you are hereby ordered to see that the same is rigidly and absolutely enforced.

Commanding officers will be held strictly responsible for the enforcement of this law, and you will see that all slot machines are removed from all places in your respective precincts.

JOSEPH KIPLEY, General Superintendent.

In the up-town district a number of the slot machines were removed, and it was said others would be taken out today. In the levee district, however, little attention was paid to the order, and the machines were running as usual. Inspector Hartnett said he had sent men through the district to notify all keepers of slot machines to remove the devices.

"If the order is not complied with today," said the Inspector, "I will have warrants sworn out for all machines and arrest the keepers."

When Mayor Harrison was asked concerning the orders he said he knew nothing about them.

"Superintendent Kipley is simply carrying out my general instructions to stop gambling, however, I suppose," he remarked.

The Mayor then went on to say he did not regard it practicable to stop poker and hand-book betting, but he was confident there was no open faro or roulette games in Chicago, and he knew of no poolrooms.

Chief Kipley Explains.

Superintendent Kipley's explanation, however, was craps was a pernicious game, while slot machines were calculated to lead young men astray and so, in the interest of good morals, he had decided to prohibit them both.

"I am opposed to all gambling," said the Superintendent, "and especially to that form of the vice called craps. The game is likely to lead young men astray, and so I have decided to prohibit it. Slot machines teach boys to gamble and they must go, too. As for poker the men who play it are beyond redemption and there is no special harm in a quiet game, anyhow."

There is nothing to show how long these orders are to remain in force, but the Superintendent declares they go for all time.

HELP FOR HUNGRY KLONDIKERS.

Alaska Companies May Be Able to Forward Supplies to Dawson City Without Federal Aid.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 20.—Secretary Alger spent some time this morning in conference with President Weare and Michael Cudahy of the Alaska Transportation and Trading company at his office in the War department. They announced their intention to make every effort to get as much of the supplies at St. Michael's up the Yukon as possible, and it is expected that three more steamers can be run up before the river closes entirely to navigation.

Mr. Weare reported that the steamer Humboldt will be ready to sail from Seattle for St. Michael's next Thursday, so Secretary Alger called a consultation of the bureau officers of the War department to hasten the preparations for the equipment of the troops who are to go forward to Alaska on that vessel.

BUILD A RAILWAY TO ALASKA.

Material Purchased for a Narrow Gauge System from Skaguay to Lake Bennett.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 20.—New York and Seattle men have subscribed the capital necessary to build a narrow gauge railway from Skaguay over the White Pass to Lake Bennett. In the syndicate are ex-Senator Watson Squire of this city, Senator John P. Jones of Nevada, and James A. McNaught, formerly general counsel of the North Pacific railroad. The material of construction has already been purchased, and right of way has been secured from the government and filed with the Secretary of the Interior. It is the intention to bill passengers and freight through from Seattle to Lake Bennett. It is expected to have the road ready for operation by May 1.

Sir John Evans in Chicago.

Sir John Evans, the eminent British scientist, President of the British Society for the Advancement of Science, is in Chicago, accompanied by Lady Evans. They are stopping at the Virginia Hotel. Sir John is touring the United States after his visit to Toronto, where his address on prehistoric man was the feature of the meeting. He expects to remain in the city for several days, and to see something of this country before his return.

COURT RULE ON

Judge Jackson Makes
junction Perman

LABOR MEN NOT PR

Public Criticisms of t
Are Answered.

SOUND LAW AND J

De Armit Hires a Band to
Coal Diggers.

OHIO OPERATORS NOW I

Wheeling, W. Va., Sept. 20.—
of interest in the opening se
September court of the United
for the District of West Virg
application of ex-Governor A
of Fairmont to make the injun
Eugene V. Debs and others pe
Governor was acting for his
Monongah Coal company, and,
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the injunction was made perpe
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nothing excepting exactly tha
required.
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and was done in a proper ca
property of the plaintiffs, whi
conceives to be its duty, jus
protect the rights of the defe
proper exercise of all their pr
the constitution."

RUNNING FIGHT WITH S

Detective Bassett Has a T
perience in Rescuing Ma
tractors from a Mo

Waterford, Me., Sept. 20.
State Detective Albert P. Ba
Italians were wounded last
rescue of the Boston contracto
oners by the 225 striking Italia
Detective Bassett's experience
thrilling one. He had a runnin
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More than 100 shots were exch
the air was full of knives, clubs
The strikers repeatedly threa
Contractor Davis if they were
morning. The rescue was by
detectives visiting the prison a
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their carriage. The Italians
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horses quickly distanced them
later 225 frenzied Italians sur
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swinging an ax, and struck at t
head with all his strength. B
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Judge Foster of the Supren
take steps to order out the N
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trouble.

MINERS' WIVES FACE

Soldiers at Lattimer Compe
Riotous Women Away
the Coal Mines

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 20.—T
raid at Lattimer occurred sh
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women, armed with clubs and
ed into three companies and m
mines. Signals were given
the sentries of the culm bank
three companies of the Th
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women outflanked the soldie
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reached them.
Missiles were flying throug
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The soldiers then lined up sho
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crowd back until it disperse
an attack on the company
pelled in the same way. Jo
Hungarian, who threw a heav
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a weapon, was arrested.
A body of miners from Butl
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partially successful.
The court issued warrants
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The information upon which
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Martin this afternoon. It
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tomorrow afternoon.
Twelve hundred men, half o
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Hazle mines of the Lehigh V
are tonight considering the
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do so. Nearly 5,000 strikers
or will do so tomorrow, and a
that number are still out, w
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promises an early settlemen
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Bellaire Steel Plan

Bellaire, O., Sept. 20.—[Sp
two months' shut-down and
a million dollars for the ere
furnace, steel plant, and
Bellaire Steel company he
plant today, giving emplo
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Strike of Lasters

Brockton, Mass., Sept. 21.
of lasters is settled and it
victory for the strikers.

COURT RULE ON DEBS

Judge Jackson Makes His Injunction Permanent.

LABOR MEN NOT PRESENT.

Public Criticisms of the Order Are Answered.

SOUND LAW AND JUSTICE.

De Armit Hires a Band to Cheer His Coal Diggers.

OHIO OPERATORS NOW IN SESSION.

Wheeling, W. Va., Sept. 20.—The feature of interest in the opening session of the September court of the United States Court for the District of West Virginia was the application of ex-Governor A. B. Fleming of Fairmont to make the injunction against Eugene V. Debs and others perpetual. The Governor was acting for his client, the Monongah Coal company, and, as there was no appearance for any of the defendants, the injunction was made perpetual. In the course of his remarks in making this decision Judge Jackson said that if a like case were presented to him now he would make the same kind of an order he had made at Parkersburg, where the temporary injunction was issued recently. Continuing, he said:

"There have been some public strictures that I know are due to the fact that the order made in these cases was not understood. This decision is founded on good law, good morals, and justice. Near 200 years ago courts of equity in England issued restraining orders to protect the citizen in his right of property. There is no reason why the rights of property-owners should not be protected by the courts. These owners invested large sums of money in their plant at Monongah, and the bill for injunction alleged the defendants were about to do things that would lessen the value of the property and possibly destroy it. The law is that where an injury is threatened to which the law affords no adequate remedy, then the court of equity interferes to prevent the injury, and this is such a case. The injunction abridged no right of the miners, did not interfere with the right of free speech, and was a carefully prepared and well considered order.

"I instructed my officers, in taking that injunction to serve it, to stand behind it like the soldier behind the fortress, but to keep within the lines of the injunction and not to extend or step beyond it, and to do nothing excepting exactly that which was required.

"This order was not an innovation. It is an application of what I consider good law, and was done in a proper case to protect property of the plaintiffs, which the court conceives to be its duty, just as it would protect the rights of the defendants in the proper exercise of all their privileges under the constitution."

RUNNING FIGHT WITH STRIKERS.

Detective Bassett Has a Thrilling Experience in Rescuing Maine Contractors from a Mob.

Waterford, Me., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—State Detective Albert P. Bassett and six Italians were wounded last night in the rescue of the Boston contractors held prisoners by the 225 striking Italians.

Detective Bassett's experience was a most thrilling one. He had a running fight for almost a mile with the 200 enraged Italians. More than 100 shots were exchanged, while the air was full of knives, clubs, and stones.

The strikers repeatedly threatened to kill Contractor Davis if they were not paid this morning. The rescue was by strategy, the detectives visiting the prison as friends, and the prisoners making a desperate dash for their carriage. The Italians pursued the wagons, shouting and shooting, but the horses quickly distanced them. An instant later 225 frenzied Italians surrounded Bassett. One of them rushed through the crowd swinging an ax, and struck at the detective's head with all his strength. Bassett dodged the blow, and the ax flew from his assailant's hands, making for an instant an opening through the angry mob. Bassett ran for his life, and emptied his revolver at the crowd as he ran. His wounds are not dangerous.

Judge Foster of the Supreme Court will take steps to order out the National Guard company at Norway if there is any more trouble.

MINERS' WIVES FACE TROOPS.

Soldiers at Lattimer Compelled to Drive Riotous Women Away from the Coal Mines.

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 20.—The threatened raid at Lattimer occurred shortly after 10 o'clock this morning. About 150 Italian women, armed with clubs and stones, divided into three companies and marched on the mines. Signals were given the camp by the sentries of the culm bank station, and three companies of the Thirteenth were sent over, under Major Whitney. The women outflanked the soldiers by rounding another culm bank, and were within twenty feet of the engine-house before the troops reached them.

Missiles were flying through the air, and the rabble ignored the command to retreat. The soldiers then lined up shoulder to shoulder and, with guns presented, pushed the crowd back until it dispersed. Meanwhile an attack on the company store was repelled in the same way. John Tomaso, a Hungarian, who threw a heavy piece of iron to one of the women and told her to use it as a weapon, was arrested.

A body of miners from Butler Valley came over to Lattimer to work this morning, but was compelled to go back by a band of strikers at the points of revolvers. An attempt to resume at Pardee's mine was only partially successful.

The court issued warrants today for the arrest of Sheriff Martin and his deputies. The information upon which the warrants were issued was made by County Detective Eckert. The defendants will have to appear in court tomorrow afternoon for a hearing. The warrant was served on Sheriff Martin this afternoon. It is expected to have at least thirty of the deputies in court tomorrow afternoon.

Twelve hundred men, half of the full complement, returned to work at the Honeybrook collieries of the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre company, while the Cranberry, Crystal Ridge, and Harwood collieries of the same company and Coxe's collieries in the Drifton district remained at work. The latter were to have settled the question of strike today, but at the request of the operators held off until next Thursday. The employés of the Hazle mines of the Lehigh Valley company are tonight considering the question of returning in the morning, and will probably do so. Nearly 5,000 strikers have returned, or will do so tomorrow, and a little less than that number are still out, with indications in favor of their joining the workers. This promises an early settlement of the strike here.

Bellaire Steel Plant Starts.

Bellaire, O., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—After a two months' shut-down and expending half a million dollars for the erection of a blast furnace, steel plant, and plate mill, the Bellaire Steel company here started the plant today, giving employment to 500 men.

Strike of Lasters Ended.

Brockton, Mass., Sept. 21.—The big strike of lasters is settled and it is apparently a victory for the strikers.

COAL MEN IN SESSION.

ILLINOIS STRIKERS HOLDING A CONFERENCE AT SPRINGFIELD.

Demand the Scale of Wages Agreed On in August and Approved by the National Board—Operators Ask the Men to Observe the Old Agreement, Which Runs Until Next May—Companies Not Largely Represented at the Convention.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—Nothing was accomplished by the State miners' convention held here today. The convention was in session scarcely an hour, the remainder of the time being given up to committee work.

The Scale committee was in session tonight. It will submit a report in the morning. It is understood that the committee will decide upon the scale adopted at the convention held here in August. This is the same scale as demanded by the National Executive board.

Committees Appointed.

The convention was called to order at 10 o'clock by State President Carson. On motion an adjournment was taken until 11:30 to give the Credentials committee time to prepare a report. At that hour the convention was again called to order and committees on resolutions and scale of prices were named, as follows:

Resolutions—William Smuthers, Virden; George Brown, Kangley; R. Wilson, Clark City; William Norbury, Belleville; W. F. Morris, Duquoin; Frank McGurk, Springfield; James Henderson, Coal City; W. R. Russell, Danville; Alexander Sutte, Streator; Patrick K. Hardin, Lincoln; James Fitzgerald, Bloomington; John Ferris, La Salle; H. Smith, Pana; John Wilson, Peoria; J. H. Englis, Sherrod.

Scale—James Redford, P. J. Kelnan, John Mitchell, John Wilson, Hugh Ferguson, John Stratton, W. F. McLean, John Hernon, Edward Howl, Bernard Murphy, George Davis, John Belger, Peter Wheelan, William Weisgerber, James M. Page, John Green, William Harburry, Jacob Stanley, James Boston, Thomas Gallagher, James Fitzgerald, James Monick, Harry Compton, and David Williamson.

Operators in Attendance.

An adjournment was then taken until 2 o'clock in the afternoon. At that hour the convention reassembled and additional delegates from points in the Southern fields reported their presence. Four operators met with the convention in the afternoon. They were: J. W. Vance, Springfield, operator for the Pleasant Plains coal mine; Randolph Smith of the East Bressel mine, in the Belleville district; Vandter Onener, of the Humboldt Coal company, in the Belleville district; and Henry H. Voge of the Staunton mines. The operators say that while they have no objection to meeting the miners, they do not see that it would do any good, as their position is fully understood. The operators deny responsibility for the present low scale of wages, but say that the miners should work at the existing scale until the agreement ends next May.

Figures for the Main Fields.

It is given out that the new prices in the big fields are: Streator, big vein, 48 cents; La Salle, third vein, 65¼ cents; Wilmington, 70¼ cents; Springfield, Nape Creek, and Belleville, 37 7-10 cents. This is unofficial.

Charles Devlin's statement in regard to rumors that Illinois officials are about to betray the miners is treated lightly here. One of the officials stated that Mr. Devlin started the report himself.

OPERATORS STATE THEIR CASE.

They Point Out That the Miners of Illinois Have Broken an Agreement Which Runs Until Next May.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—President James Carson of the United Mine Workers of Illinois has received the following letter from the representatives of the mine owners of northern Illinois:

Chicago, Sept. 16.—Mr. James Carson, President, United Mine Workers of Illinois, Springfield, Ill.—Dear Sir: The mineowners of the district known as Northern Illinois have been invited to attend a conference of miners and mineowners at Springfield, Ill., on Sept. 20, for the purpose of rearranging the scale of mining wages throughout the entire State. The mineowners of this district are of the unanimous opinion that they cannot fairly or justly be asked to take part in any such rearrangement, and that it can do no possible good for them to attend such a meeting at this time.

Our reasons for adopting this position are well known to you, but will bear repetition. For several years previous to May 1, 1897, the mineowners of Northern Illinois had worked diligently in coöperation with the miners, to maintain the old established scale of wages in Illinois and Indiana. The miners' organization entirely failed to control the scale of wages elsewhere, although in Northern Illinois the mineowners faithfully carried out their agreement to pay the established scale. This policy resulted in a constant and very great loss of tonnage to the northern Illinois mines, and it became especially evident during the year preceding May 1 last that the wage scale of northern Illinois must be readjusted or the loss of business would not only become permanent but be still greater. The business which the northern Illinois mines lost went mainly to the mines in Indiana and eastern, central, and southern Illinois, all of which were working below the former agreed scales.

Conferences were therefore held between representatives of the miners and of the mineowners, prior to the May settlement, at which these facts were all discussed and clearly set forth to the miners by their accredited representatives. They admitted the truth of these statements and agreed that the wage scale of northern Illinois should be readjusted to enable the mineowners to protect their present business, and if possible regain the business theretofore lost. Accordingly a scale of wages for the year ending May 1, 1898, was presented by the mineowners to the miners' representatives, and by them presented to the miners themselves for ratification and acceptance. After several weeks' deliberation the miners accepted this scale and made contracts with their employers for the maintenance of the scale until May 1, 1898. They then returned to work and continued to work until called out to take part in the national suspension of July 4. Between the time they returned to work and July 4 the mineowners, with the knowledge and approval of the miners, entered into large contracts with consumers of coal to supply coal at prices therein fixed until May 1, 1898. These contracts were based upon the scale of wages which had been agreed to with the men, and contained no provision for advance in the price of mining, and should any advance be made therein it will have to come entirely out of the pocket of the mineowner.

We repudiate any responsibility for the present low basis of mining wages. We have repeatedly stated our position to you or your predecessors and have acted in consonance with that position. We are still willing to maintain that position at the beginning of any scale year when you have demonstrated your ability to bring into conference all the competitive mining interests throughout the States of Illinois and Indiana; but it should be evident to all reasonable men that once having contracted with your constituents, and on the faith thereof having legally bound ourselves for the delivery of large quantities of coal during the period concurrent with the agreement on mining wages, we cannot and ought not to be expected to do otherwise than rely upon the faithful discharge of the miners' contracts.

We favor, and will attend, a joint conference of the competitive mining interests of Illinois and Indiana with the miners' representatives at any time after the resumption of mining under the present contracts. Such a conference should be held a sufficient length of time prior to May 1, 1898, to give ample time to prepare for the maintenance of any scale of wages which may be agreed upon for the year then ensuing; and we will agree to any fair, relative scale which may be arrived at by any such conference, to which our principal competitors are parties. Yours truly,

A. L. SWEET, Chairman.
E. T. BENT, Secretary.

PLANS TO AID ILLINOIS MINERS.

Session of the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor at Washington.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 20.—The Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor is holding a meeting in this city, which will continue for some days. There were present at today's session President Samuel Gompers, Vice Presidents P. J. McGuire, James Duncan, James O'Connell, M. M. Garland, and Secretary Morrison. Treasurer John B. Lennon was absent, owing to the death of his father at Denver.

President M. D. Ratchford of the United Mine Workers of America and Cameron Miller of the Executive board of the latter organization were in conference with the Executive Council with a view of determining what can be done financially and otherwise to help the miners of West Virginia and Illinois, to whom have not been accorded the wage scale as agreed upon at the Columbus convention.

Frank J. Weber, one of the organizers of the federation, who has been in West Virginia, came in during the meeting for the purpose of making a report and stated that the Kanawha and New River districts are completely tied up.

FIGHTING THE PEST.

Health Officials Report a New Fever Case at Cairo.

METHODS OF QUARANTINE

Travelers from Affected States Are Restricted.

REFUGEES GO TO ST. LOUIS.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—Governor Tanner today received the following telegram from Dr. J. A. Egan, Secretary of the State Board of Health, now at Cairo, informing him of one new case of yellow fever in that city:

"Issued quarantine order published this morning after consultation with Dr. Guiteras as a precautionary measure. One new case this morning, properly quarantined; no danger of spreading. Other cases recovering. Very little excitement here. Kentucky coöperating and taking charge of suspicious cases at East Cairo."

Chief Clerk Ryan of the State Board of Health today received the following telegram from Dr. Egan:

"Until further orders no passengers from Louisiana, Alabama, or Mississippi, nor railroad employés accompanying the same, will be permitted to leave trains at any point in the State of Illinois south of the line of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern, running from East St. Louis on the west to Vincennes, Ind., on the east.

"This prohibition applies also to passengers from other States who are transported in cars with those from Mississippi, Alabama, and Louisiana, and all passengers from the States mentioned and East Cairo, Ky., must not be carried to any point in Illinois, Chicago excepted, north of the line of the Baltimore and Ohio, above referred to, unless provided with clean bills of health, signed by authorized national, State, or municipal health officers.

"All cars in which passengers from infected districts are carried must be thoroughly disinfected at the terminal points by means of sulphur or formuldenyde."

Cairo, Ill., Sept. 20.—The two fever patients are getting better at the Marine Hospital. Another case is reported at the dredge boat at East Cairo, Ky. A strict quarantine has been established against all infected points.

BAD REPORT FROM NEW ORLEANS

Eighteen New Cases and a Further Spread Probable Owing to a Physician's Neglect.

New Orleans, La., Sept. 20.—The largest number of cases reported on any day since yellow fever first made its appearance in New Orleans two weeks ago was recorded this evening, although not a single case had proven fatal during the day. There were eighteen cases in all, as follows:

Sophie Ricard, 1436 Date street; E. C. Ray, Lucius Ray, Catherine Ray, and Clinton S. Dixon, all at 2912 Prytania street; Andrew Schloner, 848 Perdas street; James C. Simpson, Pitts street, corner Leontine; Lizzie Nussbaum, 1300 Galve street; Charles M. Kerr and Frank M. Kerr, 831 Bourbon street; Miss L. A. Phelps, 1114 Sonlat street; W. A. Mills, 5964 Patton street; Maggie Custer, 1120 Gainnie street; Mrs. E. Lyons, 1114 Soniat street; Bishop Helman, 337 Barronne street; Hazel Fisher, Millandon and Pearl streets; Loeb Leberman, Tuoro Infirmary; Salvadore Casinor, 1423 Charles street.

The most sensational incident of the day was the announcement from Dr. Joseph Holt, expressed to the Board of Health, that he had discovered nine cases among his practice, the first of which had come under his observation on Friday.

Inspectors were sent to the various houses where Dr. Holt reported sickness to exist. The places were all disinfected and guards placed in front of them, but the board said it had very little hope of the effectiveness of these measures, since all those who desired were given an opportunity to escape from the infected houses. One of the houses where four of the patients are is a fashionable boarding-house. The first case to develop in this house was at 2:30 on Saturday morning, and the other cases in the same house were noted on Saturday afternoon. Those living in the house got out of the house as fast as possible. Some of them moved their baggage on Saturday and others on Sunday, while it is said some of the boarders took a train and went to Atlanta. Shortly after the Board of Health was made acquainted with the contents of the letter of Dr. Holt it held an executive conference and decided to immediately order its board of experts to visit the nine cases of Dr. Holt and decide whether or not they were suffering with yellow fever. The experts attempted to carry out the instructions of the board this afternoon, but when they proceeded to the first house Dr. Holt entered an objection, and refused them permission to examine any of his patients, taking the position that he had properly diagnosed them, and that being an expert himself there was no occasion for further investigation. After the experts made their report the Board of Health went into executive session and discussed at length what was termed Dr. Holt's violation of a city ordinance which he had himself had passed, and which provides for the punishment by fine and imprisonment of any physician who might fail to report a positive or suspected case of yellow fever in a period like the present. The question of the immediate prosecution of Dr. Holt was raised.

MAIL SERVICE IS PARALYZED.

Mississippi Health Officials Refuse to Permit Sacks to Be Carried, Even if Fumigated.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 20.—The Post-office department has received information that the Mississippi State Board of Health has quarantined all mails from the infected districts of that State and refuses to permit them to be dispatched to their destinations even if fumigated.

The War department has authorized the Collector of Customs at Mobile to use the government reservation at the mouth of the harbor there during the prevalence of yellow fever. General Wilson, Chief of Engineers, has authorized Major Willard, the United States engineer officer at Vicksburg, to transfer his office temporarily to St. Louis.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—The City Council has taken the unusual action of providing a penalty of sixty days in the chain gang for anybody who falsely reports or circulates rumors of yellow fever. The mail service of the South is paralyzed by the yellow fever scare. Hundreds of refugees are arriving.

Scranton reports fifteen new cases; no deaths. Biloxi reports one death. There are fifty-four cases at Edwards, Miss., several new ones having appeared today.

FEVER REFUGEES AT ST. LOUIS.

Two Hundred Railroad Employes with Their Families Leave Mobile and Many Others Come Northward.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 20.—Two special trains which left Mobile, Ala., today are expected to reach here Tuesday morning. On the trains are the clerks and other employés in the general offices of the Mobile and Ohio railroad at Mobile, with their wives and families. The employés number about 200, and they with their families make a total of 1,000 persons, who will remain here until the frost kills the yellow fever germs in the South. Temporary headquarters of the road have been opened up here by Acting President E. L. Russell and General Auditor R. V. Taylor, who have been in the city several days.

Refugees continue to pour in from the South, every train yesterday and today being crowded. A dozen men in the respectable walks of life in Mobile came in on the trucks of today's trains over the Mobile and Ohio road. They were too poor to get out of town in any other way. Among the prominent people from Mobile is Judge O. J. Semmes.

SAYS IT IS J. L. KESNER

MANGLER GIVES ALLEGED BRIBER'S NAME TO GRAND JURY.

Accuses the Manager of the Fair Store — Testifies Without the Knowledge of His Attorneys, Levy and Isaac Mayer—Sheds Tears on the Stand—Details Bids for His Vote for General Electric—Confession Is Spurred by Friends.

(Continued from first page.)

to do with such a deal. I had always kept my hands clean before, and I came to the conclusion that I had better remain in the honest minority of the Council.

"The ordinance was to come up before the Council the next evening. On Monday morning I received a note from Kesner, which was brought by the errand boy, Eddie Kehm. Kesner told me to come over to the Fair at once as he wanted to see me. I made no reply to the note. At 2 o'clock he sent another note by the same boy, and I paid no attention to it. A third note came at 4 o'clock, and I did not answer it. Then came A. F. Brockman, who has charge of the hardware department in the Fair. He had been sent by Kesner to try and get me over there to see him. Brockman says to me: 'What in the devil is the matter with Kesner? He has been prancing up and down in front of my office all day. He seems to be terribly anxious about something.'

"'I know what is the matter,' I said to Brockman. 'Kesner has been trying to bribe me to vote for the General Electric ordinance. Well, you go back and tell him that my opinion of him is that he is a —— —— ——, and that I don't intend to vote for his ordinance or take any of his dirty money.'

Raises Bid to $2,000.

"Brockman then went away, and five minutes after 6 o'clock I received a telephone message from Kesner. He called me up, and after asking what was the matter with me raised the bid to $2,000. I told him 'no,' and that ended the matter as far as the voting part was concerned.

"That same day I had taken dinner with Mayor Harrison, and he had remarked to me that he was counting on my support that night to help kill the bill. It was then I made the unfortunate remark about the money proposition having been made to me. That was what started the whole thing.

"I had both of the small boys brought over, as I did not know which one delivered the notes to me until I got a look at him. I have these notes and the marked copies of the ordinances, which will be presented to the grand jury. Brockman and Vogelsang will also be witnesses. Vogelsang was in the saloon when Kesner walked in Sunday morning."

In telling his story Mangler could not help at times showing considerable emotion, and seemed on the point of weeping. He talked a great deal about the humiliation of his arrest, and how his previous good name had been tarnished. He declared he could have no rest until he had cleared himself of any guilty connection with the affair.

Impresses the Grand Jurors.

Assistant State's Attorney Sprogel said Mangler was an excellent witness and made a strong impression on the jury. He told his story in a straightforward, plain sort of a way which seemed to convince the jurors he was telling the truth.

State's Attorney Deneen said:

"Alderman Mangler acted very nicely on this occasion. I am convinced he has now every desire to clear up this affair. I am of the opinion a very strong case will be proved. Mr. Sprogel informed me the Alderman made an excellent impression on the jury. The Alderman told me he realized he had made a mistake and wanted to rectify it. I believe the Alderman has taken the right course, and he will be upheld by all good people who want to see this bribery business broken up."

Said by Adolf Kraus.

Adolf Kraus of the firm of Moran, Kraus & Mayer, which had acted as counselors for Mangler, said last night that no one in the law office knew yesterday afternoon of the Alderman's intention to make his story public.

Mr. Kraus said that he himself had not taken any part in the work for Mangler, and, of course, had not advised him in the matter at all. He was not prepared to say whether or not the Alderman had acted on advice in going before the grand jury.

Levy Mayer is in Europe and Isaac H. Mayer went to Winnetka somewhat earlier in the day.

J. L. KESNER NOT AT HIS HOME.

Man Charged with Attempting to Bribe Mangler Is Not to Be Found.

Jacob L. Kesner did not return to his residence, 3545 Grand boulevard, last evening for dinner. Neither did he reach there during the later hours, and at 2 o'clock this morning he was still absent, and it was said there that his whereabouts were unknown. His wife said at that hour, however, that her husband was not out of the city and that she expected him to return at any moment. Mr. Kesner was at the Fair store until along in the afternoon, and his going was coincident with the request of the State's Attorney that the Fair messenger boy, Eddie Kehn, appear before the grand jury.

Mr. Kesner had, however, an opportunity to be quoted on the Mangler bribery story two months ago. At that time he declared to a reporter for The Tribune that it was "all a lie." Said he:

"I have never had anything whatsoever to do with Mangler."

"You had nothing to do with the alleged attempt to bribe him?"

"I know nothing at all about it."

"Have you never been in Mangler's place of business?"

"I tell you I know nothing about it. It is all a lie."

"Then you are not the man Mangler says drove up to his saloon, and who subsequently sent your messenger boy in to see him?"

"No; I say it is all a lie. But I will not be interviewed."

When Mangler was salesman for the Adams & Westlake company, which position he occupied for a number of years, it is said he had almost daily business relations with Mr. Kesner.

Attorney Edward J. Judd, for the General Electric railway company, was not to be found either at his office or at his home, 3522 Calumet avenue, during the evening and at midnight his wife said she had heard from him to the effect that he would not be at home during the night. She did not know where he was.

A. F. Brockman, the hardware department manager at the Fair, whose name has been brought into the case, used to live at the Victoria Hotel, but it was said there he had moved and his present address was not known.

GENERAL ELECTRIC MAN TALKS

Says the Chicago City Company Will Profit by Mangler's Story—Repudiates Kesner.

Perry Hull is in New York on supposed General Electric business, and will not be in the city for several days. One of the promoters of the ordinance said last night that while he could not speak under his own name, owing to the fact that Mr. Hull was supposed to do all the public talking in connection with General Electric matters, there was no question in his mind that the Cihcago City company would profit by Mangler's story.

"This company is watching every move we make," said the speaker, "and they understood we were to bring up the ordinance again next Monday. They will move heaven and earth to keep us out until the companies get the new fifty-year ordinance through containing such provisions as to practically forever shut us out.

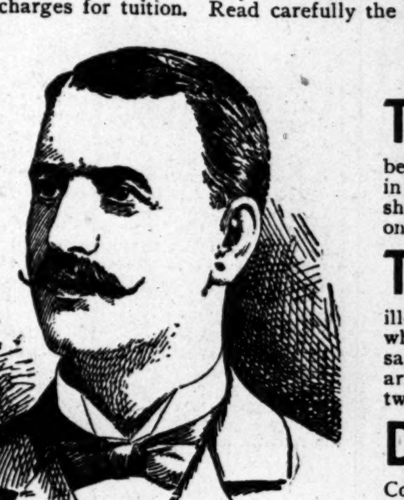
"As far as this man Kesner is concerned, he never has owned a dollar's worth of stock in the company. If he was acting for the General Electric it was by some grapevine connection, for he is not a stockholder."

FREE A FULL COURSE IN FREE

Shorthand and Typewriting.

All Graduates Guaranteed Good Positions.

FOR the purpose of demonstrating the superiority of the Dement system of shorthand and typewriting, we have perfected arrangements whereby we can offer a limited number of pupils a full course of instruction absolutely free of any charges for tuition. Read carefully the following announcement of the



ISAAC S. DEMENT,

WHO HOLDS THE WORLD'S RECORD FOR HIGH SPEED STENOGRAPHY.

Dement College.

THIS College is shaped upon new lines, and its instruction is based upon an entirely original system of instruction in shorthand and typewriting, which has now, after years of study and practical experience in the art, been perfected by Mr. Dement. The especial advantage sought to be obtained in this new system is the graduating of an exceptionally competent class of shorthand writers, whose course of instruction will have equipped them to at once assume positions where expert stenographers are required.

THE design is to turn out a much higher grade of pupils than those which come from the other schools. The demand of the day is for high-speed, accurate operators, and this demand is strong. Hundreds of ill-instructed and ill-drilled stenographers are being turned out year by year, who, if they are able to obtain positions at all, can command but very small salaries; while, on the other hand, those who have perfected themselves in the art are able at any time to secure good positions and salaries ranging from two to five times that paid for poor or inferior work.

DEMENT'S PITMANIC SHORTHAND is now taught in a large number of the best schools in the country, and wherever it has been introduced it has promptly taken rank over all others. Thus the Burdett Business College of Boston, undoubtedly the foremost school of Shorthand instruction in the New England States, fully realizing the necessity of bringing its graduates up to a higher standard of speed and accuracy, has, after a full examination of all systems, adopted the new course originated by Mr. Dement in preference to all others.

MR. DEMENT is too well-known, alike to the people of Chicago and to the entire shorthand world, to need any introduction. He is not only the fastest stenographer in the world, but has given a lifetime of study to the development of a system which has enabled him to obtain almost incredible speed and accuracy. Concerning his extraordinary work the comments of some of the leading papers of the country are of interest.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE of May 30th, 1897, in speaking of a test given in its own office, said: "Isaac S. Dement of this city, in an informal trial in The Tribune office, without special preparation or practice, wrote 312 words in a minute." The Times-Herald of March 15th, 1897, in reporting a test that Mr. Dement made before a business college at Quincy, Ill., printed the following head lines on the story: "Isaac S. Dement's Great Feat," "He Astonishes Stenographers by Writing 402 Words in a Minute." The New York World of April 4, 1897, says of Mr. Dement: "The fastest writer in all the world."

READ THIS EXCEPTIONAL OFFER.

WITH a desire of opening the new college under the most favorable conditions, we agree to accept a limited number of pupils at once without charge and give them a complete education in shorthand any typewriting free. We mean just what we say—a full course and thorough education, such as will equip our students so that they will be able to command the best situations. In order that we may obtain the object aimed at in making this exceedingly liberal offer, we wish to know thoroughly regarding the students we accept, and applicants will be asked to furnish us the following information. If you cannot call at the College write us in your own hand the following particulars with regard to yourself:

1. Name and address.
2. Age, and what public school or other general instruction you have had, especially as regards grammar and spelling.
3. Have you any knowledge of shorthand and typewriting at present?
4. State what is your present occupation, if any.
5. For what purpose this education is sought.
6. State whether you live at home, and give address of parents or friends who may testify to your good character.

TAKE NOTE: Mr. Dement will not only have entire charge of the college, but will give his personal attention to the instruction of the students. Any one at all familiar with matters of education will realize the great advantages of this point; for no system of instruction, however highly developed, can attain its full results without the aid and influence and enthusiasm of competent teachers. To

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS OFFER

You must act at once. We anticipate that such an offer will call forth a very large number of applications, and you should, therefore, call or write today for particulars regarding this remarkable proposition and the easy conditions with which pupils have to comply.

We refer to any of the Chicago newspapers as to the responsibility and standing of the school.

DEMENT COLLEGE, 131 to 137 Wabash-av., Chicago.

MAYOR IS HIGHLY PLEASED.

Says Time Has Come to Make Examples of Would-Be Bribers of Officials.

Mayor Harrison expressed himself highly pleased that Alderman Mangler had told his story to the grand jury.

"He ought to have done it long ago," continued the Mayor, "and the majority of people would have approved his action. The time has come to make an example of some of the men who seek to bribe officials, and put a stop to it.

"I do not know this man Kesner, nor am I informed whether he merely acted for himself or represented somebody else; but, to say the least, his conduct was most reprehensible. To my way of thinking, the man who offers a bribe is the one who should receive the severest punishment.

"We know it is done right along, and it would be a good thing for this community if an example could be made of some of them. I think that would have a tendency at least to check, if not to stop, the practice of buying Aldermen."

BRYAN'S HARD TASK IN IOWA.

Silver Apostle Tries to Restore Harmony in the Ranks of the Silver Forces.

Des Moines, Ia., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—One of the many difficult tasks which Chairman Walsh and the Popocratic Central committee have undertaken in connection with Bryan's tour of the State this week is to line up the Populist and free silver Republican contingents in support of Judge Kinne, the Popocratic candidate for the Supreme Court. Judge Kinne is a sound money Democrat, and has lately been called upon to explain a letter written by him in June last, before the Popocratic convention met, in which he said:

"I supported the Democratic ticket—regular Bryan ticket—last fall, and think that I am as good a Democrat as any one, though I am not in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, or at any other arbitrary ratio, regardless of the effect on the purchasing power of silver. If I must say I am in favor of the Chicago platform in order to be nominated for Judge I will not be nominated."

There was a large attendance at the Bryan meeting this afternoon. He spoke for two hours and emphasized what has been said in regard to the object of his coming to Iowa at this time by urging that the campaign in this State be fought out on national issues.

In regard to the return of prosperity he said:

"The first hopeful thing that came to aid Republican imagination since the election was the discovery of gold in Klondike, and the second was the rise in the price of wheat. The Republicans, however, had no right to rejoice over the discovery of the new gold mines, because this would tend to increase the volume of the money, and that was opposed by the Republican platform, and as to the rise in wheat, it came from famine abroad and in fact did not benefit the man who had no wheat to sell. He did not find that his wages had been raised any, but it cost him more to buy his flour. Then, too, if the rise in wheat is a good thing for the farmers it was just what the Democrats claimed last fall when they said it was higher priced commodities the people wanted and not higher priced money. They wanted prices advanced by taking from gold that purchasing power which had been added by fraud rather than advanced by famine and suffering."

RISE IN THE PRICE OF BEEF.

San Francisco Dealers Say That Chicago and Kansas City Houses Control the Market.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—San Francisco will soon have Klondike prices for meat if the rapid rise in beef which has been going on for some weeks continues.

The advance is due to the fact that Chicago and Kansas City cattle buyers have secured control of the market. They have been steadily making inroads on the supply of the cattle on the ranges in California, Oregon, Nevada, and Arizona, until today they have virtually got control of the herds of those places.

KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK EXCHANGE HELD ILLEGAL.

(Continued from first page.)

wall, said last evening the Chicago organization is in precisely the same boat.

"The Chicago Live Stock Exchange has the same sort of absurd rules and regulations as the Kansas City association," he said. "It prescribes minimum commissions, forbids the sending of telegrams giving information to farmers as to the state of the market except under certain conditions, and denies to members the right to buy live stock from or sell it to any persons other than members and stock owners, and these rules are enforced by fine, suspension, and expulsion when necessary. Judge Foster has held that these rules are in violation of the anti-trust law as in restraint of trade. Of course an appeal will be taken and the matter will go to the United States Supreme Court. It is true the Chicago organization defeated the American Live Stock company, but the issues joined were not the same."

C. W. Baker of the Chicago exchange said:

"The Kansas City association is probably amenable to the interstate commerce act in a way we would not be, as the stock-yards there are partly in Kansas and partly in Missouri."

Case of H. D. Rogers.

The case in which the Chicago Live Stock Exchange was defendant was begun by the American Live Stock Commission company, whose manager, H. D. Rogers, had been a member of the exchange. The commission company was organized by a number of cattle-shippers on peculiar lines. One of the regulations was that all net profits were to be distributed to shareholders, 65 per cent in the ratio of the amount of stock they had shipped, and 35 per cent in the ratio of shares they held in the corporation. Rogers, in making application for membership, did not state what sort of a body the company was. The exchange discovered the rule by which the first year's profits were distributed and began proceedings against Rogers. Later it concluded to drop the proceedings against him and to adopt a rule barring commission men with similar arrangements and forbidding members to trade with them. The lawsuit was partly in relation to the transference of Rogers' membership to his successor, Eli Titus, and partly to enjoin the exchange from enforcing its rules against the commission company.

On Oct. 31, 1892, Chief Justice Joseph M. Bailey delivered an opinion holding that the commission company had no rights to membership in the exchange, the exchange being held to be a voluntary association.

Foreshadowed by Judge Bailey.

The opinion in some measure foreshadowed that of Judge Foster, though the matter of minimum commission charges was not passed upon.

"The law does not prohibit the making of contracts in restraint of trade," declared Justice Bailey; "it merely declines, after they have been made, to recognize their validity. If the by-laws in question are invalid because of being in improper restraint of trade, they are merely void, and the members of the exchange, being under no obligation to obey them, may, perhaps, be entitled, at their own instance, to protection against such disciplinary consequences as the exchange may see fit to impose in case of disobedience."

FROST ALL OVER NORTHWEST.

Reports from Many States Show That Vegetables and Late Corn Were Damaged Sunday Night.

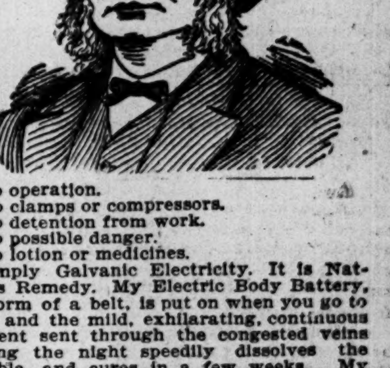
Telegraphic dispatches to The Tribune state that frost was general Sunday night over Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska, Minnesota, and the entire Northwest. Slight flurries of snow were reported at two or three points in Michigan and Wisconsin.

Generally speaking, the damage was not great, as corn is generally fully matured, but some late corn and vegetables and potatoes were injured. In Nebraska, it is said, 50,000,000 bushels of corn are not yet matured.

In Illinois frost is reported at Galena, Woodstock, Vandalia, Ramsey, and Lewistown. Some late corn and vegetables were injured, but most of the crops are beyond danger.

Rupture cured—$100 if fail to hold. Dr. Parker, 84 State-st., Chicago. 30 years' experience.

Cure Varicocele.



No operation.
No clamps or compressors.
No detention from work.
No possible danger.
No lotion or medicines.

Simply Galvanic Electricity. It is Nature's Remedy. My Electric Body Battery, in form of a belt, is put on when you go to bed, and the mild, exhilarating, continuous current sent through the congested veins during the night speedily dissolves the trouble, and cures in a few weeks. My pamphlet, "Three Classes of Men," has an illustrated treatise on this complaint, and every such sufferer should read it. Sent free on application. Write today or drop in office and consult us "free of charge." DR. SANDEN, 183 Clark street, Chicago. Office hours, 9 to 6. Sundays, 10 to 1.

Burlington Route

BEST LINE TO CALIFORNIA PUGET SOUND

SALT RHEUM

Most torturing and disfiguring of itching, burning, scaly skin and scalp humors is instantly relieved by a warm bath with Cuticura Soap, a single application of Cuticura (ointment), the great skin cure, and a full dose of Cuticura Resolvent, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures, when all else fails.

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CHECK THE ORIOLES

New Yorks Win the First of the Baltimore Games.

RUSIE SAVES HIS TEAM.

Big Pitcher Drives in the Winning Run in the Eighth.

COLTS IN CLEVELAND TODAY.

Bare Chance to Land in Sixth Place Is Left Them to Fight For.

WESTERN LEAGUE MEN IN SESSION

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Baltimore	86	35	.711	Brooklyn	56	67	.455
Boston	87	36	.707	Pittsburg	55	67	.451
New York	78	44	.639	Chicago	55	68	.447
Cincinnati	68	53	.562	Phila'phia	53	71	.427
Cleveland	63	59	.516	Louisville	51	73	.411
Washing'n	56	66	.459	St. Louis	27	96	.220

Games Yesterday.

New York, 10; Baltimore, 9.
Philadelphia, 2; Washington, 1.

Games Today.

Chicago at Cleveland.
Brooklyn at Boston.
Washington at Philadelphia.
Baltimore at New York.
Cincinnati at Pittsburg.
Louisville at St. Louis.

BALTIMORE DROPS THE FIRST.

Giants Take a Fighting Game from the Champions—Rusie Makes the Winning Hit.

New York, Sept. 20.—[Special.]—The champions came to town today with the avowed intention of taking the Giants' measure, and thereby put themselves further ahead of the Bean-eaters than ever, but they ran against a snag and now there is rejoicing in Boston. Captain Joyce kept his promise in regard to putting in the real Giants as nearly as possible—Davis' hand was still too sore to use—and the outfit played poor enough ball to outclass the miserable sample that was put up by the opposition. It was a case of the survival of the worst.

The New Yorks took the game because they were able to hit the ball when men were on bases. The last inning was played in the darkness. With three men on bases Rusie won the game by making a hit and bringing in Gleason. The game was called on account of darkness at the end of the eighth.

It was a "scrappy" game. There were rows, hoots, and hisses, and the peace-loving citizen went away in disgust. Rusie and Corbett were, in the vernacular of the Bowery, "the worst that ever happened." Off the delivery of each eighteen hits were made, and if the game had continued until the end of the ninth inning a record might have been broken. There was also rowdyism from the first. All of this recklessness, or lack of ability on the part of those in the box, had its effect on the other players, and altogether there was nothing but what Mr. Freedman once upon a time styled "sloppy ball."

Baltimore started the game by making two hits off Rusie and getting McGraw, the first man up, to first on balls, but a double play and a single out retired the side without a tally. Kelley was disposed to question Mr. Hurst's decision on his particular out, for some unknown reason, and after giving vent to some strong language he was rewarded by being put out of the game. O'Brien was put in left in his place.

Corbett started off in the air, just as his vis-a-vis did, and Tiernan, Gleason, and McCreery succeeded in touching him up for three hits, the former making a double and a run. Van Haltren got to first on balls and made the other run in the first inning, coming home on Tiernan's two-bagger. The Giants scored again in the second.

In the third Rusie was simply batted all over the field, four singles, two doubles, and a base on balls causing five runs to be rolled up by the visitors.

New York made a timely rally with another trio of swats and as many runs in the last half of the third, and remained ahead until the eighth, when, with two men out, Warner allowed an easy ball to pass him and Stenzel came in, advancing Doyle, who was on second, to third. Rusie and Gleason saved the day in the last half and Hurst called the game when only two hits had been made. Score:

New York.	R	B	P	A	E	Baltimore.	R	B	P	A	E
V'n H'n, cf	1	2	4	1	0	M'Graw, 3b	1	1	1	0	0
Tiernan, lf	2	4	1	0	0	Keeler, rf	1	2	0	0	0
Joyce, 3b	2	1	4	1	0	J'nings, ss	2	3	1	2	0
Gettig, 2b	2	2	0	1	1	Kelley, lf	0	1	0	0	0
Gleason, ss	2	2	1	2	0	O'Brien, lf	1	2	1	1	0
M'C'ry, rf	1	2	1	0	0	Stenzel, cf	2	2	1	1	0
Clark, 1b	0	0	9	0	1	Doyle, 1b	1	1	8	0	0
Warner, c	2	1	4	0	1	Reitz, 2b	1	0	1	3	1
Rusie, p	0	3	0	1	0	Robins'n, c	0	2	8	1	0
						Corbett, p	0	1	0	2	0
Totals	10	18	24	7	4	Totals	9	17	23	9	2

New York ....2 1 3 2 0 0 1 1—10
Baltimore ....0 0 5 2 0 0 0 2—9

Earned runs—New York, 5; Baltimore, 5. Two-base hits—Tiernan [3], Jennings, Robinson, Gettig. Stolen bases—McGraw [2], Jennings, Warner, Doyle, Clark. Double plays—Clark [unassisted], Reitz-McGraw, O'Brien-Robinson. First base on errors—New York, 1; Baltimore, 3. Base on balls—Off Rusie, 4; off Corbett, 4. Hit by pitched ball—Clark, Warner. Struck out—By Rusie, 4; by Corbett, 6. Passed balls—Robinson, Warner. Left on bases—New York, 13; Baltimore, 12. Sacrifice hit—McCreery. Time—2:35. Umpires—Hurst and Carpenter. Attendance—2,400.

Philadelphia, 2; Washington, 1.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 20.—Philadelphia defeated Washington today in an interesting game. Taylor pitched superb ball. McJames was effective when men were on bases, but gave eight passes. Fourteen of the local men were left on bases. Dowd's base running was one of the features. Attendance, 1,349. The score:

Wash'gton.	R	B	P	A	E	Philadel.	R	B	P	A	E
Leahy, lf	0	0	0	0	0	Cooley, rf	0	1	1	0	0
Gettman, rf	1	2	0	0	0	Dowd, cf	1	3	0	0	0
Demont, 2b	0	0	0	2	0	D'hanty, lf	1	1	1	0	0
Farrell, c	0	1	8	2	0	Lajoie, 1b	0	1	13	0	0
Tucker, 1b	0	2	9	1	0	Shugart, ss	0	0	4	6	0
Brown, cf	0	0	1	0	1	Cross, 2b	0	2	2	2	0
Reilly, 3b	0	0	4	3	0	Nash, 3b	0	0	3	1	0
Wrigley, ss	0	1	2	5	0	Boyle, c	0	1	3	1	0
McJames, p	0	0	0	0	0	Taylor, p	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	1	6	24	13	1	Totals	2	9	27	11	0

Washington ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Philadelphia ....0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 *—2

Earned runs—Washington, 1; Philadelphia, 1. Two-base hits—Farrell, Delehanty, Boyle. Stolen bases—Dowd [3], Cross. Left on bases—Washington, 5; Philadelphia, 14. Struck out—By McJames, 6; by Taylor, 3. Double plays—Farrell-Tucker-Farrell; Cross-Lajoie. First on balls—Off McJames, 8; off Taylor, 1. Wild pitch—McJames. Umpire—Emslie. Time—1:45.

No Game in Boston.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 20.—The baseball game scheduled for today between Brooklyn and Boston was postponed on account of rain.

COLTS LEAVE FOR CLEVELAND.

They Play Tebeau's Men, Then Go to Pittsburg and St. Louis for the Finish.

The Colts departed last night over the Lake Shore to finish up the season. Nine games remain to be played, three each with Cleveland, Pittsburg, and St. Louis, and on those easy games depends the position of the Colts. They may finish any place from sixth to eleventh.

The possibility of a position at the head of the infant class or at the tail of the advanced class of the league should spur the team on to make at least a decent showing.

Dahlen did not accompany the team last night as the injured ankle is still weak. But for the fact that Cleveland has suddenly taken a brace the remaining games would look like easy things for Anson's aggregation, and if they finish with a rush they may land in sixth place, just a notch lower than they occupied last season.

GAMES IN WESTERN LEAGUE.

Jim Corbett Drives in the Winning Run for Milwaukee—Season Ends Today.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Indianap's	97	36	.729	Detroit	69	65	.515
Columbus	87	47	.649	Minneap's	42	94	.309
St. Paul	86	51	.627	G'd Rapids	35	98	.263
Milwaukee	84	51	.622	Kans. City	40	99	.287

Season ends today.

Break Even at Detroit.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—Detroit and Indianapolis played a double-header this afternoon, breaking even. The day was raw, and the second game was called after five innings had been played. The Indians lit on Irwin in the eighth round and punched out a victory in the first game. In the second the locals hit Kellum freely, shutting out the champions. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

Detroit.	R	B	P	A	E	Ind'npolis.	R	B	P	A	E
Davis, lf	1	1	1	0	2	H'g'v'r, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Dungan, rf	3	4	2	0	0	Gray, 3b	3	1	0	2	2
Dillard, 1b	0	3	13	0	0	M'F'rl'd, cf	2	1	3	0	0
Hines, ss	0	0	2	2	2	M'C'rthy, lf	1	0	5	0	1
Nicholl, cf	0	0	3	0	0	Motz, 1b	1	2	10	0	0
St'nfeldt, 3b	0	1	1	4	1	Wood, c	0	0	6	1	1
Burnett, 2b	1	1	0	5	0	Stuart, 2b	1	1	1	1	0
McCauley, c	1	1	3	0	1	Flynn, ss	2	0	1	2	1
Irwin, p	1	1	0	2	0	Goar, p	1	1	0	5	0
Totals	7	12	24	13	6	Totals	11	6	27	11	5

Detroit ....1 4 0 0 0 1 0 1 0—7
Indianapolis ....2 0 2 3 0 0 0 4 *—11

Earned runs—Detroit, 2; Indianapolis, 1. Two-base hit—Gray. Three-base hits—Irwin, Dungan, Burnett. Bases on balls—By Irwin, 4; by Goar, 3. Struck out—By Irwin, 2; by Goar, 5. Sacrifice hits—McCarthy, Burnett. Stolen bases—McCarthy, Davis, Dillard, Flynn, Motz, Goar. Passed ball—McCauley. Hit by pitcher—By Goar, 1. Wild pitch—Goar. Umpire—Strouthers. Time—2:00.

SECOND GAME.

Detroit.	R	B	P	A	E	Indianap's.	R	B	P	A	E
Davis, lf	0	0	0	0	0	Hogrie'r, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Dungan, rf	1	2	2	1	0	Gray, 3b	0	0	2	1	0
Dillard, 1b	2	1	4	2	0	McFar'd, cf	0	0	3	0	0
Hines, ss	1	1	3	2	2	McCa'y, lf	0	1	1	1	1
Nicholl, cf	1	2	0	0	0	Motz, 1b	0	1	5	0	0
Stein'dt, 3b	0	0	0	1	0	Kahoe, c	0	0	2	0	1
Burnett, 2b	0	0	1	4	2	Stuart, 2b	0	0	0	0	0
Trost, c	0	0	4	1	0	Flynn, ss	0	1	1	1	0
Hahn, p	0	0	1	8	0	Kellum, p	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	5	6	15	14	4	Totals	0	3	15	7	2

Detroit ....0 0 4 0 1—5
Indianapolis ....0 0 0 0 0—0

Earned runs—Detroit, 2. Two-base hit—Nicholl. Bases on balls—Off Kellum, 3. Struck out—By Kellum, 2. Stolen base—McCarthy. Double plays—Dungan-Trost; Hines-Burnett-Dillard. Umpire Strouthers. Time—:45. Attendance—700.

Milwaukee, 7; Minneapolis, 6.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—Jim Corbett won today's game for the Brewers by batting out a hot liner and bringing in two runs. Corbett put up a good game at first, although he is slow on the bases. Both teams batted hard, but Minneapolis did not bunch its hits or bat as timely as the Brewers. Score:

Milwaukee.	R	B	P	A	E	Minneap's.	R	B	P	A	E
Nicol, cf	0	1	3	1	0	Letcher, cf	0	1	5	0	0
Weaver, lf	0	2	4	0	0	Miller, rf	1	0	2	0	0
Daly, 2b	1	1	3	1	2	Parrott, lf	0	2	2	0	0
Corbett, 1b	1	1	6	0	1	Eustace, 3b	2	2	0	2	0
Blake, rf	1	1	2	0	0	Root, 3b	0	1	1	4	0
Lewee, ss	1	2	3	3	0	Ball, ss	1	2	0	4	1
Spear, c	1	1	5	2	1	Ganzell, 1b	0	0	12	0	0
Myers, 3b	1	2	1	3	2	Keefe, c	1	1	3	0	0
Pappalau, p	1	1	0	1	1	Herman, p	1	1	0	2	1
Totals	7	12	27	11	7	Totals	6	10	*25	12	2

*Two out when winning run was made.

Milwaukee ....0 1 0 3 0 0 0 1 2—7
Minneapolis ....0 0 2 1 0 0 0 1 2—6

Earned runs—Milwaukee, 3. Two-base hit—Pappalau. Three-base hit—Herman. Bases on balls—Off Pappalau, 2; off Herman, 1. Struck out—By Pappalau, 2; by Herman, 3. Double play—Lewee-Corbett-Spear. Wild pitch—Herman. Umpire—Cushman. Time—1:35.

Columbus, 12; Grand Rapids, 6.

Columbus, O., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—Columbus had no trouble defeating Grand Rapids in the opening game of the closing series of the season. The batting of Frank was the only feature. Score:

Columbus.	R	B	P	A	E	G. Rapids.	R	B	P	A	E
Hulen, ss	0	0	4	4	0	Slagel, cf	2	2	2	0	0
Butler, lf	2	3	2	0	0	Donovan, c	1	1	2	2	0
Genins, cf	2	2	1	1	1	Campau, rf	0	1	4	0	0
Frank, rf	1	4	1	0	1	Ganzel, 1b	0	0	7	0	0
Tebeau, 1b	1	1	9	1	0	McK'y, 3b	0	2	3	4	3
Crooks, 2b	1	1	4	6	0	Griffin, ss	0	1	2	2	2
McGarr, 3b	3	2	2	3	1	McKib'n, lf	0	2	3	0	0
Fisher, c	2	2	4	2	1	Driscoll, 2b	1	0	3	0	0
Evans, p	0	2	0	1	0	Rathburn, p	1	0	1	0	0
						Turnham, c	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	12	17	27	18	4	Totals	6	9	27	8	5

Columbus ....0 0 0 2 1 3 2 4 0—12
Grand Rapids....2 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 1—6

Earned runs—Columbus, 8. Two-base hits—McGarr, Donovan, Campau. Three-base hit—McKibben. Bases on balls—Off Rathburn, 6; off Evans, 4. Struck out—By Rathburn, 6; by Evans, 5. Stolen bases—Columbus, 2; Grand Rapids, 1. Double plays—Griffin-Driscoll-Ganzel, Driscoll-Griffin-Ganzel. Passed balls—Fisher, 2. Umpire—Haskell.

Western Association.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Cedar R'pds	84	39	.682	Peoria	54	58	.482
St. Joseph	79	44	.644	Quincy	55	69	.443
Des Moines	69	54	.560	Dubuque	47	76	.382
Rockford	68	54	.557	Burlington	38	84	.311

AT QUINCY.

Quincy ....2 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0—4
Des Moines....1 2 1 1 0 1 1 0 *—7

Batteries—Hackett and Draver; Mauck and Lohman. Base hits—Quincy, 10; Des Moines, 9. Errors—Quincy, 4; Des Moines, 3.

AT ROCKFORD.

Rockford ....1 0 6 0 1 0 0 1 0—9
Dubuque ....0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—4

Batteries—Underwood and Tracy; Sullivan and Wolverton. Base hits—Rockford, 11; Dubuque, 10. Errors—Rockford, 13; Dubuque, 7.

AT BURLINGTON.

Burlington ....3 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1—5
St. Joseph ....0 1 2 4 2 0 3 7 *—19

Batteries—Rodman and Wermer; Meredith and Hansen. Base hits—Burlington, 9; St. Joseph, 14. Errors—Burlington, 8; St. Joseph, 3.

AT CEDAR RAPIDS.

Cedar Rapids....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 3—4
Peoria ....0 0 0 0 1 0 6 0 *—7

Batteries—McFarland and Fuller; Roach and Seisler. Base hits—Cedar Rapids, 3; Peoria, 12.

Interstate League.

AT TOLEDO.

Toledo ....1 0 4 0 5 2 2 0 0—14
Youngstown ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Batteries—Myers and Blue, Harvey and Tinram. Base hits—Toledo, 17; Youngstown, 3. Errors—Toledo, 3; Youngstown, 0.

AT SPRINGFIELD.

Springfield ....1 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 1—5
Wheeling ....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1

Batteries—Poole and Vetter, Campbell and Donahue. Base hits—Springfield, 6; Wheeling, 5. Errors—Springfield, 1; Wheeling, 6.

Cincinnati, 3; Dayton, 2.

Dayton, O., Sept. 20.—The Cincinnati Reds barely escaped another defeat from Dayton today. Score:

Dayton ....1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2
Cincinnati ....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1—3

Batteries—Brown and Greenwald; Ehret and Vaughn. Base hits—Dayton, 10; Cincinnati, 10. Errors—Dayton, 5; Cincinnati, 8.

MYSTERIOUS CONFERENCE NO. 1

From the Playing Season Baseball Is Moving to the Legislative—Western Leaguers Gather.

The baseball season is waning surely enough, and from the time when base hits, curves, and robbing umpires were all the talk the scene is shifting to the "mysterious conferences of magnates." The latter seem quite as essential to the game of baseball as the outdoor exhibitions of the sport, and the first installment for the season of 1897-'98 already has arrived. Yesterday the Western league club owners met at the Great Northern Hotel and sat together for several hours in one of Mr. Eden's best rooms; then they came downstairs and smoked good cigars, while they told how the conference was of the most inconsequential nature and were much surprised that any one should think they might have discussed subjects of interest to baseball patrons.

Those at the conference were President Ban Johnson of this city, Charles Comiskey of the St. Paul club, Mat Killilea of the Milwaukee club, Robert H. Leadley of the Grand Rapids club, W. F. C. Golt of the Indianapolis club, and M. A. Hayne of the Minneapolis club. Detroit, Columbus, nad Kansas City were represented by proxy, President Johnson holding that of Mr. Manning of Kansas City, Mr. Golt that of Vanderbeck of Detroit, and Mr. Comiskey that of Loftus of Columbus. One of the queer things in baseball is illustrated in the case of Comiskey holding Loftus' franchise, for the St. Paul and Columbus clubs have been engaged in a terrific fight for second position for several months, the feeling between the two teams having been so strong that an extra detail of police has been on duty whenever they have met.

The magnates spent a good part of the day together, but declare no action of any kind was taken, saying the meeting was merely an informal conference preliminary to the annual fall session of the Western league in November, such a conference always being held about this time of year. Probably the subject of Buffalo's application for a franchise was the matter in hand, although the magnates insisted that inasmuch as Buffalo had not made formal application for membership its connection with the league could not be considered. It is generally supposed Buffalo will take Grand Rapids' place if it comes into the league. Mr. Leadley of the Grand Rapids club said nothing whatever had been accomplished looking to a change in the circuit.

President Killilea of the Milwaukee club was criticised by several of his associates for securing Jim Corbett as an attraction at the game between Milwaukee and Minneapolis in Milwaukee yesterday. "It cheapens the game," declared President Johnson, "to put on any outside attraction of this sort. Baseball is popular enough to live on its own legs. Then there are a good many people interested in baseball who do not approve of prize fighting and do not care to see Corbett."

"Monte" Cross' Turn.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—"Monte" Cross has been appointed manager of the St. Louis Browns, vice Hallman. The latter and Lally have been suspended, and Grady has been fined heavily for drinking.

Polo Game at Lake Forest.

The two polo teams of the Onwentsia club played an interesting match on Ferry Field yesterday afternoon. The day was cool for the sport and consequently fewer spectators were present than there have been on previous occasions.

The Reds had comparatively little difficulty in disposing of the Blues, the score being 8¾ to 2¼ when the game finished. The riding of Booth and Evans and the riding off of Keith and Macky were the principal features.

The lineup was as follows:

REDS.	BLUES.
1. W. Vernon Booth.	1. A. T. Kirkman.
2. M. J. Kirkman.	2. E. C. Green.
3. F. J. Macky.	3. W. W. Keith.
4. J. Carey Evans.	4. Walter Farwell.

Score of goals in minutes:

REDS.		BLUES.	
1. Booth	:30	1. Farwell	11:00
2. Evans	2:30	2. Green	:30
3. Booth	8:15	3. Farwell	5:30
4. Evans	3:00		
5. Macky	5:30		
6. M. J. Kirkman	2:00		
7. M. J. Kirkman	6:00		
8. Evans	:15		
9. Evans	2:45		

Goals lost by penalties—Reds, ¼ [safety]; Blues, ¾ [foul].
Final score: Reds, 8¾; Blues, 2¼.
Referee—W. Bruce Kirkman.

Registration will continue this week for evening educational classes, Central Y. M. C. A., 153 La Salle street. Fifty-one subjects. Prospectus free.

MAY LOSE GOOD MEN

Dilemma of the Northwestern Football Eleven.

LIFE-SAVERS CAN'T PLAY.

Old Argument with the Government Officials Revived.

U. OF C. TO MEET SCHOOLS.

A letter from the head of the Life-saving department at Washington spread consternation among the candidates for Northwestern University's football team yesterday afternoon. The message was received by President Rogers, and asks for information regarding the authority upon which members of the life-saving crew stationed at Evanston joined Captain Van Doozer's team last year. The query, which will be answered by the President, affects three of the strongest candidates for positions in the line and back who are now working on the field. Last year they assisted Van Doozer in his sweep of victories, and were preparing to follow their old Captain's record this year when the letter arrived. If the answer is not satisfactory there is a strong possibility that the Life-saving department will demand the surfmen's entire time, and prohibit their devotions to the gridiron. The players likely to be affected are Thorne, Perry, and Liberton. It is expected Secretary Gage will be requested not to grant any such permission to the Evanston surfmen. In case the suspicion is correct, the Northwestern will miss three valuable men on the gridiron this fall.

Football candidates at Evanston turned out for the first practice on the athletic field yesterday afternoon. Thirty young men lined up for preliminary instruction under the supervision of Van Doozer and Hunter. A few new men appeared, including Bennett of North Evanston; Livingston, a 180-pound end man, who is considered speedy; and Campbell, who has played halfback for the Evanston High School team.

Hope to Secure Shepard.

Sheppard, who coached the backs last year, was also on the field, and there were rumors to the effect that he would play full this season. Sheppard, however, denied having any intention of actively indulging in football this year, on account of his health. Van Doozer hopes to persuade him to play, and may succeed. Sheppard at full back would give balance to the team, and be able to take advantage of the interference by the heavy line.

The trial lineup was as follows: Center, Cutler; guards, Burrill and Brown; tackles, Slade and Dietz; ends, Gay and Smith; half backs, Sheppard and Bell; full back, Brown.

The team will use the new baths and dressing-room on the athletic field in a few days. This will greatly facilitate the work, as the men will be able to "change" immediately after the practice is over.

Stagg's Scheme for Practice.

Coach Stagg is going to try a new scheme next Saturday. He does not think that one high school team is enough to give his men practice, and so he will make a combination between the usual teams of Englewood and Hyde Park High Schools and play them. His plan is to play one high school team one half and then turn his attention to the other team for the second half. In this way he proposes to give the varsity severer practice than a single team could afford.

Kennedy will be out to practice this week, and Mortimer and Hamill will soon report for work. Stagg hopes to develop a tackle and quarter so that he can make halves out of Kennedy and Clarke. Kennedy played this position part of the time last year, and his weight and speed made him a formidable man.

The return of Mortimer leaves only four places on the team open. A man must be developed to take Tooker's place at guard, and Hamill is the only end. With these two places filled the line will be complete. Back of the line two places are vacant, taking it for granted, of course, that Gardner cannot play. How to fill these positions is still a problem with Coach Stagg, but he hopes to have them well filled before the big games.

YALE CANDIDATES AT WORK.

Twenty-three of Them Report and Go Through with Light Practice—Game with the C. A. A.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—Twenty-three stalwart football candidates tramped in the New Haven House, Yale's temporary training quarters, this afternoon, at the close of the first practice of the squad for the season of 1897. They were: C. W. Abbott, Walter B. Connor, M. L. McBride, C. E. Sullivan, F. Thompkins, E. E. Marshall, Richard J. Schweppe, Fred Winthrop Allen, A. F. Corwin, L. L. Beard, W. F. McFarland, Charles Chadwick, Thew Wright, K. Winters, F. H. Warren, George R. Hall, Hamilton Benjamin, Alfred Hine, George Chauncey, C. D. Cheney, J. C. Cutten, R. McGeee, and C. D. Post.

The aspirants for a "Y" this fall reported at the Yale gymnasium at 3 o'clock and were taken to the field for an hour's light work. The backs were set to punting the ball and the linemen were given their initial drill in passing and forming in mass formations. The eleven as a whole did not line up, the backs and linemen practicing apart all the afternoon. At the close Acting Captain Benjamin ran the men sharply over a mile. Tomorrow the men will go at work, both morning and afternoon. Fred T. Murphy, Captain of last year's eleven, arrived in town tonight. He will be with the team for a week and will aid Benjamin in coaching. Phil Stillman, center in '93 and '94, also came and will look after the center men.

Payne Whitney, captain of the varsity crew, is here conferring with Coach Bob Cook about the fall practice of the oarsmen.

Manager Twitchell is corresponding with the Newton [Mass.] and the Chicago Athletic clubs for games the latter part of October or the first part of November. The Yale schedule will consist of eleven games, five at home and six at visiting gridirons.

EASTERN PLAYERS ARE AHEAD.

Preliminary Round for Ravinoaks Cup Is Played on the Onwentsia Links.

Eastern prowess asserted itself in the first day's events at the Onwentsia golf tourney yesterday. In the preliminary round for the Ravinoaks Cup, the handsome $500 trophy offered by C. W. Fullerton, to be contested for by only those members of associate and allied clubs of the United States Golf association who played their first game of golf in the United States, eight men qualified, and when the first round had been played in the afternoon it was found that the four men who remained all belonged to Eastern clubs. Following are the results of the morning round, medal play, eighteen holes:

	Out.	In.	Total
W. M. McCawley, Merion Cricket	44	44	88
John Reid Jr., New Haven	45	47	92
H. M. Harriman, Knollwood	45	47	92
W. Waller, Washington Park	45	48	93
W. B. Smith, Onwentsia	51	43	94
S. A. Smith, Onwentsia	47	48	95
Otto Hockmeyer Jr., Harbor Hill	49	51	100
J. D. Hubbard, Onwentsia	48	52	100
G. F. Fiske, Onwentsia	52	48	100
F. G. Hall, Onwentsia	53	49	102
F. C. Farwell, Onwentsia	53	50	103
J. de K. Towner, Exmoor Country	55	48	103
A. B. Dick, Onwentsia	51	52	103
Sisson Thompson, Onwentsia	51	52	103
E. S. Adams, Onwentsia	53	52	105
J. F. Palmer, Riverside	54	51	105
A. C. Haven, Onwentsia	53	52	105
Hobart Moore, Exmoor Country	57	49	106
J. L. Breese, Tuxedo	53	55	108

Following are the results of the afternoon round:

W. M. McCawley, Merion Cricket club, Philadelphia, defeated W. Waller, Washington Park club, 5 up, 4 to play.

H. M. Harriman, Knollwood Country club, defeated Sol A. Smith, Onwentsia club, 4 up, 3 to play.

John Reid Jr., New Haven Golf club, defeated Walter B. Smith, Onwentsia, 7 up, 6 to play.

Otto Hockmeyer Jr., Harbor Hill Golf club, defeated J. D. Hubbard, Onwentsia, 2 up, 1 to play.

By far the most exciting event of the afternoon was the excellent uphill work of O. Hockmeyer Jr. in his match with J. D. Hubbard. Hubbard was 4 up at the ninth hole, but Hockmeyer had reduced this lead to 3 up at the thirteenth hole. He then played perfect golf until the finish, taking five holes straight and winning at the seventeenth by 2 up and 1 to play.

Walter B. Smith and John Reid Jr. were matched, Reid winning easily from Smith, who was considerably off his game.

Smith won the driving competition, however, sending his ball 188 yards on the carry from the tee. J. F. Palmer was second with 180½ yards, and John Reid Jr. third with 179¼.

Today the semi-final round, for the Ravinoaks Cup, match play, eighteen holes, will take place, beginning at 2 o'clock. Hockmeyer and Harriman are matched, and John Reid Jr. will do battle for Yale against W. M. McCawley.

The pairs for the foursome play in the Walden Cup competition are as follows:

J. L. Breese and H. M. Harriman, Meadow Brook Golf club, vs. J. Reid and W. B. Smith, Yale University Golf club.

W. G. Stewart and Otto Hockmeyer Jr., Harbor Hill Golf club, vs. V. Shaw-Kennedy and W. Waller, Washington Park club.

Sol A. Smith and Sisson Thompson, Onwentsia club, vs. E. I. Frost and Jarvis Hunt, Chicago Golf club.

C. B. Macdonald and G. S. Willits, Chicago G. C., vs. H. J. Whigham and D. R. Forgan, Onwentsia club.

L. P. Tweedie and J. de K. Towner, Exmoor Country club, vs. W. M. McCawley and T. Potter, Allegheny Country club.

A. C. Haven and W. R. Stirling, Onwentsia, vs. J. L. Palmer and J. C. Thompson, Riverside, G. C.

Pairs for the Governors' Cup:

Miss M. B. Shearson and Mrs. H. C. Chatfield-Taylor.
Mrs. S. Le Roy and Mrs. E. S. Adams.
Mrs. G. Kirk and Miss A. Day.
Mrs. J. R. Gott and Mrs. D. Winston.
Miss J. Boardman and Mrs. H. N. Tuttle.
Miss J. Layng and Mrs. F. C. Aldrich.
Miss Mabel Fisher and Miss M. Day.
Mrs. Wassall and Miss Florence Hopkins.
Mrs. W. Walter and Mrs. John Valentine.

Unpaired—Mrs. E. R. Pike, Mrs. J. M. Harlan, Mrs. C. H. Wilmerding, Mrs. H. Alward, Miss Madeline Noyes, Miss Margaret Abbott, Mrs. E. W. Cramer, Mrs. C. P. McAvoy, Mrs. E. L. Ryerson, Mrs. L. H. McCormick.

The program for today is as follows:

10 a. m.—Walden Cup. First round, match play. 11 a. m., Governors' Cup [for ladies]. First round, medal play, 9 holes. 2 p. m., Ravinoaks Cup. Second round, match play, 18 holes. 3:30 p. m., Governors' Cup. Final round, medal play, 9 holes. 4 p. m., Walden Cup. Second round, foursomes, match play, 18 holes.

A. C. C. RESTRICTS ROAD RACES.

Radical Resolution Adopted by the Cyclists—To Appeal to the City Council.

A movement is on hand to control road races in Chicago and allow only one big race a year. The movement hits directly at the Pullman Decoration day race, the Fourth of July race, and the Labor day road races, as well as the innumerable club road races. Dr. Barclay introduced a set of resolutions at the Associated Cycling Clubs last night, which were immediately adopted, and will control the racing in Chicago. They are as follows:

"Whereas, The holding of road races in the City of Chicago during the last year has been of such frequent occurrence as to make them obnoxious to the citizens of Chicago and have aroused considerable comment and hostility towards wheelmen and has been the cause of the withdrawal of park permits of any kind on the South Side course, and is liable to cause the refusal of permits for the annual Decoration day road race; and

"Whereas, It is deemed advisable to limit the number of road races next year; therefore, be it

"Resolved, That all road races hereafter held by clubs of the Associated Cycling Clubs be sanctioned by the Associated Cycling Clubs under penalty of expulsion for holding such road races without sanction."

When the City Council resumes its work next Monday a committee of cyclists will be on hand to do a little lobbying in order to prevent the defeat of the light measure, and also to knock out the tax measures.

The political committee will meet some time this week and formulate the plan of operations, and it is the hope of the committee to kill the one tax measure which Alderman Martin has drawn up, as well as to have the light ordinance go through.

At the Associated Cycling Clubs' meeting last night it was announced that the so-called wheel tax, perhaps more correctly known as the registration bill, was never drafted in Corporation Counsel Thornton's office, and was merely the result of a discussion of the subject of taxing bicycles. The Committees on Streets reported favorable progress.

Will Race Thirty-three Miles.

New York, Sept. 20.—[Special.]—A special race has been arranged between Michael and Lesna for next Saturday at Manhattan Beach for thirty-three miles.

DR. PAUL NEUMANN RETURNS.

Home from a Successful Eastern Trip—Declares He Will Never Swim Against Whittaker.

Dr. Paul Neumann, the crack C. A. A. swimmer, arrived in Chicago yesterday afternoon, bringing with him as results of his trip in the East two handsome loving cups, three medals, and also the title of national champion in the half-mile. Dr. Neumann says he was well entertained in the East, and had not sickness overtaken him at Travers Island he would have done better there. The entire list of swimmers was forced to leave Travers Island, which is full of malaria, and the doctor had a bad attack, which incapacitated him in the races. The doctor received many honors while East, and the National Swimming club and Avoca Boat club have both made him honorary members of their clubs.

On Nov. 3 Dr. Neumann will go to Canada to swim in the Canadian championship races to be held at Toronto. He will contest against C. W. Lawless of the Ottawa Boat club, the Canadian champion, who took fourth in the half-mile scratch race at Wayne.

Regarding his race with Whittaker of Milwaukee Neumann says: "It is all off, and I will not under any consideration whatever swim him a race. Whittaker has been unsportsmanlike in his dealings, and after stating that he would swim me at Wayne, I going to Wayne for that purpose, he failed to show up."

Dr. Neumann goes back to Austria in January.

English Cricketers Draw.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 20.—The cricket match between an English eleven, captained by P. F. Warner, and twenty-two "colts" selected from various cricket clubs in Philadelphia ended this afternoon in a draw game. When stumps were drawn on Saturday the "colts" had scored 148 runs in their first inning and had lost five wickets in their second attempt for 105 runs. The Englishmen had scored 159 runs in their first inning.

Play was resumed today at 11 o'clock. When the score had reached 240 for thirteen wickets the "colts" declared their inning closed. With 230 runs necessary to win, the visitors started their sections, but after the loss of five wickets for 134 runs, the game was declared a draw. Captain Warner did the best batting for the Englishmen scoring fifty-six runs. The wicket was in good condition.

Tennis at Oak Park.

The first day's results in the Oak Park High School tennis tournament were as follows:

First round, singles—Jesse June beat H. Waller, 6—4, 6—1; R. Standish beat W. Purcell, 6—4, 6—0; B. Patrick beat W. Tucker, 6—2, 6—4; C. Holdredge beat B. Rosenbury, 6—0, 6—2; F. Hyman defaulted to H. Blackstone; J. Ward beat P. Rattle, 6—1, 6—1.

Frst round, doubles—Blackstone and R. Standish beat Noakes and Standish, 6—2, 6—1; Grey and Purcell beat Rosenbury and Tucker, 6—2, 6—0.

Second round, singles—C. Holdredge beat B. Patrick, 6—2, 6—3.

STRICT RULES FOR "COEDS."

President Rogers of Northwestern University Formulates Seven Regulations and Posts Them.

The "coeds" of Northwestern University are to be bound by strict rules this winter. Mindful of the time last spring when he met some of the undergraduates strolling on the beach at Evanston at midnight, President Henry Dade Rogers has made a new set of laws for the government of the women of the institution and submitted them to the faculty at a meeting yesterday.

These rules are to confront the "coeds" everywhere. A copy will be put in each room occupied by an undergraduate, and sets will be pasted on the bulletin boards in Woman's Hall, the Cottage, and the university.

"They will be rigidly enforced," said President Rogers.

Even those who secure rooms in private families will be under the watchful surveillance of the instructors.

These new rules, seven in number, read:

1. Women students enrolled as undergraduates in the College of Liberal Arts or academy, who are not living in their own homes, are required to room in the hall or cottage unless special permission is granted to room elsewhere.

2. Women students enrolled as undergraduates in other departments in Evanston must room in rooms officially approved by the faculty.

3. Authority to control absence from town on the part of undergraduate women students in the college or academy is in the power of the principal of the woman's department; also authority to control absences after 8 o'clock p. m.

4. Heads of approved rooms are required to render monthly reports of all absences after that hour of liberal arts or academy students.

5. No permit shall be granted to undergraduates to leave town in the evening without a chaperon approved by the principal of the woman's department.

6. Social calls from gentlemen will be permitted only on Friday or Saturday evening, or an evening preceding a university holiday, between the hours of 8 and 10 o'clock.

7. No organization or group of students shall hold in any year more than one party or social entertainment at which both ladies and gentlemen are present; and then only on permission previously obtained from the Committee on Social Affairs; and the entertainment must close not later than 11 o'clock.

TO SOUND CITY RAILWAY MEN.

Mission of Elkins and Widener Said to Be to Talk Up the Yerkes Traction Company.

W. L. Elkins and P. A. B. Widener returned to Philadelphia yesterday, leaving the city at 3 p. m. It is understood their mission here was to sound some of the prominent stockholders of Chicago City railway stock to learn their opinion as to the feasibility of the Yerkes plan of consolidating all of the surface roads in a traction company. The plan as outlined is to issue bonds to the Chicago City people. It is not known just what success the Philadelphians may have had.

Anthony Brady of Buffalo and Thomas F. Ryan of New York are still at the Auditorium looking after the interests of the street railroad consolidation scheme. They arrived on Sunday in company with Mr. Widener and Mr. Elkins, and remained on the ground after the Philadelphia men had gone home. Charles E. Yerkes of New York, a nephew of the Chicago street car magnate, is also stopping at the Auditorium, and held conference with the others interested in the scheme yesterday morning.

BOXING IN CHICAGO.

Mayor Harrison Speaks Favorably of the Sport.

SPARRING IS SCIENTIFIC.

Intimation That Limited Round Bouts Will Be Permitted.

WON'T TOLERATE SLUGGING.

Mayor Harrison believes in boxing contests under certain restrictions and yesterday stated openly that he would not prevent such matches in Chicago, provided they were conducted under the proper restrictions.

This statement from the man in control of Chicago's municipal affairs is construed to mean a good deal to the followers of the fistic art here, the inference from what Mr. Harrison said being that boxing clubs will be tolerated in this city, where limited round matches can be brought off as they have been in New York, Philadelphia, and elsewhere.

"I see no objection to this form of sport unless it is carried too far," said the Mayor yesterday. "If the people want it, I believe they should be allowed to have it.

"There is no harm in permitting scientific sparring and wrestling entertainments. I think they are a good thing, and fail to see any reason why they should not be permitted within proper regulations.

"Of course, I do not approve of prize-fighting or slugging contests, and I want it understood that nothing of this kind will be tolerated during my term."

The dividing line between boxing matches and slugging matches has long been a stumbling block to great minds, and, in consequence, the followers of the pugilistic profession will probably be puzzled a good deal to know just what Mr. Harrison means by that closing sentence. If he means in saying that "slugging will not be tolerated" that no actual matches will be permitted, his statement of yesterday of course will not have much significance for the boxers, but if he means to draw the line as it has been generally drawn in New York it will afford an opening for the sport here such as it has not had for years.

The fact that in his conversation on the subject Mr. Harrison referred to the status of boxing in New York gives the impression that he means to permit much the same order of things here. He explained that when they tried to carry their privileges too far in the metropolis, as in the case of the Maher-Sharkey fight, the police stopped it, and said this was perfectly proper, which seems to mean that if they do not undertake to carry the sport in Chicago up to the point of undertaking to bring off matches between the big fellows they will not be doing improperly, according to his ideas on the subject, and will not be interfered with.

The chances are that unless the Mayor gives an intimation that he has been misunderstood, boxing clubs will be at once established in this city for the purpose of bringing off limited-round events among notable pugilists.

JIM CORBETT'S BRIEF VISIT.

Former Champion Spends a Few Hours in Chicago and Confers with Brady.

James J. Corbett was in Chicago for a few hours last night. He came down from Milwaukee, where he played in a Western league game yesterday, and took a midnight train for Detroit, where he is booked to play today. The ex-champion was in good humor and was inclined to talk baseball rather than pugilism. William A. Brady is in the city, and he and Corbett spent the time together while the latter was in the city.

Corbett said he had little hope of getting Fitzsimmons to make another match, but stated he would leave nothing undone that possibly could induce his conqueror at Carson to give him another battle.

STURCH KNOCKS OUT RICHARDS

Chicago Boxer Badly Worsts the Little Cincinnatian in a Ten-Round Encounter.

Cincinnati, O., Sept. 20.—Joe Sturch of Chicago and Dave Richards of Cincinnati were to fight fifteen rounds tonight for the 105-pound championship of America under the auspices of the Nonpareil Athletic club. The fight ended in the tenth round with Richards knocked out. He was badly battered up. The purse was for $1,000. Sturch had the advantage in height and reach and had greater skill, using his left with telling effect at will. In the sixth round Richards was bleeding profusely and the gong saved him. In the seventh, eighth, and ninth rounds Richards was saved in the same way, his face being covered with blood beyond recognition. In the tenth round Sturch ran to Richards' corner and landed a hard right-hand upper cut, from which Richards could not rally.

Jimmy Barry, the famous bantam, was in Sturch's corner.

Choynski and Goddard.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 20.—Joe Choynski and Joe Goddard, the opposing contestants in two of the greatest whirlwind fights in the history of pugilism, have been matched to meet in this city in November. The National Athletic club has secured the match. Both men have agreed to terms offered by the club, which give the Australian all the best of the proposition as far as the purse is concerned. Goddard is to get 60 per cent of the gross receipts of the contest in case he wins or 40 per cent in case he loses. This is the highest known price ever offered as a losing end, but as Goddard has twice defeated Choynski, he was in position to dictate terms.

Word Received from Maher.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—Buck Connelly left tonight for New York to consult W. A. Brady regarding a glove contest between Maher and Sharkey. The event is not exactly off, as generally supposed, the forfeits still being up with Al Smith. Maher writes his managers that he is ready to meet the Sailor at once, and will then go after Goddard and others. Connelly says that Maher is still under the management of the Pittsburger. The big Irishman failed to receive several messages from his managers while in Ireland, and this caused the talk that Maher was ignoring them.

Butler-Ryan Bout a Draw.

New York, Sept. 20.—At the Green Point Athletic club of Brooklyn tonight Tommy Butler of Brooklyn and Tommy Ryan of Philadelphia fought twenty rounds at 135 pounds, and after each had exhausted himself to a standstill the referee decided the bout a draw.

Daly Bests McPartland.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—In the six-round bout at the Arena tonight between Jack Daly of Wilmington and "Kid" McPartland the former had much the better of it, and, although no decision was given, he clearly outpointed McPartland in every way.

GAS TRUST NOT AVERSE TO WAR

President Billings Not Seeking Trouble, but Prepared to Meet It Vigorously.

"We are not going around looking for trouble, but if anybody wants to start a gas war I guess we will simply get into it and make a fight."

This declaration comes from C. K. G. Billings, President of the People's Gaslight and Coke company, or the "trust," in reply to an inquiry as to what he thought of the proposed movement on the part of the Universal people to extend their mains and cut prices.

"I know nothing of this matter except through hearsay and the newspapers," continued Mr. Billings, "but it would be an unwise thing, in my judgment, for any concern to undertake a scheme of the kind suggested here.

"There is plenty of room for all of us in Chicago to grow, get along, and make money without fighting. We have lived peaceably with one another up to now and ought to continue on the same amicable terms, but if there has got to be a fight we will have to meet it, that's all. However, I do not look for anything of the sort.

"Occupying other territory as we do we could defend ourselves against the attacks of the Universal company in its field, Hyde Park, and not suffer much loss. This, you see, gives us an advantage.

"I think the time will come when we can sell gas at 90 cents, but it is not here yet. We are compelled to keep up the quality, therefore only through the sale of a great quantity at small profit can gas be furnished at 90 cents. This will come by reason of the natural growth of the business."

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IRUS COY DIES OF PARALYSIS.

General Solicitor of the Union Stock-Yards and Transit Company Expires at His Home.

Irus Coy, General Solicitor for the Union Stock-Yards and Transit company, is dead. He suffered a second stroke of paralysis on Thursday last and died at 1 p. m. yesterday at his home, 3934 Michigan avenue.

The funeral will be held at the residence at 2:30 p. m. tomorrow. The interment will be at Oakwoods.

Mr. Coy was born on July 25, 1832, in Shenango County, N. Y., and came to Illinois, settling at Newark in 1857. That same year he had been admitted to the bar at Albany, N. Y. He represented Kendall County in the Legislature in 1868 and 1872. He was a Presidential Elector and voted for General Grant in 1872. In 1871 he became solicitor for the Union Stock-Yards and Transit company and in 1873 moved to Chicago. In 1859 he married Julia A. Manchester, who survives him. They had four children, four of whom are living.

Mr. Coy was a member of the State Board of Agriculture and had charge of the art exhibit. He was also a director in the Live Stock National Bank, and a trustee of the Forty-first Street Presbyterian Church.

College Clocks Burned Out.

A heavy current from an electric light wire destroyed the observatory clock and bell system of Northwestern University at 7 a. m. yesterday. The clock in the university business office in Davis street was entirely consumed. The clock in the tower of University Hall, another in the vestibule of the building, one in Lunt Library, and one in the chapel were also burned out and the system of bells covering all the recitation-rooms of the university was put out of service. One of the feed wires became crossed with a wire of the university's system, and that raised the havoc with the clocks. It will be several days before the system can be repaired.

Requisition for Rumstetter.

Governor Tanner yesterday issued a requisition on the Governor of Pennsylvania for the extradition of Charles Rumstetter, now in jail at Pittsburg. He is accused of stealing clothing to the value of $500 from Fred Griesheimer of Chicago.

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DWYER HAS A LU

He Wins a Stake, a Hand Purse at Graves

OTHER EVENTS OF RAC

Harlem's star event yester
fifth race, five and one-half f
year-olds, which was won b
Havill's Bramble filly Algar
all the way and finished alone.
was the favorite at 9 to 5, it
Benhadad, 5 to 1 each Loving
reta, long prices the others.
fair. Presbyterian was crowd
for home, where Benhadad an
both had him beaten, but comi
the homestretch he caught Be
betting ring, and, crossing Mc
ran home on the rail, finis
Benhadad being third. There
of foul and the horses were
finished.

A large Monday crowd w
eighteen bookmakers attende
in the ring. The day was c
the track heavy. Vitrola, Buc
Farley were the winning fav

The last race of the day aga
the starter can be fooled, Mr.
ally presenting the race to th
ite, Farley, dropping his fla
wood came up, running som
ahead of the next horse. Fa
vored, won all the way, East
second until W. C. T. came u
got away at least six length
ley, but was lapped on at the
Eve ran third. J. W. Schorr b
Robber, who ran miserably.
put a commission of $300 on F

Connolly, "the colored Iri
"there" again in the first rac
7 to 1 shot Baliverso to victor
a newcomer, belonging to L
was a strong play at 16 to 5,
14 to 5 of the favorite, Bob
dicious was first away, followe
On the upper turn Baliverso w
Garnet fourth. At the last eig
had all the others beaten, b
out by Cutler, who got off in
ran a great race, showing hi
partial to a long price. Star
finished third.

Vitrola ran an extraordinar
mile dash. Getting off in the
so knocked about that she w
up the backstretch and twen
hind Hessville, who led the
Why, by three lengths and the
bunch by four lengths. Vit
position around the last turn
lengths behind Hessville, but
jockey, never quit riding an
leader 100 yards from the wir
by two lengths. Belville was

As Imp was scratched fr
event the race was declared
substituted of the same con
Massie opened at 8 to 5 an
backed down to 1 to 4, it being
each Moncreith and Preston.
with a flying start, at once
lengths on Preston, but the
into the stretch and was not
close in, where Caywood's st
against J. Woods, who sat st
Massie won by a long neck.
outrun from the start and was
lengths.

Admetus, an 8 to 1 shot, w
race by several lengths. Meta
led the field to the homest
Fonclif, favorite at 2 to 1,
Nikita, third, was here beaten.
the extreme outside, ran ove
and had everything safe a
Lady Dixon, coming from the
ond, and Metaire lasted long
third money. Gustave Cook
backed at 16 to 5, as was Pu
5 to 1. The former was "abso

Harlem Summaries S

Weather clear, track slow.
First race, ⅝ mile, purse $40
maidens:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St.
7—1..Balverso, 115 [Connolly].5
7—1..Cutter, 112 [Warren].....3
6—1..Star and C., 114 [M'gn'n].7

Time, 1:04½. Judicious, 115 p
111; Bob Garnet, 109; Coronatus
fellow, 117; and Nivoce, 117, als
ch. c., by Farandole—Estelle
start. Won driving hard. Cutter
on the turn. Judicious and Oga
other to pieces.

Second race, 1 mile, purse $400,

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St.
5—2..Vitrola, 95 [Gray].....8
5—1..Hessville, 95 [D'n'd'n].1
10—1..Belville, 105 [Gouin]...9

Time, 1:44. Why, 95 pounds; R
laska, 108; King Galong, 98; L
Sandoval, 108; Find Out, 108; C
Jones, 105; and Vigars, 108, also
f., 3, by Pontico—Verosa. Start
erly. Belville made up a lot of
showed some early speed.

Third race, ¾ mile, purse $400:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St.
1—3..B. Massie, 112 [C'ywood].1
4—1..Preston, 109 [J. Woods]..3
6—1..Moncreith, 106 [C'nolly].2

Time, 1:15. Winner, br. h.,
Triana. Start perfect. Won in a

Fourth race, 1 mile, purse $400,

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St.
7—1..Admetus, 95 [D'n'd'n]...5
5—1..L. Dixon, 105 [C'n'lly].7
20—1..Metaire, 105 [Kitley]..3

Purse Proud, 98 pounds; Swor
clif, 100; Nikita, 105; Gustave Co
Time, 1:43. Winner b. g., 3, by
Joppa. Start good. Won clever
was off in the ruck and never abl
Purse Proud was coming strong.

Fifth race, 11-16 mile, purse $

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St.
9—2..Algareta, 104 [Warren]..1
2—1..Presbyterian, 104 [T.M'y].3
8—1..Ben Hadad, 102 [C'n'ly].7

Time, 1:09. Loving Cup, 104 p
102; Trickster, 95; and Tennie, 92
ner b. f., by Bramble—Caledoni
Won easily. Presbyterian swer
called upon. Loving Cup did not
Knowles was generally messed

Sixth race, ¾ mile, purse $400,

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St.
9—5..Farley, 110 [Caywood]..1
3—1..W. C. T., 106 [C'n'lly]..5
12—1—E. Eve, 96 [D'n'd'n]...3

Time, 1:15½. Sea Robber, 10
Skip Me, 104; and Pitfall, 102, al
ch. g., 5, by Audrain—Jessie Hat
Won hand ridden. W. C. T. wa
footed when the flag fell.

The following table gives the po

	Place.	Show.	
Baliverso	2—1	1—1	Lady D
Cutter	2—1	1—1	Metairi
Star and C.		1—1	Algaret
Vitrola	1—1	7—10	Presbyt
Hessville	2—1	1—1	Benhad
Belville		2—1	Farley
Preston		4—5	W. C. T
Admetus	5—2	6—5	Easter

Today's Entrie

Harlem offers a good card t
feature being the Illinois Stake
Dunois and Lincoln, each at
and Carner, 101, the Murphy ent
103, and the 2-year-old Forbush,
nounced starters. It will be Linc
ance here since last year. He
liantly last winter in San Franci
fairly well in the East. Today's

First race, ½ mile, purse $400,
107 pounds; Dejure, 110; Red,
Song Bird, 104; Helen Wren, 1
Teeta May, 110; Inspector Hunt
110; Tom Sayre, 110; Miss Al F
land, 110; Ursula, 110; Verdi, 11
110; Mamie Callan, 104; Pitfall, 1

Second race, 11-16 mile, purse
olds—Globe II., 107 pounds; F
Tom Calvert, 103; The Ace, 10
107; Cherrybounce II., 107; Moch,
Fonsovannah, 103; Lady Marie,
107; Rose Maid, 95; Felix Youn
104; Depending, 103; Hal's M
Hadad, 107; Billy Mason, 107.

Third race, ¾ mile, purse $40
Miller, 110 pounds; Don Fulano,
110; Purse Proud, 107; Idle Hour
Golightly, 104; The Deuce, 110;
seen, 113.

Fourth race, 1 mile, purse $
Stakes, selling—Lincoln II., 99
104; Carnero, 101; Forbush, 7
103; Dunois, 99.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, purse $4
Miss Hoy, 88 pounds; Sunburst,
Judge Quigley, 91; Paul Grig
114; Nannie Davis, 88; Aquina
114; Harry Gwynn, 108; Arezzo,

Sixth race, ⅞ mile, purse $400,
100 pounds; La Moore, 105; Terr
105; Loudon, 100; Donation, 1
Virgie Dixon, 100; Trilby, 105;
[illegible] Black Jack, 100; Glenmor

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LEADS ALL THE WAY

Algareta's Speedy Race at the Harlem Track.

BUCK MASSIE ALSO WINS.

Good Class of Horses Running at the West Side Course.

DWYER HAS A LUCKY DAY

He Wins a Stake, a Handicap, and a Purse at Gravesend.

OTHER EVENTS OF RACE TRACKS.

Harlem's star event yesterday was the fifth race, five and one-half furlongs, for 2-year-olds, which was won by George B. Havill's Bramble filly Algareta. She led all the way and finished alone. Presbyterian was the favorite at 9 to 5, it being 3 to 1 Benhadad, 5 to 1 each Loving Cup and Algareta, long prices the others. The start was fair. Presbyterian was crowded at the turn for home, where Benhadad and Loving Cup both had him beaten, but coming strongly in the homestretch he caught Benhadad at the betting ring, and, crossing McGuigan's colt, ran home on the rail, finishing second, Benhadad being third. There was no claim of foul and the horses were placed as they finished.

A large Monday crowd was out and eighteen bookmakers attended to its wants in the ring. The day was clear and cool, the track heavy. Vitrola, Buck Massie, and Farley were the winning favorites.

The last race of the day again showed how the starter can be fooled, Mr. Dwyer virtually presenting the race to the 2 to 1 favorite, Farley, dropping his flag when Caywood came up, running some two lengths ahead of the next horse. Farley, thus favored, won all the way, Easter Eve being second until W. C. T. came up. The latter got away at least six lengths behind Farley, but was lapped on at the finish. Easter Eve ran third. J. W. Schorr bet $400 on Sea Robber, who ran miserably. A $10 bettor put a commission of $300 on Farley.

Connolly, "the colored Irishman," was "there" again in the first race, piloting the 7 to 1 shot Baliverso to victory. Judicious, a newcomer, belonging to Leigh & Lahir, was a strong play at 16 to 5, as against the 14 to 5 of the favorite, Bob Garnet. Judicious was first away, followed by Ogamar. On the upper turn Baliverso was third, Bob Garnet fourth. At the last eighth Baliverso had all the others beaten, but was driven out by Cutler, who got off in the rear and ran a great race, showing himself a horse partial to a long price. Star and Crescent finished third.

Vitrola ran an extraordinary race in the mile dash. Getting off in the jamb, she was so knocked about that she was nearly last up the backstretch and twenty lengths behind Hessville, who led the second horse, Why, by three lengths and the leaders of the bunch by four lengths. Vitrola, in third position around the last turn, was still six lengths behind Hessville, but C. Gray, her jockey, never quit riding and, passing the leader 100 yards from the wire, Vitrola won by two lengths. Belville was third.

As Imp was scratched from the third event the race was declared off and one substituted of the same conditions. Buck Massie opened at 3 to 5 and was quickly backed down to 1 to 4, it being 6 to 1 against each Moncreith and Preston. Buck Massie, with a flying start, at once opened two lengths on Preston, but the latter led him into the stretch and was not caught until close in, where Caywood's strength told as against J. Woods, who sat still, and Buck Massie won by a long neck. Moncreith was outrun from the start and was beaten many lengths.

Admetus, an 8 to 1 shot, won the fourth race by several lengths. Metaire, at 30 to 1, led the field to the homestretch, where Fonelif, favorite at 2 to 1, was second. Nikita, third, was here beaten. Admetus, on the extreme outside, ran over the leaders and had everything safe a furlong out. Lady Dixon, coming from the rear, ran second, and Metaire lasted long enough to get third money. Gustave Cook was heavily backed at 16 to 5, as was Purse Proud at 5 to 1. The former was "absolutely."

Harlem Summaries Sept. 20.

Weather clear, track slow.

First race, ⅝ mile, purse $400, 2-year-olds, maidens:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
7—1	Balverso, 115 [Connolly]	5h	3²	3³	2½	1ⁿ
7—1	Cutter, 112 [Warren]	8h	5¼	4⁴	3²	2²
6—1	Star and C., 114 [M'gn'n]	7½	8¹⁰	5²	6³	3nk

Time, 1:04¾. Judicious, 115 pounds; Ogamar, 111; Bob Garnet, 109; Coronatus, 115; Dr. Goodfellow, 117; and Nivoce, 117, also ran. Winner, ch. c., by Farandole—Estelle Whitney. Good start. Won driving hard. Cutter was hemmed in on the turn. Judicious and Ogamar raced each other to pieces.

Second race, 1 mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
5—2	Vitrola, 95 [Gray]	8½	9½	6h	2³	1³
5—1	Hessville, 95 [D'n'd'n]	1nk	1⁴	1⁴	1⁴	2¹⁰
10—1	Belville, 105 [Gouin]	9nk	10²	4²	4½	3nk

Time, 1:44. Why, 95 pounds; Ragner, 105; Onalaska, 108; King Galong, 98; Little Tom, 105; Sandoval, 108; Find Out, 108; Cochina, 108; Lon Jones, 105; and Vigars, 108, also ran. Winner, b. f., 3, by Pontico—Verosa. Start good. Won cleverly. Belville made up a lot of ground. Cochina showed some early speed.

Third race, ¾ mile, purse $400:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
1—8	B. Massie, 112 [C'ywood]	1nk	1nk	2⁵	2⁴	1nk
4—1	Preston, 109 [J. Woods]	3	2⁴	1nk	1½	2⁵
6—1	Moncreith, 106 [C'nolly]	2h	3	3	3	3

Time, 1:15. Winner, br. h., 5, by Hanover—Triana. Start perfect. Won in a long hard drive.

Fourth race, 1 mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
7—1	Admetus, 95 [D'n'd'n]	5h	5¹	4nk	2½	1²
5—1	L. Dixon, 105 [C'n'lly]	7Qk	7nk	8	4nk	2nk
20—1	Metaire, 105 [Kitley]	3nk	1½	1½	1¹	3½

Purse Proud, 98 pounds; Swordsman, 98; Fonclif, 100; Nikita, 105; Gustave Cook, 112, also ran. Time, 1:43. Winner b. g., 3, by King Alfonso—Joppa. Start good. Won cleverly. Lady Dixon was off in the ruck and never able to get through. Purse Proud was coming strong.

Fifth race, 11-16 mile, purse $400, 2-year-olds:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
9—2	Algareta, 104 [Warren]	1nk	1nk	2	2½	1⁵
2—1	Presbyterian, 104 [T.M'y]	3nk	3nk	3h	3²	2²
6—1	Ben Hadad, 102 [C'n'ly]	7	2h	1nk	1nk	3nk

Time, 1:09. Loving Cup, 104 pounds; Knowles, 102; Trickster, 95; and Tennie, 92, also ran. Winner b. f., by Bramble—Caledonia. Perfect start. Won easily. Presbyterian swerved badly when called upon. Loving Cup did not run to the notch. Knowles was generally messed about.

Sixth race, ¾ mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
2—5	Farley, 110 [Caywood]	1½	1²	1²	1⁴	1¹
3—1	W. C. T., 106 [C'n'lly]	5nk	5²	5⁸	2¹½	2⁸
12—1	E. Eve, 96 [D'n'd'n]	3h	2²	2²½	2nk	3²

Time, 1:15⅛. Sea Robber, 105 pounds; Don't Skip Me, 104; and Pitfall, 102, also ran. Winner, ch. g., 5, by Audrain—Jessie Hatcher. Start bad. Won hand ridden. W. C. T. was standing flatfooted when the flag fell.

The following table gives the post odds:

	Place.	Show.		Place.	Show.
Baliverso	2—1	1—1	Lady Dixon	8—5	4—5
Cutter	2—1	1—1	Metaire		4—1
Star and C.	1—1	1—1	Algareta	8—5	4—5
Vitrola	1—1	7—10	Presbyterian	7—10	
Hessville	2—1	1—1	Benhadad		3—5
Belville		2—1	Farley	3—5	
Preston		4—5	W. C. T.	6—5	3—5
Admetus	5—2	6—5	Easter Eve		1—1

Today's Entries.

Harlem offers a good card today, the star feature being the Illinois Stake at a mile, with Dunois and Lincoln, each at 99; Souffle, 104, and Carner, 101, the Murphy entry; Dr. Sheppard, 103, and the 2-year-old Forbush, at 77, as the announced starters. It will be Lincoln's first appearance here since last year. He campaigned brilliantly last winter in San Francisco and has done fairly well in the East. Today's entries:

First race, ¾ mile, purse $400, selling—Barnato, 107 pounds; Dejure, 110; Red, 107; Weola, 110; Song Bird, 104; Helen Wren, 110; Cochina, 113; Teeta May, 110; Inspector Hunt, 110; Floreanna, 110; Tom Sayre, 110; Miss Al Farrow, 104; Ashland, 110; Ursula, 110; Verdi, 113; Warren Point, 110; Mamie Callan, 104; Pitfall, 110.

Second race, 11-16 mile, purse $400, for 2-year-olds—Globe II., 107 pounds; Flo Honeydew, 95; Tom Calvert, 103; The Ace, 104; Dave Waldo, 107; Cherrybounce II., 107; Moch, 103; Sacket, 110; Fonsovannah, 103; Lady Marie, 95; Crystalline, 107; Rose Maid, 98; Felix Young, 98; Graziella, 104; Depending, 103; Hal's Mount, 103; Ben Hadad, 107; Billy Mason, 107.

Third race, ¾ mile, purse $400, selling—Minnie Miller, 110 pounds; Don Fulano, 116; Colonel Gay, 110; Purse Proud, 107; Idle Hour, 107; Diggs, 110; Golightly, 104; The Deuce, 110; Adowa, 104; Forseen, 113.

Fourth race, 1 mile, purse $1,200, the Illinois Stakes, selling—Lincoln II., 99 pounds; Souffle, 104; Carnero, 101; Forbush, 77; Dr. Sheppard, 103; Dunois, 99.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, purse $400, for all ages—Miss Hoy, 88 pounds; Sunburst, 114; Itasca, 88; Judge Quigley, 91; Paul Griggs, 108; Redskin, 114; Nannie Davis, 88; Aquinas, 105; Rewarder, 114; Harry Gwynn, 108; Arezzo, 103; Mordecai, 91.

Sixth race, ⅞ mile, purse $400, selling—Overella, 100 pounds; La Moore, 105; Terranet, 100; J. H. C., 105; Loudon, 100; Donation, 100; Necedah, 105; Virgie Dixon, 100; Trilby, 105; Senator Morrill, 100; Black Jack, 105; Glenmoyne, 100; Metaire, 100; Sea Robber, 105; Simmons, 107; Travis, 108; Indra, 111; Lady Dixon, 100.

MY MARYLAND'S IMPROVEMENT.

It Is Sudden, and Her Owner Is Ordered from the Oakley Track—Other Races.

Cincinnati, O., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—The most flagrant reversal of form seen on the Cincinnati tracks this season developed in connection with the third race this afternoon. It was a five-furlong condition affair for 2-year-old fillies that had started and not won at the meeting. Margaret Jane, Afamada, and Ada Russell were the betting choices. My Maryland, who could not get out of her own way on Saturday went to the post at 7 to 1. To the astonishment of those who witnessed Saturday's race she ran over Margaret Jane and Ada Russell in the stretch and won in a gallop. After the Saturday race Charley Reiff, who rode My Maryland, went into the stand and told the judges that his mount had been stuffed. W. W. Worthington, the owner of the filly, was called into the stand after today's race, and when asked to account for the sudden reversal of form he claimed somebody about his stable had been tampering with his filly. The Oakley officials took little stock in his claim and ordered him to take his horses from the track.

H. J. Woodford, who was suspended Saturday pending an investigation into his bank account, was reinstated after the bank officials had wired today that he had money to his credit, and his horse, Big Knight, easily won the closing event from the 3 to 5 favorite. Only one favorite won.

The Oakley meeting is scheduled to close Saturday, but as Latonia does not begin until a week later the management contemplates an extention of the meeting.

Oakley Summaries Sept. 20.

Weather clear. Track fast.

First race, maiden 2-year-olds, 4½ furlongs, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¾	Str.	Fin.
9—5	Teucer, 105 [Scherrer]	1	3¹	3²	1½
12—1	Rotha, 104 [J. Hill]	3	1h	2²	2¹
9—2	Aunt Maggie, 102 [Aker]	7	2²	1h	3¹

Time, :55¾. First Call, 105 pounds; Creedmore L., 110; Zenith, 102; Virgie Cook, 107; and African, 105, also ran as named. Start good, won cleverly. Creedmore L. had little speed. Virgie Cook was prominent to turn.

Second race, 6 furlongs, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
7—1	S. Marie, 104 [J. Hill]	5	6³	6¹	5½	1h
8—1	The Sculptor, 96 [C. Clay]	2	3h	5½	3⁴	2½
2—1	Masterpiece, 96 [Huston]	7	5h	4½	6³	3²

Time, 1:15¼. Violet Parsons, 101 pounds; Dominica, 98; Dago, 99; Dr. Coleman, 104; Olly Gamin, 110; Suydam, 102; and Carlotta C., 89; also ran. Start good. Won first three driving. The boy on The Sculptor could not help him. Dr. Coleman quit last furlong. Violet Parsons led to the stretch.

Third race, 2-year-old fillies, ⅝ mile:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
7—1	My M'ryland, 105 [Aker]	4	3½	3³	3³	1½
1—1	M. Jane, 105 [C. Reiff]	1	1½	1½	2½	2²
5—1	A. Russell, 105 [Sherrer]	2	2³	2²	1⁵	3³

Time, 1:03. Afamado, 105 pounds; Udah, 100; Queen of Hurstbourne, 100; Nankinoo, 105; and Sunbonnet, 108, also ran. Start good. Won easily. Alfamado, off badly, closed ground.

Fourth race, all ages, 7 furlongs:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
4—1	E. Wicks, 103 [J. M't'ws]	1	1¹	1½	1²	1⁴
6—5	B. Bramble, 106 [Sch'er]	2	3¹⁵	3¹⁵	3⁴⁰	2²
4—5	Gid Law, 108 [J. Hill]	4	2¹	2²	2³	3⁵⁰

Time, 1:27¾. Don Alfonso, 108 pounds, also ran. Start good. Won in a gallop. Gid Law was stopping on end.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
11—5	E. Burke, 105 [H. W'ms]	5	2⁵	1h	1½	1³
2—1	Forsythe, 102 [Aker]	2	1²	2³	2²	2ⁿ
1—1	L. W., 104 [C. Reiff]	1	3³	3⁸	3⁸	3ⁿ

Time, 1:48. Nannie D., 98 pounds, and Tremona, 98, finished as named. Start good. Won easily.

Sixth race, same as second:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
10—1	Big Knight [ ]	4	2¹	2¹	1½	1¹
3—5	C. Lyle, 107 [C. Reiff]	3	1¹½	1¹	2²	2¹⁰
9—2	Osmon, 102 [J. M'hews]	5	3h	5½	3²	3²

Time, 1:14¾. Governor Saussinthaler, 93 pounds; La Wanda, 102; The Navy, 96; and Fairoun, 104, also ran as named. White Oak, 96 pounds, ran away 3½ miles to false break and was left at post. Post 20 minutes. Start fair. Won easily. Demon poorly ridden. Was eased up in stretch. Poor ride on Saussinthaler.

Today's Entries.

First race, selling, 11-16 mile—Sister Jane, George Krats, 96 pounds; Jackanapes, 104; Wilson, 107; Molo, 108; George B. Cox, 110.

Second race, ¾ mile—Harry Thoburn, 96 pounds; Three Bars, Belzara, 103; Pouting, 104; Derby Maid, 105; High Test, 107; Cyclone, 108; Madrilene, 110; Fred Barr, 114.

Third race, 1 mile—Rarus, 84 pounds; Udah, 87; Don Quixote, 90; Bessie McCalahan, 97; Clara, 101; Oral, Bleakmore, 102; Nordau, Joe Mussie, Croesus, 105.

Fourth race, Gem Stakes, 1 mile—Marcato, Pontus, 115 pounds; Eitholin, Lieber Karl, 121; Malvolio, 123; My Maryland, 112.

Fifth race, selling, 1 mile—Dominica, 97 pounds; Galley West, 100; Big Knight, Fred K., Barton, 102; Harry Gaines, Aunt Jane, 104; Hilda, 107; A. B. C., 108; Berclair, 110.

M. F. DWYER'S HORSES IN FRONT

Win Both Stakes and a Purse at Gravesend—Howard Mann Badly Beaten.

New York, Sept. 20.—At Gravesend today M. F. Dwyer's horses led the lot of winners. He carried off both stakes and one of the overnight events. The all-white was not in the first race. Salabar, the favorite, was ridden in a lot of pockets and landed fourth, Kenmore Queen and Warrenton leading all the way and finishing in that order in a furious drive. Then began Dwyer's good luck. The next race was a handicap, in which Howard Mann was the favorite and Ben Eder a practically unbacked outsider. Ramiro led for the first quarter and then gave way to Brandywine, who showed the way into the stretch. Simms, however, came up on the rail with Ben Eder, rushed in front, and maintained his advantage to the end.

The Youthful Stakes was next, and Demagogue was a hot favorite, while Previous was as good as 7 to 1 at all times. Kitefoot was first to show in front and kept there to the middle of the upper turn, when she dropped back to fourth place. Then Blueaway assumed the lead, but Previous went by him with a rush and won by a length. Kitefoot came again in the stretch and got the place from Blueaway.

Dwyer's third victory came in the Parkville Handicap, which was next on the card. Billali took the lead at the start and held it up to the last furlong, when Simms brought Cleophus in on the rail in a drive and was soon at the head of the lot, from which place she won all out.

Dwyer tried again in the fifth race with Tom Cromwell, but could do no better than third. Cavalero led all the way to the last sixteenth, when Peat went to the front and won handily by a length.

Weather cloudy. Track fast.

First race, 5 furlongs:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
6—1	K. Queen, 107 [Thorpe]	2	1h	1h	1h	1h
4—1	Warrenton, 110 [H'w't]	1	2h	2½	2½	2½
15—1	Momentum, 103 [H'n'y]	6	3h	3h	3h	3h

Time, 1:03¼. Salabar, 115 pounds; Scotch Plaid, 102; Banished, 110; Gala Day, 115; General Maceo, 101; Hardly, 109; Prince Auckland, 110; Mr. Stoffel, 107, finished as named. Start good. Won driving. Salabar could not get through. Was pocketed on the rail.

Second race, 1 mile:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
15—1	Ben Eder, 118 [Simms]	5	6	3h	1¹	1½
4—1	Rondo, 116 [Taral]	3	5	4	2½	2³
8—1	P. K'y'r, 116 [R. W'ms]	6	8	6	3½	3ⁿ

Time, 1:43¾. Poetess, 114 pounds; Howard Mann, 126; Brandywine, 104; Ramiro II., 112; Libertine, 105; Trillette, 89; and Bastion, 91, finished as named. Start fair. Won easily. Brandywine started out well, but quit. Libertine never tried a yard. Howard Mann got knocked about at the start, made up some ground. Poetess ran a capital race, off last, and carried very wide on first turn. Bastion bled.

Third race, the Youthful Stakes, 5½ furlongs:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
7—1	Previous, 117 [S'ms]	1	8	5	3¹	1¹
5—1	Kitef't, 114 [M'C'ff'y]	2	2h	3h	5	2h
6—1	Bluew'y, 105 [T'pe]	3	1h	1h	1h	3h
5—1	La Goleta, 105 [S'ne]	11	10	9	9	4
8—5	D'm'g'g'e, 117 [T'ral]	7	6	2¹	2½	5
100—1	B'bieca, 100 [O'L'y]	9	9	7	8	6
8—1	B. R'ker, 100 [O'D'n'l]	4	3h	6	6	7
75—1	C. P'k'r, 108 [L'f'ld]	5	5	4	4	8
50—1	Attainm't, 92 [C'rb'y]	6	4	8	9	9
5—1	Saratoga, 103 [B'c'p]	10	11	11	11	10
6—1	Loiterer, 100 [H.M'n]	8	7	10	10	11

Time, 1:10. Start good. Won handily. Kitefoot should have won, dropped suddenly back, but came again. Demagogue stopped badly.

Fourth race, Parkville Handicap, ¾ mile:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
7—5	Cleophus, 122 [Simms]	1	4	4	4	1¹
6—1	Dr. C'tlett, 113 [R. W'ms]	7	5	5	5	2h
8—1	Bromo, 111 [Thorpe]	6	5	6	6	3h

Time, 1:16. Imperator, 107 pounds; Billali, 107; Orion, 109; and Casseopia, 114, finished as named. Start good. Won handily. Cleophus much the best. Billali led to stretch turn, with Orion close up.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
11—5	Peat, 111 [R. Williams]	2	2h	2½	2½	1¹
1—2	Cavalero, 105 [Sloane]	1	1¹	1½	1½	2³
20—1	T. Cromwell, 126 [S'ms]	4	4	2½	3½	3ⁿ

Time, 1:49. Estaca, 108 pounds, also ran. Start good. Won easily. Cavalero made play, but Peat could have gone up to him any part of the journey. Estaca is sore.

Sixth race, ¾ mile, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
5—1	J. A. Gray, 107 [Thorpe]	1	2h	5	5	1h
7—2	Nick, 113 [Taral]	7	4	3½	2h	2³
40—1	P'c'm'k'r, 107 [R. W'ms]	6	3½	1⁵	1¹	3²

Time, 1:16. Good Times, 110 pounds; Break o' Day, 100; Kinnie Kinnick, 111; Irish Reel, 106; and Hanwell, 113, finished as named. Trolley, 108, left at the post. Start bad. Won driving. Kinni Kinnick fairly outrun. Break o' Day showed early speed.

MUST RUN TO FORM AT ERIE.

Jockey White Ruled Off for Pulling and Our Johnny for Being Run "Short."

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 20.—There was only a fair crowd at Fort Erie today. The weather was cold. In the Scully race the judges declared all bets off, as Barometer was pulled and Jockey White was ruled off. In the mile and an eighth handicap Our Johnny was ruled off Canadian tracks for the year. The judges declared his trainer knew the horse was short. Powers was set down for ten days for his ride on Free Lance. Strathrol, in the fifth, was bid up to $700, $400 over his selling price. What was to have been the seventh, a match between South Africa and Flotow, petered into a walk for South Africa. Summaries:

First race, 5 furlongs—Checkers, 109 pounds [Nutt], 4 to 1, won; Newburry, 112 [Harrison], 15 to 1, second; Ennomia, 111 [Neumeyer], 4 to 5, third. Time, 1:03¾. Helmsdale, Charmouse, Harriet Crawford, Moeyer, Garford, and Pinkerton Scout also ran.

Second race, 1 mile, Scully purse—Deanwood, 106 pounds [Powers], 2 to 1, won; Barometer, 99 [White], even, second; King Morgan, 104 [Lendrum], 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:44¾. Mirage and Mist also ran.

Third race, 6 furlongs—Mongolian, 114 pounds [H. Lewis], 3 to 2, won; Sly Fox, 120 [Ballard], 3 to 2, second; Abe Fashion, 114 [Irwin], 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:16. Dinsmore, Lucid, and George Jr. also ran.

Fourth race, 1⅛ miles—L. B., 94 pounds [Forbes], 20 to 1, won; Our Johnny, 107 [Irving], 1 to 5, second; Free Lance, 107 [Powers], 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:55. Anna Lyle also ran.

Fifth race, 7 furlongs, selling—Strathrol, 112 pounds [Piggott], 2 to 3, won; Amber, 115½ [H. Lewis], 3 to 1, second; Alarum, 109 [Irving], 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:29¼. Odd Genius, Mohawk Prince, Belle of Killarney, Mantle, and Langdon also ran.

Sixth race, 5½ furlongs, selling—Marsian, 98 pounds [Coylie], 5 to 2, won; Never, 100 [Bergen], 7 to 2, second; Lou Lou R., 91 [Songer], 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:08½. Dr. Work, Sidney Bender, Summersea, King Son, and Animosa also ran.

Kas the Long Shot at Windsor.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 20.—Despite the cold weather a large crowd was at the Windsor track. Kas furnished the surprise, winning all the way at 20 to 1. The Scully race was won by Beuzetta. Weather clear. Track fast.

First race, ⅝ mile, selling—Kas, 101 pounds [L. Smith], 20 to 1, won; Sir Arlo, 103 [Morgan], 6 to 1, second; Our Lizzie, 103 [Ross], 3 to 5, third. Time, 1:02¾. Prince Hal, Tenrica, Spunwell, Jim Armstrong, Wilmeter, and Nikola Tesla also ran.

Second race, ¾ mile—Tea Rose III., 97 pounds [Clawson], 1 to 2, won; Jennie June, 105 [Sherland], 2 to 1, second; Judge Wardell, 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:15. Glen Albyn, Wathen, Creveling, and George Patterson also ran.

Third race, 1 mile, selling—Frank Jaubert, 109 pounds [J. Shields], 8 to 1, won; G. R. Longhurst, 99 [N. Turner], 3 to 1, second; Tutuilla, 8 to 5, third. Time, 1:42¾. Rockwood, Susie Howze, Traveler, and Miss Perkins also ran.

Fourth race, 11-16 mile, selling—Duoro, 108 pounds [J. Gardner], 4 to 5, won; Lela B., 99 [R. Mason], 30 to 1, second; Merry Glen, 100 [L. Smith], 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:08¾. Beguile, Go to Bed, Simon D., Farm Life, and Katie H. also ran.

Fifth race, Scully purse, 11-16 mile—Beuzetta, 101 pounds [Randall], 3 to 1, won; Longbrook, 105 [Morgan], 3 to 1, second; Overflow, 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:09¾. Cralo, Merry Chimes, War Club, Sunshine, Edith, and Narcissus also ran.

Geers Takes McCarthy's Place.

Portland, Me., Sept. 20.—One thousand people saw the races at Rigby today. The unfinished 2:15 pace of Saturday, in which two heats had been trotted, both won by Cadet, was first called. McCarthy seemed disinclined or unable to keep his horse to the front today, and after three heats had been trotted Geers was substituted and landed the chestnut a winner. Now a Day won in the 2-year-old 2:50 class, after dropping a heat to Amby. The 3-year-old 2:40 trot was unfinished on account of fog which enfolded the track. It was a race between Red Seal and Miss Margaret, who each landed a heat in fast time. Dare Devil won two heats in the 2:25 trot, and that, too, had to be put over. Summaries:

2:15 class, pacing, purse $500—Cadet won first and second heats Saturday. Today Cadet won the sixth heat and race. Time, 2:13¼. Billy A. took the fourth heat. Time, 2:14½. Zana took the fifth heat. Time, 2:14½. Lee took the third heat. Time, 2:12¼.

2-year-old, 2:50 class, purse $1,000—Now a Day won second and third heats. Time, 2:20, 2:16¼. Amby took the first heat. Time, 2:25¼.

3-year-old, 2:40 class, purse $1,500 [unfinished]—Miss Margaret took the first heat. Time, 2:11¾. Red Seal took the second heat. Time, 2:11¼.

2:25 class, trotting, purse $1,500 [unfinished]—Dare Devil took first and second heats. Time, 2:13¼, 2:12½.

Notes of the Tracks.

Little Tom threw his rider at the post, but was caught and remounted.

Sam Hildreth has arrived at Harlem with Lincoln II. and nine other horses.

Tommy Burns was set down for the day by Starter Dwyer for bad behavior at the post.

Mike Danaher says that Harlem will soon be the hardest place in the country to win a race.

Ed Tipton of Anaconda, Mont., is in town and reports a successful season of racing at his tracks.

Beginning on Thursday the first race at Harlem will be called at 2:15. Trains on the suburban road will then leave the depot at 12:45, 1:10, and 1:25 p. m.

The Kentucky Derby, Clark Stakes, and Kentucky Oaks of the new Louisville Jockey club close Oct. 15. They are on the "all cash, no forfeit" plan. Beginning in 1898 the meetings of this association will be extended to fifteen days or longer.

The starting machine was supposedly adopted to do away with running starts, and if possible each horse should have his head against the webbing and be standing like a foot runner on the mark ready for the word. But at Harlem in many instances boys are allowed to come up running, and often the flag falls with a horse entirely on his stride, while the others are standing still. There is something radically wrong in all this and some day its effect on racing will be clearly shown.

PRETTY SITE FOR POE COTTAGE.

New York Officials Arrange to Have the Building Placed in a Park.

New York, Sept. 20.—[Special.]—Edgar Allan Poe's fame will be perpetuated in the pretty little park which the commissioners have decided to construct at East One Hundred and Ninety-second street and Kingsbridge road. The board has aproved the plans made by Superintendent Parsons and $40,000 has been voted for the work.

Poe's cottage, restored to something like its condition at the time he wrote "The Raven," will be placed within the beautifully laid out grounds. Within sixty feet of the cottage a statue of the poet will be erected.

The rescue and preservation of Poe's old home is due to the efforts of a few patriotic and literary people. Plans for widening Kingsbridge road had been approved, and the vandal hands of the contractor were about to be laid upon it, when Appleton Morgan and the Shakspeare society stepped forward to save it. The intention of the city authorities was to treat it as they do other property in the line of improvements—tear it down and sell it for second-hand lumber.

EDWARD BELLAMY IN THE CITY.

Writer, in Ill-Health, Passes Through Chicago on His Way to the Rockies.

Edward Bellamy, the advanced thinker and writer upon economical subjects, was in Chicago yesterday on his way to Denver. His lungs are said to be affected and his health has broken down under the strain of preparing his latest book, "Equality."

He left last night for his destination. During the time he was in the city he denied himself to all visitors. During the afternoon his name was removed from the register of the Briggs House, where he was stopping. He is accompanied by his wife and child and by his brother, A. K. Bellamy. So far as is known Mr. Bellamy had no communication with Eugene V. Debs or others interested in the scheme of the Social Democracy. An effort was made in vain to secure his opinion upon the dissension which has disturbed the body modeled upon lines almost as Utopian as his fancifully created society.

SHE WILL WED IN A HOSPITAL.

Miss Birdina Wallace Goes to Pittsburg to Marry Her Sick Fiance.

The wedding of Miss Birdina Wallace, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John F. Wallace of Kenwood, will take place this evening, but not in the Evangelical Union Church, as scheduled. Instead, she will be married at the bedside of her fiancé, Thornton Orr, in the Mercy Hospital, Pittsburg.

It was expected that Mr. Orr would be here, and a large wedding and reception was planned. Forty-eight hours ago Mr. Orr was stricken with an acute attack of gastritis and the plans have been in commotion ever since. Finally the whole matter was rearranged, and at 11:30 last evening Miss Wallace, with her father and mother, took a Pennsylvania train for Pittsburg. Mr. Orr is an Eastern agent for the Santa Fé road.

FRANK B. ORR CRITICALLY ILL.

President of the State Street Hardware Firm Suffers from Brain Fever.

Frank B. Orr, the veteran President of the Orr & Lockett Hardware company, 50 State street, is seriously ill at his residence, No. 4450 Ellis avenue. Last summer he had an attack of heat prostration, which finally brought on brain fever. A few days ago his condition became worse and last night it had reached a critical stage. Inquiry at the home brought forth the answer, however, that the case was one in which no immediate change was expected.

SAYS SHE WAS HYPNOTIZED.

Mrs. C. H. De Gryse Has Her Husband Arrested and Charges Him with Getting Her $10,000.

Mrs. Charles H. De Gryse, who refused to give her address, for fear, she said, her better half would abduct her children, had her husband arrested yesterday. She said by hypnotism he had secured $10,000 from her and then gone away. De Gryse was released on bonds, and said he could disprove his wife's assertions.

Votes Bill on Mrs. Middleton.

Mrs. Frances Middleton, wife of George Middleton, the dime museum proprietor, was charged with assault with intent to kill Belle Carmen, an actress, in an indictment voted against her by the grand jury yesterday. Mrs. Middleton stabbed Miss Carmen twice with a knife several weeks ago in Clark street.

SAYS LOW MAY QUIT.

Mayor Strong Throws New Light on the Situation.

TO UNITE ALL FACTIONS.

Compromise on Another Candidate Now the Talk.

WILL IT BE COL. STRONG?

New York, Sept. 20.—[Special.]—The possibility of Seth Low withdrawing from the Mayoralty race and the report that he was much dissatisfied with the situation were the most prolific causes of interest and speculation in the local political world today. The foundation for the story that Mr. Low might retire from the contest was an interview with Mayor Strong, who has all along been an ardent Low man and declared unreservedly that he would like to see him elected.

The Mayor expressed the opinion that it was not unlikely Mr. Low would withdraw, that the Republicans would also taken down their candidate, and a compromise finally be effected on some one agreeable both to the Citizens' union and the Republican organization.

Strong Talks with Low.

Mayor Strong has been talking with Mr. Low, but what passed between them he refuses to say. As to the situation, however, the Mayor said:

"Mr. Low is a very plucky man, and he seldom gives up what he has once determined on. But Mr. Low is a sensible man, and if he is convinced that he cannot be elected I have no doubt that some other arrangement will be made."

"Do you mean, Mr. Mayor, that if the Republicans put up a straight ticket Mr. Low will withdraw, and that the Republicans will then withdraw their candidate, and that some candidate agreeable to the Citizens' union and the Republicans will be united upon?"

"Yes, sir; that is what I believe will be the ending of this matter. While Mr. Low is both plucky and determined, he is possessed of a great deal of good sense. Before he will withdraw he must be convinced that he cannot win. When he is convinced of that fact his own good sense will tell him what to do.

"Personally, I want Mr. Low to be Mayor of Greater New York. I think he is admirably qualified for the office, both on account of his experience and from his perfect knowledge of the Greater New York charter.

"There is no use saying that I think he will be elected by going it alone, because I don't believe so. He must get the indorsement of the Republican machine if he is to be elected.

"Now, I do not say that the machine is all wrong about this matter. If I were a machinist I would do the same thing. Every man has the right to his own opinions."

Reports say that Mayor Strong himself is the most likely compromise candidate in case such an outcome of the situation as he suggests results. It is claimed that the national administration is in favor of Mayor Strong's reëlection, and that President McKinley deftly sidetracked Cornelius N. Bliss when he was spoken of as the "unifying" candidate by appointing him his Secretary of the Interior.

Mr. Low Uncertain.

Mr. Low is represented as being in a very unsettled state of mind over the situation, and not a little amazed to find that his candidacy is not a "unifying force" as yet. When he reached this city last week he was hopeful that a basis of union with the Republicans could be established, and a number of his friends have been at work to bring it about. The Brooklyn Committee of Fifty, which is controlled by Mr. Low's friends, has practically gone out of business, it is said, and bemoans the precipitancy of the Citizens' union in putting Mr. Low in the field on Sept 1.

Mr. Low himself spent part of today at the Columbia College grounds, and afterward sought the council of his friends. It is known that he has interviewed a number of influential Republicans in order to get their views about his chances, and that he will continue to do so this week, so as to get at the true situation for himself.

Jacob Worth of Brooklyn, it was currently reported yesterday, had forsaken Low and now only wanted to get his candidate for Sheriff named. Mr. Worth denied this today and said he was just as much for Low as ever. The fight of the Platt men and Worth faction for political supremacy in Kings County will be fought out in the primaries tomorrow night.

Denial of the Story.

The possibility of Mr. Low retiring from the field is laughed at by members of the Citizens' union.

"Nonsense," said James B. Reynolds, chairman of the Executive committee of the Citizens' union. "It makes no difference what Mr. Strong may say. Mr. Low is our nominee for Mayor and will remain in the field until the polls close. More than that I do not care to say."

It was announced today that E. M. Knox, a wealthy business-man, who came near getting the Democratic nomination for Mayor in 1882, would probably be the candidate of the Bryan Democrats for Mayor. Justice Gaynor and Henry George are also considered. A call issued by the State National Democratic committee for a meeting of the committee to indorse nomination of Judge A. B. Parker, the regular Democratic nominee, is taken to mean that the gold Democrats will also approve the Tammany ticket.

Platt's Sweeping Victory.

The Republican primaries were held in New York County tonight and the result was a clean victory for the Platt men.

The primaries were held in each of the 883 election districts of the city. At these primaries delegates were elected to the Assembly district conventions, and they will later elect the delegates to the city convention to be held in Carnegie Music Hall on Sept. 28. There were contests in only three of the Assembly districts, and in each case the regular organization men were elected.

In Brooklyn the Democratic primaries were held and resulted in a victory for Hugh McLaughlin, and the machine won in a large number of districts and will be able to control the county nominations.

Republicans of the Fifth Assembly District, calling themselves the John E. Milholland club, at a meeting tonight indorsed the candidacy of Seth Low. They declare he is the only hope of defeating the Democracy.

The Executive committee of the Citizens' union held a long meeting this afternoon and it was resolved that the Committee on Organization should be called together on Oct. 1 for the purpose of making the remaining nominations. Politicians are puzzled to know just what this means, as the Citizens' union recently declared its intention to make these nominations at once.

DR. HARPER BACK FROM EUROPE

Chicago University's President Returns in Improved Health—Tells of His Vacation Trip.

President William R. Harper of the University of Chicago got back from Europe yesterday, much improved in health by his vacation, the first he had had in four years. He came directly through from New York, and spent his first day at home in hard work at his desk on university matters.

"Except for several drives about the English capital," Dr. Harper said, "my stay in London was one of absolute rest. I kept away from my friends purposely so I might secure the absolute rest which I sought and found. In Paris we staid at the Hotel Binda, and there, too, I rested all the time when I was not attending the ceremonies and receptions attendant upon the Orientalists' congress."

Asked about the new Chicago Public Library Dr. Harper said:

"I regard its opening as one of the greatest events in the educational history of Chicago. It is not only a monument to literature but to art as well. It will encourage the common people in the use and study of the best books."

SKINNER IN A DUAL ROLE

AS AUTHOR AND STAR IN "PRINCE RUDOLPH" AT GRAND OPERA.

Drama Tells a Simple, Straightforward Love Story, but Interest Lacks in the Characters—Differs from Others of Its Class in Being Mostly Devoid of Hairbreadth Escapes and Clash of Arms—How the Company Does Its Part.

Otis Skinner appeared last night at the Grand Opera-House in the double capacity of author and actor. His aims are unpretentious, and he does not even give himself the credit of the authorship of "Prince Rudolph," which is founded upon a half-forgotten tale by Robert Louis Stevenson. We must judge of the results accordingly, and not scrutinize too severely the acting of a company which is—to tell the truth—no better than a star's support ought to be.

The play is somewhat different from others of its class in that, while it certainly owes its existence to the "Prisoner of Zenda," it is devoid for the most part of those hairbreadth escapes and the frequent clash of arms which we expect in the romantic drama. We have, indeed, one duel fought to the accompaniment of lively music and just a touch of the inevitable comic relief.

We had almost congratulated ourselves upon escaping the ordeal entirely when a Scotchman was brought upon the stage with a hybrid accent and a hiatus in his nether garments. Why it was deemed necessary to introduce a pseudo Gaelic dialect into a play whose scene is laid in Germany it is impossible to explain, except by the fact that every playwright at present seems to have a fatal desire to be funny at the expense of his audience.

Simple Love Story.

For the most part, however, the play contains a simple, straightforward love story, which somehow fails of its due effect because we are totally unable to get interested in the characters.

Prince Rudolph is a good enough fellow in his way, and the fact that he is more fond of hunting than of the council chamber is all to his credit. But the Princess is quite impossible. Either the author has drawn an unsympathetic character or Miss Maud Durbin has been unable to present the true picture. In the earlier scenes she is wanting in dignity, especially during her first quarrel with the Prince, where her exit with the cry of "divorce" upon her lips arouses an unexpected mirth in the audience.

As the play goes on her actions become more and more unaccountable—which is not the fault of the actress—and her last scene, which ought to be pathetic, is spoilt by an unnecessarily battered appearance, reminding one of Mr. Mansfield's makeup for the last act of the Baron Chevrial. The Princess has just fled from the capital, where she has been in full possession of health and power. So it is rather absurd to present her in the last act as if she were in the last stages of consumption.

Mr. Skinner's Part.

Mr. Skinner's Prince Rudolph was hardly worthy of the reputation that he has acquired in the past. Compared with the rest of his company he is a finished actor, but he loses style by the mere force of his surroundings. With strong support and a good stage setting Mr. Skinner might cut an imposing figure in a romantic play of this nature. But he can hardly expect to create the right sensation with scenery that is inadequate and men and women about him who never could look like real courtiers.

That is at present the great drawback to Mr. Skinner's success. The star system has ruined him for artistic purposes by placing him in a position which is unworthy of his talents. Moreover, it is likely to expose his faults. Often last night he was guilty of those conventional tricks of speech and manner which are only found upon the stage, and ought to be eradicated with the utmost care. His entrances, for instance, were marked by a comic opera jauntiness which was intended, presumably, to suggest the buoyant character of the hero, but really reminded one a little of Miss Lessing in "Jack and the Beanstalk." And then a commendable desire to articulate is often carried to an unnatural extreme, so that words and syllables which are unimportant are given an undue prominence.

Enthusiasm at Third Act.

Still as Prince Rudolph Mr. Skinner was not lacking in a fire and impetuosity which carried the piece along in spite of the absence of interest in the characters, and at the end of the third act, where the Prince denounces his Prime Minister as a rebel, the audience, which was always friendly, was wrought up to something like enthusiasm, and then came the inevitable first night speech.

It is difficult on the whole to tell what success might attend this romantic play in five acts if it were thoroughly well produced. At present it is rather a mediocre affair, of which it can only be said that the chief actor's many admirers have ample opportunity of judging his talent because he is seldom off the stage—and that is fortunate, since, without his presence, the stage is practically empty.

W. H. CRANE IN A NEW COMEDY.

"A Virginia Courtship" Is Presented for the First Time and Receives a Warm Welcome.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 20.—Eugene W. Presby's new comedy, "A Virginia Courtship," was played at the Baldwin Theater tonight by W. H. Crane for the first time on any stage.

The comedy is in three acts, and being set in the early portion of the century presents opportunity for handsome and picturesque costuming, which the producer was careful to take advantage of.

The story of the play is one in which love and intrigue are salient features. A peppery old Major, whose illustrious ancestor was one of the first settlers in the colony of Virginia, quarrels with his neighbor, a French widow. The latter has a daughter, the former a son, who plight their troth, and after many vicissitudes the widow and Major adjust their differences, and the former sets her cap for the gallant old soldier.

Judging from the reception accorded to both play and author, its success is already assured. Some of the scenes were heartily appreciated and vigorously applauded.

Mack's Opening Comes Tonight.

Mr. Andrew Mack's company came through to this city from Newark, N. J., yesterday and discovered on arriving that the railroad company had left their scenery and baggage car behind at Pittsburg. As the delayed car could not reach here before this morning Mr. Mack's opening had to be postponed until tonight, when the first performance of "An Irish Gentleman" will be given.

NIAGARA FALLS AND RETURN, $9.00

Via the Wabash Road.

Tickets good going Sept. 22 and 23, and good returning until Sept. 27, inclusive. Solid through trains leave Chicago at 3:15 and 11:32 p. m. Ticket office 97 Adams street.

In lung and chest troubles, ulcerations, affected kidneys, etc., use Sander's Eucalyptol.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Prescription No. 2,851, put up by Eimer & Amend and sold by Gale & Blocki, 44 Monroe-st. and 34 Washington-st., will relieve those afflicted with rheumatism. Try a bottle.

After sleepless night use Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters to tone up your system.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

	Age.
Fred Johnson, Bertha Klapp	25—19
Napoleon Bourque, Berdie Reed	25—21
Harry Seidenberg, Rebecca Goldberg	22—20
Charles M. Graves, Mary E. Pugh	22—20
M. Leland Crammer, M. Annie Rowe	21—19
Henry L. Humbracht, Caroline Hecht	22—20
Fred Weitendorff, Amalie Schaefer	24—23
Edward Wajner, Mary Smith	25—25
Karel Kremen, Mary Hraba	21—19
Alvin M. Smith, Anna M. Peterson	22—25
Herman Cardes, Indianapolis, Ind., Augusta Prismeyer, same	52—49
Louis P. Gaiellardet, Cecelie Chalifowx	38—24
Adam Cook, Eva B. Hamil	49—49
Allan A. Murray, Mabel Love	27—22
John W. Jacharcwicz, Bessie Gronkiewics	23—18
Willie M. Fredericks, Josephine Meyers	22—18
Charles H. Springer, Saginaw, Mich., Belle Waggner, Goshen, Ind.	38—33

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Frank Witoski, Michalina Kowalski	22—19
John F. Bacon, Theodora P. Phillips	30—22
Victor Anderson, Jessie M. Thompson	21—21
Edward Hufnagel, Alma Jacobsen	22—20
Charles Rangartz, Lena Lauferman	33—35
Sipke Postma, Grand Rapids, Mich., Elizabeth Klienhuizen	62—47
Ernest C. Bradenberg, Springfield, Ill., Edna M. Mount, same	26—24
William E. Rairdon, Alice L. Moran, Indianapolis, Ind.	23—23
Henry Cabell, Jennie Taylor	28—24
Albert Sage, Annie Bickler	21—19
William H. Kremer, Anna E. Hebard	21—18
Harry J. Kahn, May J. Johnson	23—19
Otto Krug, Rosina M. Gunkler	27—26
Josef Cyganowska, Franiska Nowak	24—19
William Harder, Emma Olson	32—22
Andrew Peterson, Julia Isaacson	24—23
Edward James Dysilva, Lulu Winters	23—20
Henry B. Black, Virginia T. Fox	21—21
Henry F. Mueller, Emma W. Reese	22—21
William Brook, Kate Kinsey	40—28
Antonio Guintta, Michelle Canuse	26—26
John Tomon, Mary Durkin	35—30
Antoni Plucinski, Walantgno Janowska	29—23
William Sherman, Catherine Dodge	27—25
William G. Marshall, Anna Howson	26—21
William F. Hodes, Ernestina Botke	26—21
Ignatius G. Pfister, Elizabeth R. Wissler	24—18
John Gustafson, Clara Thompson	26—23
James Dunne, Mary Calford	37—32
George Behrens, Augusta H. Reithner	41—39
Anton Prena, Annie Saldat	23—20
Peter Koch, Kittie Czowich	23—18
Edward B. Blair, Elizabeth O. Poitwood	26—22
Richard Murphy, Annie Leahy	21—18
John E. McGrath, Mamie M. Brunton	24—21
Herman Rickhoff, Amelia Augustine	22—19
August Behrle, Tony Nicerka	23—22
John Lammerring, Theresa Hilgart	22—19
George H. Coman, Edith J. Reed	26—21
John J. Sullivan, Jennie Riley	30—28
Fannie Pomedel, Isaac Rosenberg	28—30
Patrick Walsh, Mary Judge	26—21
Michael O'Connell, Katie Curbs	24—20
Fred M. Bishop, New York City, Grace Reinhart	33—22
William Gliffe, Minnie Birr	23—22
Patrick Kehoe, Kate Dunphy	25—22
Peter Olson, Hilma Carlin	27—18
Edward W. Most, Anna Amling	23—23
Isidor L. Klein, Paula Mergentheim	36—22
Charles Wessberg, Amanda Swanson	37—27
Peter Stellpflug, Lizzie Rahn	32—36
Michael Cody, Lizzie A. Sullivan	28—25
Jacob A. Canter, New York City, Lydia M. Greenebaum	21—18
Earnest E. Warren, Ellen H. Livingston	29—36
Michael Collins, Ellen Barry	34—24
J. Edward Rinehart, A. Constance Smith	22—22
Herman Schuster, Margarethe Marisse	24—22
Alex. Slaughter, Anna Shagen	34—29

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Sept. 20.—Forecast for Tuesday:

Illinois and Indiana—Fair, warmer in central and northern portions, variable winds, becoming southwesterly.

Ohio—Fair, warmer in northwest portion, light variable winds.

Lower Michigan, Upper Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Iowa—Fair, warmer, light southerly winds, increasing.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Generally fair, variable winds.

Missouri—Fair, warmer, east to southeast winds.

Nebraska—Fair, warmer in eastern portion, southerly winds.

Montana—Generally fair, southwesterly winds.

Place of observation. Time taken: Sept. 20, 8 p. m.	Height of barometer	Thermometer	Max. temp.	Direction of wind	Precipitation 12 hours	State of weather
Abilene	30.26	74	80	E.	....	Clear
Albany	30.06	48	58	N.	.12	Rain
Alpena	30.34	44	52	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Atlanta	30.10	68	78	N.W.	....	Clear
Amarillo	30.26	70	76	N.	....	Fair
Battleford	29.94	64	64	.....	....	Clear
Bismarck	29.98	80	80	S.W.	....	Clear
Buffalo	30.28	48	50	N.W.	....	Clear
Boston	29.88	54	70	N.W.	.74	Clo'dy
Cairo	30.32	70	72	N.E.	....	Clear
Calgary	29.84	74	80	S.E.	....	Fair
Charlotte	30.12	66	76	N.	....	Clo'dy
Cheyenne	30.12	70	80	S.E.	....	Fair
Chicago	30.40	54	54	S.E.	.24	Clear
Cincinnati	30.34	60	62	N.	....	Clear
Cleveland	30.32	52	56	N.	.04	Clear
Concordia	30.26	68	76	S.E.	....	Clear
Davenport	30.26	58	64	N.W.	....	Clear
Des Moines	30.36	60	68	S.	....	Clear
Detroit	30.36	52	56	N.E.	....	Clear
Dodge City	30.22	70	82	S.	....	Fair
Duluth	30.20	56	62	S.W.	....	Clear
Denver	30.12	74	80	S.	....	Clo'dy
Dubuque	30.36	56	60	N.	....	Clear
El Paso	30.12	74	74	E.	....	Clear
Edmonton	29.82	78	82	.....	....	Clear
Galveston	30.16	80	82	N.	....	Fair
Green Bay	30.36	50	60	S.	....	Clear
Havre	29.98	80	84	S.W.	....	Clear
Helena	30.12	74	80	W.	....	Clear
Huron	30.08	70	80	S.E.	....	Clear
Indianapolis	30.36	58	62	N.	....	Clear
Jacksonville	29.98	70	84	N.E.	.14	Clo'dy
Kansas City	30.38	62	66	N.	....	Clear
Lander	30.14	78	82	W.	....	Fair
Little Rock	30.28	62	74	N.	....	Clear
Marquette	30.26	46	56	N.E.	....	Clear
Memphis	30.28	64	72	N.	....	Clear
Medicine Hat	29.92	78	82	.....	....	Clear
Minnedosa	29.88	72	82	.....	....	Clo'dy
Montgomery	30.00	76	84	N.	....	Clear
Montreal	30.10	46	50	N.W.	.28	Fair
Nashville	30.26	64	70	N.	....	Clear
New Orleans	30.06	74	84	N.	....	Clear
New York City	30.06	50	62	N.W.	.01	Fair
Norfolk	30.16	64	68	N.	....	Clear
North Platte	30.16	72	80	S.E.	....	Clear
Oklahoma	30.28	70	80	.....	....	Clear
Omaha	30.04	64	64	S.	....	Clear
Oswego	30.16	50	50	N.W.	.14	Rain
Palestine	30.20	74	82	N.	....	Fair
Parkersburg	30.34	54	62	N.	....	Clear
Pittsburg	30.32	52	52	N.W.	.12	Clear
Pueblo	30.12	72	78	W.	....	Clo'dy
Qu'Appelle	29.96	70	82	N.	....	Clo'dy
Rapid City	30.04	78	86	N.	....	Clear
St. Louis	30.38	62	66	N.	....	Clear
St. Paul	30.28	58	64	S.	....	Clear
Salt Lake City	30.08	78	82	W.	....	Fair
Sault Ste. Marie	30.32	42	48	N.	....	Clear
Springfield, Ill.	30.38	58	66	N.	....	Clear
Springfield, Mo.	30.24	60	68	E.	....	Clear
Vicksburg	30.14	68	76	N.	....	Clear
Washington	30.20	56	66	N.W.	....	Clear
White River	30.28	38	52	W.	....	Clear
Williston	29.98	78	88	W.	....	Clear
Winnipeg	29.86	70	80	S.	....	Clo'dy

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature, as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 88 East Madison street, Tribune Building, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 50 degrees; 9 a. m., 51; 10 a. m., 52; 11 a. m., 53; 12 m., 53; 1 p. m., 55; 3 p. m., 56; 6 p. m., 56. Barometer—8 a. m., 30.10; 6 p. m., 30.14.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued by the Health department yesterday:

Allegretto, Maria, age 49, 96 Tilden avenue, Sept. 19.
Anderson, Ida, age 35, 2894 Archer avenue, Sept. 12.
Bartz, Ida, age 11, 2362 Eberly avenue, Sept. 18.
Birnbaum, Stephan, age 61, 458 South Clinton street, Sept. 18.
Baincher, Freddie, age 8, 416 East Thirty-ninth street, Sept. 18.
Colyer, Thomas H., age 20, 121 Laflin street, Sept. 18.
Fleming, Margeret, age 21, corner Muskey and One Hundred and Fourteenth street, Sept. 20.
Grabel, Wesley J., age 45, 205 Third avenue, Sept. 13.
Gregory, Elizabeth A., age 69, 4953 Prairie avenue, Sept. 20.
Hansen, W. L., age 51, 859 North Artesian avenue, Sept. 17.
Higgins, Michael, age 72, 71 East Erie street, Sept. 18.
Hazelton, Margarete, age 37, 517 Root street, Sept. 19.
Hoyt, Hezekiah, age 53, 1776 Washington boulevard, Sept. 17.
Johnson, Augusta, age 38, 6337 Page street, Sept. 17.
Jancl, Vincence, age 36, Illinois Central railroad tracks, between Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets, Sept. 18.
Kirby, Georgeana, age 29, 1043 Superior street, Sept. 19.
Logan, Jane, age 65, 45 Sholto street, Sept. 18.
Lokotzke, Harry, age 5, 2582 One Hundred and Thirty-sixth street, Sept. 20.
Lynch, Thomas F., age 33, 78 Wade street, Sept. 18.
McGuire, Alice, age 6, 295 North Lincoln street, Sept. 18.
Martin, Augustus, age 31, 2026 Fifth avenue, Sept. 18.
Monahan, Joseph J., age 44, 514 Van Buren street, Sept. 18.
Mahoney, Mary, age 40, Cook County Hospital, Sept. 19.
Mays, John, age 22, residence unknown, Sept. 10.
Maller, Louise, age 33, 9617 Ewing street, Sept. 19.
McGuiley, H. F., age 36, 1508 California avenue, Sept. 16.
Newmann, Mary, age 25, 348 One Hundred and Eighteenth street, Sept. 18.
Purcell, Phillip, age 32, Cook County Hospital for Insane, Sept. 19.
Pederson, Carrie, age 84, 7033 Adams avenue, Sept. 18.
Roy, Alice, age 6, 14 Plune street, Sept. 19.
Reppetto, John J., age 7, 2704 State street, Sept. 18.
Smith, Anna, age 68, 100 Center avenue, Sept. 18.
Schmit, Catherine, age 67, 236 One Hundred and Seventeenth street, Sept. 18.
Smith, Patrick, age 37, 157 Wabansia avenue, Sept. 19.
Stodelmann, Henry, age 33, 220 North State street, Sept. 18.
Santry, William, age 43, 313 Jackson boulevard, Sept. 13.
Voss, Margurita, age 7, 2341 Hermitage avenue, Sept. 18.
Van Beeke, Louis, age 74, 132 Larrabee street, Sept. 12.
Van Etten, C. C., age 49, Chicago Homœpathic Hospital, Sept. 19.
Van Allen, George, age 28, 5532 Dearborn street, Sept. 17.
Wolf, Johanna, age 65, 3638 Dearborn street, Sept. 17.
Welch, John, age 27, Alexian Bros.' Hospital, Sept. 18.
Wilke, John, age 39, 1011 Twenty-first place, Sept. 19.
Zuehr, Fred, age 51, 10342 Avenue M, Sept. 18.
Zimmerman, Margaret, age 36, 264 North State street, Sept. 18.

DEATHS.

COY—Irus Coy, at his residence, 3934 Michigan-av., Monday afternoon, Sept. 20. Funeral from late residence Wednesday, Sept. 22, at 2:30 p. m.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS will open for the year 1897-'98 at 8 p. m. this evening, the exercises taking place in the fourth floor amphitheater. Dr. Adolph Gehrmann will deliver the address and Lyon's Orchestra will furnish the music. A reception will follow the opening exercises and refreshments will be served by Eckhardt.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR SALE—FEW THOUSAND IN OBLIGATIONS of City of Chicago; will net over 6 per cent; only investors please answer; price requires immediate sale. Address T 547, Tribune office.

$20 TAKES WATCHMAKER'S BENCH, SHOWcases, counter, and about $40 worth of jewelry, material, etc., today. Address T 548, Tribune.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
Tonight at 8. Matinees Wed. and Sat. at 2:15.
Positive Hit of
OTIS SKINNER,
Producing his New Romantic Comedy, PRINCE RUDOLPH



The prices on our Fall Overcoats begin where real merit begins.

We can fit you in a trustworthy top coat at $10.

If you insist on the Rogers, Peet & Co. quality—most of our customers do—the bottom price is $12.

You can go as high as $28 for the luxuries of silk or satin linings, imported fabrics, etc.

Winter Overcoats, $10 to $50—the R., P. & Co. qualities start at $15.

Mackintoshes — reliable rain shedders, seams strapped, stitched, and cemented—the guaranteed kind—they're ready, too.

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N. W. Cor. Madison and Clark-sts.

CHICAGO OPERA-HOUSE.
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CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Felix Morris and his own company in "Cousin Joe"
Gardner and Ely. Fordyce Musical Novelty.
Carlisle Sisters. Lloyd Langdon.
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Brothers Lorbey. Wm. Gilbert.
Dan Randall. Keating and Goodwin.
La Petite Francesca. Joe Do Bell.
PRICES—10, 20, 30—CENTS.

OLYMPIC
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
George W. Monroe. Howe, Wall and Waters.
4—Angela Sisters—4. George H. Wood.
Charles Seamon. Moa and Goodrich.
Mariam Ainsworth. The Aherns.
Molly Thompson. Maud B. Price.
The Madderns. Siegfried.
Gilmour and Magee. Little Annie Inman.
Manly and Rose. The Arlingtons.
PRICES—10, 20, 30—CENTS.

HAYMARKET.
HAYMARKET
Performance Every Day—12:30 to 10:30
Hallen & Fuller—Carrie Scott—George Fuller Golden—Lewis & Earnest—The Baggesons—Florence Bindley—Smith & Cook—Johnson, Davenport & Lorella—Dolly Davenport—and others.
Continuous Vaudeville—5c, 10c, 15c, 25c

HOOLEY'S THEATER.
HOOLEY'S—Last 5 Nights.
MR. CHARLES FROHMAN'S EMPIRE THEATER CO.
From the Empire Theater, N. Y., in
UNDER THE RED ROBE.
Farewell Matinees Wednesday and Saturday at 2.
SEPT. 28th. Seat Sale Thursday. Mr. William Gillette and Company In His Greatest Play, SECRET SERVICE

HARLEM JOCKEY CLUB—Harlem Race Track.
6 RACES Illinois Stakes AT 2:30 p. m. $1,200.
ADMISSION, 75c.
Special trains leave depot, Harrison street and Fifth avenue, at 12:45, 1:20, and 1:40 p. m.; stop at Halsted street and Blue Island avenue, return immediately after races. Round trip 25 cents. Lake street L trains connect with electric at Fifty-second street, and Madison street cable connects with electric at Fortieth street direct to track.

HOPKINS.
HOPKINS
Hopkins' Trans-Oceanic Star Specialty Co.
PAPINTA | KARNO TRIO WILL H. FOX
THE SIDMANS—LEONA LEWIS—GENARO & BAILEY—and MANY OTHER BIG FEATURES.
Nat Goodwin's Comedy Success, TURNED UP

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McVICKER'S—Tonight at 8. Wed. and Sat. Mats.
The Singing Comedian, ANDREW MACK
IN AN IRISH GENTLEMAN...
Sunday Night, Sept. 26—MR. MACK'S Only Sunday Performance.

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CROWDS CROWDS Nothing but CROWDS
The Strange Adventures of JACK AND THE BEANSTALK.

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MASONIC TEMPLE ROOF THEATER
Entirely under roof. Wholly enclosed. Steam heated. Comfortable any weather.
RICHARD HARLOW
The Olympia Quartette. Eckert & Berg.
The Biggest Vaudeville Show in Town.
Matinee Every Day, 25c. Ev'g Admission, 50c.

ALHAMBRA THEATER—W. H. BARRY, Manager
ALHAMBRA "Rose Matinee" Wednesday.
Washburn-Burns Production of Frank Harvey's
"THE LAND OF THE LIVING"
Next Sunday—"The Broadway Girl" (new).

THE LINCOLN.
ALL WEEK
OLE OLSON.
NEXT WEEK—"McSorley's Twins."
Matinees—Sunday, Thursday and Saturday.

ST. JOSEPH AND BENTON HARBOR,
The Favorite Michigan Resorts, reached via
Graham & Morton Line Steel Sidewheel Steamers
$1 Sailing from dock foot of Wabash-av., Chicago, at 9:30 a. m. and 11:30 p. m. every day. Excursions daily, $1 round trip, arriving in city on return 8:30 p. m. Special trip Saturdays at 2 p. m. Tel. 2162. VISIT THE FRUIT BELT.

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....SCHILLER STOCK COMPANY....
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.
Fourth and last week of Capt. King's Army Play,
FORT FRAYNE.
Next Week: SECRETS OF STATE.
Prices—$1, 75c, 50c, 35c, 25c. Wed. Mat., 75 & 50c.

LYCEUM—Matinee Today.
OUR SPLENDID STOCK COMPANY IN
The Wages of Sin
PRICES—10c—20c—30c.

SAM T. JACK'S,

Madison-st., near State. Tel. M. 2189.
Only Burlesque Show in Chicago.
2 Grand Performances Every day—2 and 8.
Orange Blossoms Company.
New Burlesques, Pictures and Unrivaled Specialties.
Prices—10c, 20c, 30c.

THE BIJOU.
THE BIJOU Halsted and Jackson Boulvd. All week—Matinees Daily.
CHAS. OSBORNE and WM. A. BARON | Our Step-Husband
Prices 10-20-30. Next Attraction, Pulse of New York.

The Tribune.

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"Tribune" readers who are leaving the city for the summer may have the paper sent to them at rates named above for mail subscriptions. No accounts are kept in the country subscription department, therefore orders should be accompanied by cash.

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Persons desiring "The Tribune" served at their homes can secure it by postal card request or order through telephone Express 667. When delivery is irregular please make immediate complaint to this office.

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Note—The laws of the Postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 21, 1897.

NEW-YORKERS are respectfully informed that Superintendent Fitzsimmons is the man who does not keep Chicago's streets clean.

THE golf tournament is barely over, the baseball season is yet unfinished, but, lo! the football appears like a small dark cloud on the horizon.

AT the present writing Major Buckner seems to be one lap ahead, but with Governor Tanner sprinting with undiminished determination.

BRADSTREET'S says the center of business improvement is in Chicago. Bless you, the center of everything except culture, beans, and yellow fever, is in Chicago.

THE Rev. Frank Talmage thinks bicycles are lessening vice. Possibly so in the case of the rider, but think of the torrents of profanity they cause among pedestrians.

PROFESSOR VAUGHT says people can live 100 years if they will take proper care of themselves. The trouble is most of us would starve to death in two weeks if we followed the professor's valuable advice.

THE guileless innocence with which the naval authorities of the United States place one of their best warships in the hands of a rival nation to "repair" (or destroy) is one of the things that are past comprehension.

THE Klondike weather that has reached Chicago is only of a mild type. Travelers over the Chilkoot Pass can give Chicagoans several points and still be many degrees ahead toward the bulb of the thermometer.

IT is reported that more trouble is feared at the scene of the Indiana lynching. From the utterances and actions of Governor Mount, it looks very much as though the fears are well-founded, and that it is likely to be trouble conducted strictly along legal lines.

GENERAL GOMEZ is marching through the "pacified provinces," while Weyler abandons a large part of the island and hurries his troops to the defense of Havana. All this will require more proclamations and explanations, and the prospects for a busy season for the official stenographer are exceedingly bright.

THE reverses sustained by the British in northwestern India have produced a decided sensation in England, and have apparently revived the suspicion that the Ameer of Afghanistan is secretly aiding the invasion, backed by Russian influence. The English government is sending forward reinforcements to the army in India, with the evident purpose of being prepared for a more formidable contest than had been anticipated.

THE New York stock market broke off at the opening, but prices recovered partially at the close. New York exchange was at 40 cents discount. Sterling rates were steady. —Leading speculative produce markets were fairly active and irregular. As compared with the last prices of Saturday December wheat closed ⅝ cent higher, corn ⅝ cent higher, oats ⅛@¼ cent higher, cash rye steady, barley easy, flaxseed ¾ cent higher, October pork 5 cents higher, lard steady, ribs 5 cents higher.

ACCEPTING the most unfriendly criticisms that have been passed upon Secretary Sherman's dispatch on the sealing question, Mr. Chamberlain's reply would seem to amount simply to the retort, "You're another." Even the English press, which has been smarting under the plain truths told by Secretary Sherman, is by no means unanimous in indorsing the Chamberlain manifesto, as shown by the criticisms upon it by the London Daily News. The proposed international conference, to which England has now acceded, may throw some light upon this question, of which our self-satisfied English cousins have had no conception.

THE stocks of grain in Chicago elevators on last Saturday evening were 2,164,000 bushels of wheat, 17,241,000 bushels of corn, 3,117,000 bushels of oats, 685,000 bushels of rye, and 111,000 bushels of barley. Total, 23,318,000 bushels of all kinds of grain, against 19,835,000 bushels a year ago. For the same date the Secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade states the visible supply of grain in the United States and Canada as 17,140,000 bushels of wheat, 33,737,000 bushels of corn, 10,753,000 bushels of oats, 2,425,000 bushels of rye, and 1,394,000 bushels of barley. These figures are larger than the corresponding ones of a week ago by 1,374,000 bushels in wheat, 133,000 bushels in corn, and 1,052,000 bushels in oats. The visible supply of wheat for the corresponding week of a year ago increased 2,078,000 bushels.

WHATEVER may be the Cuban policy toward which President McKinley is working, there will be widespread satisfaction in his decision to send Consul General Lee back to Havana. The attitude of General Lee in performing the difficult and delicate duties that have fallen to his lot while he has been stationed in Cuba has been so manly, so thoroughly American, and at the same time so discreet that he has won a high position in the regard of his countrymen. He has shown himself thoroughly capable to hold the highest of diplomatic positions. Although his title is only that of Consul General, his duties have been far more important and required far more tact than that of most of our Ambassadors during the same period. While showing the greatest tact and keeping on the most courteous terms with the Spanish authorities, he has ever maintained an erect and determined mien, and when occasion required has shown just enough of the claw through the velvet covering to command the thorough respect of the Spanish officials. His retention at the post he has filled so well, notwithstanding his political affiliations are opposed to those of the President, will be pleasing to every American, Republican, Democrat, and Populist alike.

WAR IN THE SOCIAL DEMOCRACY.

War rages in the bosom of Debs' Social Democracy. The advanced, anarchistic members do not propose to submit to the reprimands Debs has been bestowing on them because they went too fast and too far for him. They do not propose to be lectured and bossed by a man who has in their opinion shown himself a timid conservative.

The Milwaukee avenue branch of the Social Democracy is the one which passed the violent resolutions counseling assassination and arson. It contains a large number of thorough-going Anarchists. That branch has been suspended by Debs, but its more active members do not mean to submit. They propose to bring charges against Debs and the Executive board of the Social Democracy. They are to be accused of trying to plunge the organization into politics when its professed objects are industrial and economic.

While the ultras are calling Debs a "nincompoop" for thinking he can establish a "coöperative government," he is kept busy explaining that he never has counseled violence, that the only methods he has faith in are peaceful methods, and that the resolutions of the Milwaukee avenue branch were not in harmony with his teachings.

Debs assured his more obedient followers at a meeting held day before yesterday that he "did not urge revolution," but only predicted that revolution was certain to come—if Judges persisted in granting injunctions in cases where property rights were threatened with irreparable injury. Thereupon somebody in the audience asked if the time when the people would "rise in revolt" was not "right here now," to which Debs replied, "I think it is near at hand."

When an individual travels around announcing that there is to be a revolution next month or next year because of the enforcement of the laws, and when he adds to that prediction the advice to "keep and bear arms," it is not strange that reckless and violent men should take it for granted that what is meant is that they should go ahead and start a revolution, and that when they do so the man who predicted the revolt will be at their head.

There was one thing which Debs did not explain. That was the resolution adopted by the St. Louis convention, which in substance urged men who are opposed to the issuance of injunctions to restrain strikers from molesting people who are at work to provide themselves with arms. Since Debs "shrinks from bloodshed," why does he recommend the purchase of arms?

Debs says at one time, "What can we hope to accomplish by revolution? I claim we have never given the ballot a fair trial."

But at another time he calls on the men, whom he tells nothing can be accomplished by revolution, to arm themselves. For what purpose except that they may be prepared to revolt?

Debs glows hot and then blows cold. He hints at violence and then draws back frightened, and proceeds to explain away his words when others act on his hints and perhaps get into trouble thereby. The only sensible speech made at the meeting of the Milwaukee avenue branch was by a man who stated that "Debs and the like of him and you people will do no good to yourselves by following them. They lead you into mischief and harm and profit by your ignorance."

A MUNICIPAL CONVENTION.

The National Convention of Mayors and Councilmen to be held at Columbus, O., Sept. 28 to Oct. 1 is an innovation in the way of municipal reform politics. It will be the first gathering of the kind ever held in the United States and as such is attracting much attention.

It is announced that Mayor Harrison will be present and the Chicago City Council may put in an appearance at the meeting. The City Council, if true to itself, would delegate "Johnny" Powers, "Bath-House John," or "Hinky Dink" McKenna to represent it, and they would meet with a frigid reception. It is well to remember occasionally that all City Councils are not counterparts of the average Chicago variety. In smaller cities, where the mass of the voters is not so unwieldy as to be helpless in helping itself, the corrupt bosses are less powerful and honest City Councils are not unknown. One of the moving spirits in the Columbus convention will be Mayor Ochs of Chattanooga, Tenn., who has been reelected several times, and to whose earnest endeavor is due much of the rapidly growing national sentiment for better municipal politics. Other Mayors of high class will be in attendance, doubtless, and many City Councils will be represented by citizens who regard office as a public trust rather than a "private snap." If Johnny Powers will accept a bit of sincere advice he will stay at home, for he would not find a sympathetic audience for his remarks on "Letting Franchises to the Highest [private] Bidder," nor would Coughlin obtain much applause for a possible essay upon "Holding Up the Corporations by the Neck."

The chief significance of the convention, according to the statement of one of its promoters, is to be found in the fact that it is to be composed of "practical men of affairs, men who are interested in matters of municipal improvement ['reform' is better], and at the same time are in touch with the politics and the other machinery which are at the bottom and surround all municipal government in this country."

Among the organizations already in existence for this ostensible purpose the most prominent is the National Municipal league, which held its annual convention recently at Louisville. It is difficult to point to any practical good, however, which has resulted from the conventions of the National Municipal league and similar organizations of theoretical reformers, unless it be in the mere exchange of views upon important subjects. Indeed, it is asserted that no two papers on similar subjects read at these conventions ever agreed as to the proper remedy for the evils mentioned. However this may be, it is reasonable to believe that more good may result from the efforts of men actually in touch with public affairs and able to influence political action, if they will, than from the learned dissertations of theorists on ideal methods of local government. The best critic does not always make the best reconstructor.

The objects of the Columbus convention are set forth as follows:

First—The formation of a national organization of the chief executives and members of Councils of cities in the United States.

Second—The hearing of addresses on important municipal topics.

Third—The general discussion of all questions pertaining to the administration of all branches of municipal work.

Fourth—The interchange of ideas and knowledge on municipal problems, such as will result from the experienced city officials coming in contact with each other.

The committee having charge of the arrangements is composed of thirty-six Mayors and twenty-four Councilmen. This insures the coöperation of at least a like number of cities, and it is highly probable that these cities will derive more practical good from the exchange of ideas by their representatives at Columbus than could be obtained from a score or two of the "junkets" so dear to the city official's heart. If these gatherings become a permanent annual institution there will be small excuse for Aldermanic junkets, for city officials and Councilmen will be able to acquire at small expense of time and money the fruits of the combined experience of all the cities of the country in dealing with various municipal problems.

In exemplification of this fact it is stated that the Columbus convention will consider such important topics as the granting of street railway, gas, electric, and other franchises and the control of and revenues derived from corporations enjoying such special privileges; the collection and disposition of garbage; the relative value of various street paving materials; the cleaning of streets; the municipal ownership of lighting plants and the cost of street lighting under the contract system; the municipal management of the public water supply; water filtration; fire and police protection; municipal finance, taxation, and special assessments; and the regulation of the saloons and of the social evil.

Chicago should be represented at this convention—but not by such representative Aldermen as Powers, Coughlin, and McKenna.

THE REAL ISSUE IN GREATER NEW YORK

There is evidence of increasing interest among Republicans throughout the country in the contest for municipal offices in Greater New York as the time for the selection of candidates by the Republican convention approaches. In the judgment of cool-headed, impartial observers it is not so much a question of Low or anti-Low in the choice of a man to head the anti-Tammany ticket, but who can best unite all the elements opposed to the reëstablishment of Tammany rule on a broader and more lasting foundation than it has ever occupied before. The fact that the Republicans are confessedly in the minority in the greater corporation compels the conviction that an attempt to carry on the campaign on straightout party principles would only result in landing the Tammany candidate in the Mayoralty with the rest of the ticket as a matter of course. This has induced a very general belief among those who regard success and good government of more importance than a mere test of party strength with final defeat that good judgment dictated the acceptance of Low as the nominee, especially in view of the fact that while a Republican on national questions he had already received the indorsement of nearly 130,000 voters of independent proclivities. Almost the sole argument in opposition to this is that at one time in his life Mr. Low voted against the Republican candidate for the Presidency, and that he is not acceptable to Senator Platt, who, although not a citizen of New York City, is credited with a purpose to dictate the choice of Republicans of that city for municipal offices.

At the present moment it looks as if the Republicans of Greater New York were determined to imitate the example of their brethren in Greater Chicago a few months ago. Suicidal folly seems to rule there as it did here when the Republican independent beat the machine nominee for Mayor by over 10,000 votes, and the Democratic nominee was elected by a plurality greater than the total vote of either. Of course the result in New York will be the same, as hundreds of independent Democrats, disgusted by the failure to unite on a candidate in opposition to Tammany, will either go back to the regular nominee or refrain from voting at all.

Suppose the Tammany candidate should be elected by (say) 75,000 over Low and 125,000 over Platt's "tout"—which would be about the proportion—what advantage will either of the anti-Tammany factions have gained? They will simply by their ridiculous folly have contributed to a Democratic success.

Nothing is more evident than that it is the duty of the Republicans, if they do not mean to invite deserved defeat, to cease their bickerings and "get together." Then if they can put forward a candidate who will attract the support of the "independents" who are willing to forego a partisan victory for the sake of securing freedom from the odious rule of Tammany they may hope for success. Otherwise they are simply the architects of their own destruction.

There is encouragement in the unanimous expression of members of the Republican National committee and chairmen of State committees, who, as far as heard from, have declared in favor of a union of all the elements opposed to Tammany on one candidate rather than a division of their strength in a three-cornered fight. All regard the defeat of the Tammany scheme to get control of the affairs of Greater New York as the first and essential consideration. Disregarding all mere technical questions as to who has been at fault in bringing about the present state of affairs, let the opponents of Tammany rule come together for the common good of all and not for any mere partisan advantage, and they will have entitled themselves to victory and won the respect and commendation of the friends of good government everywhere.

SECTION 22 NOT CONSTRUED YET.

Over a month ago the Secretary of the Treasury asked the Attorney General what construction should be put on the language of section 22 of the new tariff act. Naturally the officials of the Treasury department wished to know as soon as possible whether tea, silk, etc., brought to this country from Japan and China through Canada, should or should not pay a discriminating duty of 10 per cent.

On the heels of this question came another of even greater importance. It was whether the goods not the product of Great Britain and Ireland imported in British vessels should pay a discriminating duty of 10 per cent.

It has been given out from time to time during the last three weeks that the Attorney General had prepared his opinion regarding these two questions and was going to make it public in a day or two. It was announced positively six days ago that the Attorney General had finished his opinion as far as the goods passing through Canada were concerned, and would hand it to the Treasury officers within twenty-four hours.

It was stated also with great positiveness that he was going to decide that the commodities imported in bond through Canada must pay the discriminating duty of 10 per cent. The fact was pointed out that Canada had established a discriminating duty against the United States as soon as the Canadian Pacific road was completed as far as tea was concerned. Tea entering Canada via Vancouver pays no duty. Tea entering Canada via any American port pays a duty of 10 cents a pound.

There is no doubt that the Attorney General had made up his mind to decide that section 22 was a retaliatory measure as far as Canada was concerned, and was designed to give the American transcontinental roads a traffic which legitimately belonged to them, but which had been stolen away by the Canadian Pacific. It is reasonably certain that he had made up his mind also that the 10 per cent discriminating duty should be levied on all goods not imported in American vessels except where treaties with foreign countries forbid.

Then there came a sudden change of front. The Attorney General made up his mind that the discriminating duty should not be imposed either on goods imported in foreign vessels or on goods imported in bond through Canada. It is stated that Senator Elkins, who is anxious to have a construction put on section 22 which he thinks will aid the American merchant marine, has been laboring with the Attorney General to get him to change his mind and uphold the discriminating duty and that he may succeed.

The correspondents state also that the Attorney General is to go to the Berkshire Hills with the President for a week, and that the question will not be settled definitely until his return. But this matter is one which should have been disposed of weeks ago. If importers are to be required to pay 10 per cent more duty on tea imported via Vancouver than via San Francisco, or 10 per cent more duty on tea brought to San Francisco on a British vessel than when brought in an American vessel, they ought to know it at once. If the discriminating duty is upheld and collected on goods imported prior to the date of the decision, the importers will be heavy losers. If back duties are not collected the government will lose revenue it is legally entitled to.

There has been a great deal of pulling and hauling over the interpretation of section 22. For some reason the Attorney General has swung back and forth between two opinions, unable to make up his mind which he would stand by. Probably the railroads and other interests affected by the decision of the question have been making life a burden for him.

THE BRAGGING CANADIAN PREMIER.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Premier of Canada, made a little speech the other day at a banquet given by the Montreal Board of Trade, in which he painted in glowing colors the great future which is awaiting the Dominion. The American Republic is to "pale its ineffectual fires" and Canada is to become the bright luminary of the Western world.

"The United States," said the Premier, "had been the center of attraction for all Europe," but henceforth Canada is to be that center. There is nothing new in this prediction. The Canuck prophets have been repeating it for the last hundred years. But the day of its fulfillment seems as far away as ever. During the last four years the Democrats have done what they could to check the progress of the United States and enable Canada to catch up. But the Dominion did not do so, and cannot expect to now that good times have revisited this country.

Sir Wilfrid announces that "a new star of liberty has risen in the West," and that the light of that star is going to attract foreigners to Canadian shores. "The day is not far distant," according to the Premier, "when the tide of immigration to the United States would be reversed and Canada would teach those welcome immigrants to sing 'God Save the Queen.'"

The Dominion was created thirty years ago. If it is the new star which has risen it has been shining for more than a generation, but does not seem to have had much drawing power. The wise men of the East have not followed its beckoning light. Not only has Canada had little foreign immigration, but it has been unable to keep its own sons and daughters at home to develop the country and sing "God Save the Queen." There were in the United States in 1890 980,000 persons who were born in the Dominion.

The prosperity of this country will not check the flow of immigration to it. The Premiership of Sir Wilfrid will not make Canada any more attractive for Europeans than it has been. As long as it remains a colony ruled by a foreign island three or four thousand miles away men from the southern provinces of Ireland, from Germany, France, Scandinavia, or other parts of Europe will not go there and learn to sing "God Save the Queen." The only immigrants will be a few Scotch Highlanders and Ulster Presbyterians.

The Premier sought to tickle the Montreal merchants by assuring them that "90 per cent of our products go to Europe by American ports, but that state of affairs must be reversed. The St. Lawrence is the natural outlet of America for trade with Europe."

Unfortunately for the Canadians the St. Lawrence is not as valuable a stream for commercial purposes as it seems to be on the map. Shippers and navigators know that it is icebound for over half the year and that it empties its waters into the Atlantic at a point where navigation is peculiarly hazardous because of constant fogs, dangerous sandbanks, and icebergs.

If 90 per cent of the products of Canada go to Europe through American ports—Boston, New York, and Portland—it is simply because the St. Lawrence route cannot be used at all during a good part of the year and is a bad route during the remainder. Does Sir Wilfrid propose to keep the St. Lawrence free from ice in winter? Unless he can do that the river route will be no more used than it is now.

There is a way, not mentioned by Sir Wilfrid, by which Canada can add to its population and attain prosperity. It is the only way. That is for the people of the Dominion to accept the sensible advice of their soundest and most sagacious thinker, Goldwin Smith, an Englishman by birth, who has long lived at Toronto.

His advice is to seek a business and political union with the remainder of the continent adjoining on the south that "shoestring" of colonies forming the Dominion. Goldwin Smith thinks the five millions of population, slowly and painfully accumulated during the last 250 years, now strung along the American border, will not make any more rapid progress towards prosperity in the future than in the past except in the event of annexation of Canada to the United States.

For the last sixty years the Canadians have been shouting "God Save the Queen." It has not helped to build up their country. But if it had they could not sing that song forever. In the course of nature that ancient lady about whose safety they are so solicitous must be translated to heaven. She may take her departure for brighter realms at any moment.

When that happens the Canadians, if wise, will not begin singing "God Save the King," but will ask the mother country for their independence, and take it if not granted. Then, being independent and altogether free to consult their own interests, they should yield gladly to manifest destiny and ask to be allowed to become a part of the American Republic. That request would be granted at once.

UPS AND DOWNS OF SILVER.

Two weeks ago the price of silver bullion in New York dropped to 51½ cents an ounce. It is possible that considerable silver was thrown on the market and that pulled down the price. But some of the Western silver mine owners took it for granted that the drop was permanent and closed their mines. Since then the price of silver has been gradually advancing, though there is no apparent reason for it. There has been no "friendly legislation" and no prospect of any. There does not seem to have been any marked commercial demand.

Yesterday bar silver sold for 59⅛ cents an ounce in New York. This is an advance of nearly 15 per cent on the low price prevailing at the commencement of the month. There may be a further advance or Monday's quotation may have been due to some speculative movement which will run its course speedily.

But whatever may be the reason for the rapid decline in the price of silver and the equally rapid rise, the fact remains that the market for silver is more unstable than that of any other commodity. Iron, steel, copper, and other metals bob up and down in price, but not one of them has the unsteadiness of silver. It is unusual for that metal to bring the same price two days in succession.

And yet this most uncertain of all metals is the one which Bryan and his set wish to see adopted as the monetary standard of the United States. If this country were on the silver basis, with a 371¼-grain silver dollar as the unit, that dollar would have been worth a little less than 40 cents two weeks ago and would be worth 45½ cents now. In a fortnight the purchasing power of the dollar would have varied over five cents.

For, although Bryan contends that the price of silver would be "fixed" were it coined free on the assumption that sixteen ounces of silver are worth one ounce of gold, the price of silver would be no more "fixed" than it is now. One day 371¼ grains of silver would exchange for ten grains of gold and another day for nine and the next day for nine and a half grains—but never for 23 1-5 grains.

So there would be a fluctuating currency, just as in Mexico, where the dollar is worth today over five cents more than a fortnight ago. It is not so much, however, because Bryan is in love with a fluctuating currency that he wants free coinage dollars as because he wants to see depreciated silver standard dollars with which dishonest debtors may pay off their debts based on the gold standard, which should be paid in dollars of the present value.

THE NATIONAL DEFENSE.

A dispatch from Washington states that Congress will be asked at its coming session to make a heavy appropriation for modern high power guns to be used on the auxiliary cruisers of the navy in time of war. Under the law American vessels drawing subsidies and foreign built vessels of American register are available for war service. There are four such vessels of the first class—the St. Louis, St. Paul, Paris, and New York. Two of these—the St. Louis and St. Paul—will carry eight six-inch guns, four six-pounders, and six machine guns, while the Paris and New York will need twelve six-inch guns, six six-pounders, and six machine guns. There are also ten vessels of the fourth class, none of the third, and twenty-two of the second class.

To equip these auxiliary cruisers the chief of the Bureau of Ordnance estimates that $3,000,000 will be required, and he will ask for at least $500,000 of that amount for immediate use. At that rate it would require six years to fit them out, while at the rate Congress has been appropriating it will take at least fifteen years. No one can tell how soon these swift cruisers and merchant marine destroyers will be needed. It will be the part of prudence as well as of economy to be ready for war in time of peace. THE TRIBUNE has already printed a symposium of the views of all the Presidents, from Washington to McKinley, emphasizing the necessity of strengthening the navy, as well as the similar views of ex-Secretary of the Navy Herbert, urging the same necessity and appealing to Congress to place our navy upon a footing not only comporting with the national dignity but to make it so strong there will be no danger of assault upon this country by a foreign power.

At the next session Congress should grant the appropriation asked for by the chief of the Ordnance Bureau. It should go further than this. It should expedite the construction of vessels already ordered and repairs upon others. It should increase the coast defense fortifications with high power guns. It is time that this country should hold up its head among the nations of the world and no longer suffer itself to be exposed to such an insulting taunt as that made by the London Globe: "America has lost all sense of proportion and has forgotten it plays only a minor rôle in the affairs of the world." How long will Congress delay in this important matter of national defense?

IS IT A NEW KLONDIKE?

It seems that gold and seals are not the only source of riches to be found in our Alaskan possessions. A Boston paper is authority for the statement that a vessel is being built by Boston capitalists with the intention of sending it around Cape Horn and up to Alaska to engage in halibut fishing in the Alaskan and British Columbia waters next winter. The experiment was tried three years ago by chartering a British vessel at Vancouver. It proved such a success that several other steamers were afterwards engaged in the business by the same firm during the four winter months of last year, with the result that 1,500,000 pounds (seventy carloads) of halibut were shipped from Vancouver to the Boston market over the Canadian Pacific railroad from the season's catch. Should the experiment with the vessel now in course of construction at Boston prove as successful as anticipated it is in contemplation to fit out others for the same field.

The importance of this pioneer industry is shown by the fact that whereas the entire catch of halibut for the whole year in the north Atlantic amounted to only 7,000,000 pounds, that of the four winter months by three steamers employed in the north Pacific was 1,500,000 pounds. An additional reason for the desire to develop this new industry on the Alaska coast is the constantly diminishing product of the Atlantic fisheries. The increase in the tariff from one-half cent on halibut caught under the British flag to three-quarters of a cent under the Dingley bill is a principal reason given for the construction of a vessel especially for that field at this time. The new tariff is, therefore, not only giving employment to American shipbuilders, but will tend to the building up of a new industry and the development of additional wealth in Alaska.

HERE is a touching story told of the attentions paid to the Duke of Cambridge by Kaiser William at some military function in which the former took part during his recent stay in Germany. The Duke, who had the distinction until recently of being the Commander-in-Chief of the British army, being a man of considerable ponderosity physically, sometimes finds it inconvenient to mount his war charger with the same grace and dexterity as in his earlier years. Accordingly, upon the occasion of some military maneuvers of the German army at which he was present, the Kaiser had a hole dug in the ground, into which his horse having been led, the old British warrior was able to mount without even putting his foot in the stirrup. It is not stated that the Kaiser has patented his invention, but its advantage is so apparent that in case of war he should make provision to have enough holes transported about the battlefield for the accommodation of his fat and infirm officers.

THE New York Sun has a natural curiosity to learn where Spain gets the money to continue the Cuban war. To be sure, it is a deep mystery, and well worth probing, but it fades into insignificance before the query where Spain would get the money for a "difficulty" with the United States, about which its statesmen love to hint darkly.

THE woman who waltzed herself to death furnishes the dancing professors with another strong argument in their crusade against the waltz. There is no record of anybody ever dancing themselves to death in the redowa.

THE New York Sun is opposed to General Lew Wallace's Senatorial aspirations because the General is an enemy of the bicycle. Editor Dana is evidently determined to cling to his bicycle at any cost.

INTELLIGENCE of the cold wave will be a long time reaching the custodians of Mr. Yerkes' closed cars.

REFUGEES from the yellow fever regions down South will be welcome in Chicago, and they should not forget to bring a few wraps with them.

CHIEF KIPLEY'S desire to have none but six-foot policemen in the down-town district grows out of his artistic instinct. Tall policemen, by every principle of correct taste and appropriateness, should be stationed where the other skyscrapers are.

ANOTHER way to clean the city, Mayor Harrison, is to clean it.

A REPORT was in circulation yesterday that Mr. Mangler had gone before the grand jury and yawned.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Momentary Absence of Mind.

"What is the name of your typewriter, Gwillings?"
"Liz—I—I mean the Smithington."

And Be Thankful It Is No Worse.

If still you're wearing that old straw hat,
Take it to some secluded spot
And bury it deep down in the ground,
Unwept, unhonored, and unshot.

In Search of Knowledge.

"Mamma, that lady's in mourning, isn't she?"
"No, dear. She's in what they call half mourning."
(After studying the matter). "Mamma, do you reckon it's for somebody that was only half black?"

Nor the Drivers Thereof.

Discouraged cyclist, unto thee
The consolation's given
To know that there will never be
A sprinkling cart in heaven.

Unreasonable.

Desk Sergeant (at suburban police station)—"Here are some more complaints about that alley back of Sixty-second street, near Wallace."
Superior Officer—"Wasn't that alley cleaned five or six weeks ago?"
"It was."
"Tell 'em to go to thunder! Do they want the earth?"

More Trouble in the Museum.

The Crocodile—"Poor fellow! What ails you?"
The Snake—"I'm shedding my skin, but you'll oblige me by not shedding any of your tears over it!"

Horrors of the Klondike.

Brooks—"Many a poor fellow at Dawson City will have nothing to live on this winter but eighteen karats."
Rivers—"Well, he can get along on that while he's waiting for something better to turnip, can't he?"

Pressure of Social Duties.

"Seems to me it takes the milkman a great deal longer to get around to our house in the morning than it used to."
"He's a new milkman. He used to be the policeman in the next block."

Reciprocity.

Customer (at small bookstore)—"Say, I've got nine children, and they all need schoolbooks. I can't afford to pay the cash down, but if you can wait a few days——"
Bookseller—"You keep the little shoe store around the corner, don't you?"
"Yes."
"Well, I've got nine children and they all need shoes. Order all the books you want. I'll run the risk of your getting ahead of me."

PERSONAL.

John L. Peak, recently United States Minister to Switzerland, has returned to his home in Kansas City, and will resume his law practice.

Lillian Russell, it is rumored, will present in London next season not only "The Wedding Day," but a new Peg Woffington opera, with music by Sir Arthur Sullivan.

Papinta, the myriad dancer, has bought a California ranch. It contains 100 acres and cost $150,000. When she has acquired a comfortable fortune she intends to retire to the ranch and enjoy life.

The old Parson's Tavern of Springfield, Mass., is about to be torn down. It was there that George Washington met Colonel Worthington, Colonel Williams, Adjutant General of Massachusetts, and other gentlemen, and John Adams was frequently a guest in it.

Dr. Alexander, who has lived in Paso del Norte and El Paso since the Mexican war, says: "I never knew a case of consumption among Mexicans until within the last three years. The germs of the disease have been brought into the country by American consumptives."

A young doctor, M. Robert Wurtz, professor at the Paris School of Medicine, has been chosen as one of the leading French bacteriologists for a mission in Abyssinia. He is to start for Jibutil, and go direct to Adis Adeba, where, after having organized a department of vaccination, he will study the rinderpest and similar infectious maladies.

A chair of music in the University of Minnesota is to be endowed and offered to Fräulein Anna Schoen Rene, who has already done good work in that institution. Fräulein Rene is a graduate of the Royal Academy in Berlin, where her musical education was completed at the expense of the old Kaiser Wilhelm after the death of her father, who was one of the Emperor's Privy Councilors.

FUNNYGRAPHS.

"What is the use of going to Klondike?" asked the magnate. "There is enough money in ice right here at home."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Sprockett—"I was proposing to her when she told me that her father had failed." Wheeler—"What did you do?" Sprockett—"I back-pedaled."—Truth.

Miss Olegirl—"Did the gentlemen seem much grieved to find me out?" Butler (non-committal)—"I don't know, mum. They shook hands an' said, 'Let's take a drink.'"—Up-to-Date.

Everett Wrest—"I s'pose when prosperity comes along you will be ready to meet it?" Dismal Dawson—"Yes, meet it; that's just what I'll do. Prosperity and me is sure to be going in opposite directions."—Indianapolis Journal.

He—"When I first met my wife I thought she was one of the most economical women in the matter of clothes I had ever known." She—"You met her at the seashore, I believe?"—Yonkers Statesman.

Gladys—"Papa's going to give us a check at the wedding instead of a present, Tom." Tom—"All right; we'll have the ceremony at high noon then instead of at 4 o'clock." Gladys—"Why, what for, dear?" Tom—"Banks close at 3."—Detroit Free Press.

"Where was the Prince wounded?" asked the friend of one of the seconds in a political duel. "Where was he wounded?" repeated the second, absently, as he looked up from a mass of manuscript. "If I am not mistaken, it was about the beginning of the last paragraph in the second column."—Washington Star.

OF INTEREST FROM EXCHANGES.

If Postal Savings Banks, Why Not Have Government Guaranteed Life Insurance?

The postal savings bank scheme is now widely discussed. It is taken for granted that the Postmaster General will recommend in his first annual report the establishment of the system, and that Congress will be called upon to consider a bill engaging the federal government in the savings bank business.

The main argument in favor of postal savings banks is variously presented. It appears in one of its most common forms in the subjoined extract from the Richmond State:

Thousands of thrifty persons whose earning power is restricted have experienced the bitterness coming from a loss of their savings through the savings banks, building and loan associations, and other institutions which were supposed to give safety, and hopelessness and doubt have undoubtedly thereby been sown broadcast, causing a harvest of improvidence to be reaped on account of such calamities.

That is quite true. It is true, likewise, that thousands of thrifty persons whose earning power is restricted have lost the results of their foresight and unselfish economy through the failure of the life insurance companies or mutual assessment associations which were supposed to protect the future of the families of the investors. Thousands of needy widows and helpless orphans have experienced the bitterness of loss in this way; loss which could not have occurred had all life insurance policies been guaranteed by the federal government.

If the object of postal savings banks is paternal, the protection by the government of its citizens against the accidents of business and the frailties of financial management, why should not the Postoffice department undertake to insure the lives of our citizens as well as to become the depository of their small savings?

Has Postmaster General Gary considered the possibility of extending the functions of his department to the broad field of life insurance?—New York Sun.

Cycling and New Dress Goods.

Further industrial disturbance caused by the bicycle is reported from Great Britain. It has hitherto been expained how cycling has affected the horse trade, the book trade, the jewelry trade, and various lines of business. Now Yorkshire tells of its effects upon textile manufactures. These are twofold—one bad, one good. The bad came first, and is only temporary. The good came second and will probably prove permanent. The former was seen in a diminution of purchases. Thousands of women—or their husbands or fathers—had to choose between bicycles and new dresses. They chose the former, and the dry goods trade accordingly suffered. Manufacturers, retailers, and dressmakers all felt the loss of custom, which was sufficient to make a serious depression of trade.

The second effect has been a change of fashion. There is a vastly increased demand for dress goods suited to bicycling. It comes both from those who can afford special cycling suits and from those who cannot, for the latter naturally now make their ordinary street costumes of goods that will also do for wheeling. The goods demanded are chiefly those that are soft, closely woven, and lusterless.

The manufacturers who a few years ago were turning out mohairs and other "lusters" have adapted their works to the production of serges and similar goods, and are now prepared to supply either class with equal facility. That is a great gain for the Bradford district. It means that manufacturers will no longer be dependent upon the vagaries of fashion. Cycling has come to stay, and so have its requirements of dress.—New York Tribune.

The Price of Wheat in Russia.

The crisis in the grain trade in southern Russia has been enhanced by the influx of a half-score of Hungarian commissioners, who are purchasing wheat at any price at which they can obtain it. A majority of the great grain exporters are in a very precarious position, and a large number of smaller firms have already collapsed. One large foreign export firm alone has lost 3,000,000 rubles [a ruble is about 73 cents] on the fulfillment of contracts made by it in the expectation that there would be a middling crop. With the exception of barley all the cereals are as light as they are scant; while the fact that the government has wisely made extraordinary purchases of grain for food reserve as a precaution against another famine like that of two years ago has increased the scare.

If Shakspeare Were Alive.

What would Shakspeare do if he came to town nowadays? Mr. Maclean, M. P., who delivered the Presidential address at the journalists' congress at Cardiff last week, thinks he would be writing jubilee odes and jingo leading articles in the daily press. One can imagine an occasional contribution signed with a modest W. S.; but on the whole I cannot agree with Mr. Maclean. Will Shakspeare had a sound eye on the main chance, and I doubt not that if he were revived Mr. William Shakspeare would find a quicker road to fortune. He would be managing a West End theater, with touring companies all over the world, and piling up riches at the rate of £1,000 a week out of his author's fees alone.—London Sketch.

Can Cook in the Klondike.

Any one who has ever picked up with a bare hand a piece of intensely cold iron knows that the touch burns almost as badly as if the metal were red hot. Indeed, the action of great heat and that of extreme cold are so similar that a Hungarian chemist has turned the latter to account to prepare meats for food. He subjects the meat to 60 degrees of frost and then seals it up in air-tight tin cans. The result is that the meat, which is practically "cooked by cold," will keep any time, and can be eaten with very little further preparation.—Tit-Bits.

Wheat from the Yukon.

The Department of the Interior at Ottawa has received from Mr. Ogilvie, the Dominion surveyor now in the Yukon country, a bunch of wheat bearing the following inscription on a card: "Grown at Fort Cudahy from accidental planting in the autumn of 1895. All from one root and cut fourteen inches above ground on Sept. 7, 1896. Aug. 27, minimum temperature, 31.8°; Aug. 31, minimum temperature, 27.2°; Sept. 1, minimum temperature, 27.1°." This is probably the first wheat ever grown in the Yukon, and though not of the highest grade it demonstrates what may be done.

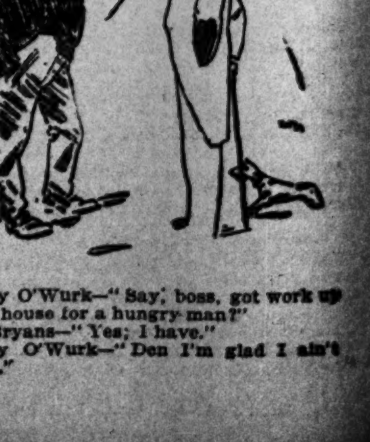
Clara Ward and the Sultan.

Paris has received word that Clara Ward-Chimay has been invited by the Sultan to give in his miniature theater at the Yildiz Kiosk the entertainment forbidden in Paris and other capitals. The Sultan, when shown a photograph of Clara's figure, said he desired to make her acquaintance.—New York Herald.

Wants to Make Sure.

A Huntingdon woman will consent to let her husband go to the Klondike in the spring if he will draw up a paper to the effect that if he hasn't returned in three years it means that he will never return, and that she is at liberty to marry again. She doesn't want any of the Enoch Arden business in hers.—Tyrone Times.

Just Escaped It.



Weary O'Wurk—"Say, boss, got work up ter yer house for a hungry man?"
Mr. Bryans—"Yes; I have."
Weary O'Wurk—"Den I'm glad I ain't hungry."

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FIGHT OVER SEC. 22.

Great Pressure Brought to Bear on the Administration.

M'KENNA IN HOT WATER.

Hesitating Between Entirely Opposite Opinions.

POINTS IN THE LAST DRAFT.

Colonel Kerens Says the Matter Is Still Unsettled.

OTHER NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—Not since the opening of this administration has such persistent and powerful outside pressure been brought to bear on the President and his Cabinet as has been provoked by the forthcoming opinion of Attorney General McKenna on the discriminating duty clause of the new tariff bill. The question was referred to him a month ago, and yet the Treasury department is still in the dark as to the proper interpretation of the law. The reason for this is that the railroad companies interested have from the first exerted a tremendous influence, and the fight is still as hot, however.

The Attorney General unfortunately wavered between diametrically opposite opinions, and, in fact, recast his decision several times. The latest draft declared that the effect of section 22 did not in any way destroy or abrogate the bonding privileges. In other words, the Attorney General declared that while the section imposed a discriminating and practically prohibitive duty of 10 per cent on goods brought through a contiguous country, like Mexico or Canada, when goods were bonded from the original country for through transmission to a port in this country the effect of the bond was to eliminate the country through which the goods were transported entirely.

He held that tea sent from Japan to Winnipeg in the ordinary course of trade and then shipped to the United States would have to pay the duty, while tea shipped in bond from Japan, but carried direct through Canada to the United States, would not have to pay the duty. He therefore partially sustained and partially upset this paragraph of section 22. As far as it related to ships, he held that the old act of Congress held good, so that the President can suspend the duty at any time by proclamation.

These two points were hard blows, first at the Pacific railroads and, secondly, at the American line and Pacific mail steamship interests. The result has been that, although the Attorney General's opinion was completed early last week, and its contents generally known, it has not yet been promulgated. The Pacific railroad interests, through Huntington, Depew, Pierpont Morgan, and others, have had their agents here, while the shipping interests have also been represented. Senator Elkins and R. C. Kerens have been at the White House morning, noon, and night, and they were supplemented by Senator Thurston, who called upon the President this afternoon and had a long interview on the subject. Local interests in California have appealed to the Attorney General to show him that the abolition of the bonding privilege means the salvation of San Francisco, while the trunk line railroads between Chicago and New York have been drawn into the fight by representations that if the bonding privilege is continued the Canadian Pacific will carry all the tea and silk across the continent and tap the United States from Winnipeg, Port Arthur, Toronto, Montreal, or other ports, so as to reduce the railroad haul in this country to a minimum.

The result of all this pressure is that the opinion is still held up, and if the Attorney General does not reverse himself again he may at least be persuaded to modify his decision in such a way as to leave several points open to dispute.

Just as he was dodging up the steps of the White House Colonel R. C. Kerens of St. Louis, whose political power is proverbial, said: "Just say that the matter is still open. It is not yet settled, and will not be until the decision is publicly rendered."

Travel through the Yellowstone Park during the present season has been unprecedented, 8,720 persons going through the park from June 1 to Aug. 20. Of these the Yellowstone National Park Transportation company carried 3,842; C. J. Bassett took 59 by way of Beaver Cañon, and David Curry too 53 over the same route. The aggregate number carried through by personally conducted camping parties was 1,225; the aggregate carried in private transportation, 4,437. Bicyclers and foot travelers numbered 194. The number of persons who took the trip around Yellowstone Lake on the boat was 1,667. Crowds have been so great this year that Superintendent Young deemed it necessary to station guards at frequent intervals to prevent accident and imposition and preserve order. He also promulgated a regulation that no camping parties would be allowed to camp in one place longer than five days. This was done to prevent the good camping spots from being preëmpted for the season. Speaking of the great number of camping parties which located in the park this season Superintendent Young says: "The campers became so numerous between Gardiner and Mammoth Hot Springs that I was obliged to prohibit camping or grazing of stock in that section after Aug. 1 in order to preserve the grass for the antelope and mountain sheep which winter there. Thoughtless or intentional violation of the rules were very few in comparison to the number of visitors."

The news which reached Washington of the death of Señora Lazo Arriaga, wife of the Guatemalan Minister, has caused great sorrow, as she was beloved by a wide circle of friends for her lovable and womanly qualities. She was young, and called the most beautiful woman of the diplomatic corps. She was a striking Castilian type, and of Spanish parentage. She was born in Cuba, and all her sympathies were for that country. Her death occurred at Spring Lake, N. J., where she with her family had been spending the summer. She leaves six young children, one of whom was born recently. Several Washington friends were with Señora Arriaga during her last illness, among them the wife of the Mexican Minister, Mme. Romero, who is a devoted friend.

In talking over the Hogansville incident one of the officials of the Postoffice department said:

"The same situation was met and overcome during the term of Postmaster General Wanamaker. At some little town in Alabama or one of the other States of the South the people boycotted the negro postmaster and threatened to kill him if he exercised the duties of his office. The matter was reported to the department. The Postmaster General at once ordered the office discontinued, and the people of that town were without mail facilities until they gave assurances that the postmaster should not be molested."

Colonel F. B. Marsh is the first of the Illinois delegation to return to Washington and open a house. He is here to put his children in school, but improved the opportunity today to call at the White House and urge the appointment of W. K. Hersog for the Consulate at Maracaibo.

W. S. Forman, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, returned to his desk today, and Controller Eckels is expected next week.

Quarterly Pension Requisitions.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 20.—Acting Secretary Davis of the Interior department signed pension requisitions today for quarterly payments at the following places: Chicago, $2,870,000; Buffalo, N. Y., $1,650,000; Des Moines, Ia., $2,140,000; Pittsburg, Pa., $1,750,000; Concord, N. H., $775,000.

ELKINS IS THE AUTHOR.

WEST VIRGINIA SENATOR CLEARS UP A MYSTERY.

Acknowledges the Responsibility for the Paragraph in the Dingley Bill Providing for a Discriminating Duty on Goods Imported on Foreign Ships—Says Its Rejection Will Give American Shipping a Setback of Twenty-five Years.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—Senator Stephen B. Elkins of West Virginia acknowledges that he is the hitherto unknown author of section 22, the mysterious paragraph in the new tariff bill putting penalties upon goods carried into the country by foreign transportation companies.

Senator Elkins, in speaking of the section, said today:

"I am not ashamed of the part I have played. I am proud of it. The section would have meant for the ocean what the tariff does for the land. I think it was American, and for that reason I pushed it.

"This country is bound to be the mistress of the seas just as soon as we get time to attend to it. I wanted to hurry it along. There was no trick about it at all. I simply worked to succeed. Of course, I was not going to tell those opposed to the scheme all about it.

"During President Harrison's administration we came very near reaching this end. Secretary Windom, two days before he died, drew up a resolution in pencil with this end in view. Had he lived it would have been pushed. I am going to push it now.

"I shall be sorry if Attorney General McKenna finds fault against the discriminating clause. Should he do so I think he will give Americanism and American shipping a setback of twenty-five years."

NEW MINISTER TO ECUADOR.

Archibald J. Sampson of Arizona, Who Has a Record as a Campaign Orator, Gets a Place.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 20.—The President today appointed Archibald J. Sampson of Arizona Minister to Ecuador and E. G. Kennedy of South Dakota United States Marshal for South Dakota.

A. J. Sampson is at present a resident of Phœnix, Ariz., but formerly resided in Colorado. He is a lawyer by profession, and was the first Attorney General of Colorado after that State was admitted into the union. Mr. Sampson was the United States Consul at Paso del Norte, Mexico, during President Harrison's administration. He has made quite a record as a campaign orator in the Mississippi Valley States. He is a native of Ohio and 55 years old.

Among the postmasters appointed by the President today are the following:

Illinois—William C. Roodhouse, Roodhouse.
Indiana—Joe E. Shryer, Bloomfield; James B. Johnss, Tipton.
Iowa—E. A. Teeling, Charles City.
Michigan—Arthur S. Coutant, Mount Pleasant.
Minnesota—John R. Johnson, East Grand Forks.
South Dakota—William S. Chase, Sturgis.
Wisconsin—Solon H. Clough, Superior.

The following fourth-class postmasters were appointed in Illinois today: Bloomfield, C. A. Thacker; Nunda, A. S. Corl; West Union, J. D. E. Pietz.

TARGET RECORDS AT SHERIDAN.

Scores Not Up to Those of Preliminary Practice, Though Conditions Favor—The Figures.

Rectangular target firing in the annual competition at Fort Sheridan was continued yesterday under favorable conditions, the breeze not being sufficiently strong to interfere with marksmanship. Yet the score of 177, which Carr made in the preliminary practice, was not equaled, the highest score made being 170, by Sergeant S. J. Erazmus.

Private Worthington of Fort Sheridan is still in the lead with an aggregate of 427. Private Brennan of Fort Leavenworth is a close second with a total of 415.

On the whole the work of the day was much better than the preliminaries, the average score being 150, against 148 of the preliminaries, and 152 of the Department of the East. The best average at the 200-yard line was made by Sergeant Major C. F. Dugger, 49 out of a possible 50. Private J. Brennan of Fort Leavenworth made 48 out of a possible 50 at the 500-yard line. Honors were divided between Corporal J. G. Plymell and Artificer Peter King for the record at the 600-yard line, each making an average of 42. Private Karr, who was expected to figure in the finals, has fallen back to twentieth position.

The day's summaries follow:

Name, rank company, and regiment.	Aggregate for 2 days	Order for 2 days	Third score	Day order	Aggregate 3 days	Order 3 days
Mitchell, pvte., E, 10 In.	188	29	156	17	344	28
Plymell, Cpl., A, 20 In.	258	3	148	22	406	5
Burghardt, pvte., B, 10 In.	215	20	141	27	356	25
Rodgers, 1st Sgt., C, 20 In.	221	19	134	29	355	26
Urquhart, L. C., F, 20 In.	225	16	158	12	383	13
Martin, pvte., H, 20 In.	214	23	152	18	366	21
King, Art., C, 10 In.	224	17	169	4	393	8
Swan, Cpl., F, 19 In.	226	14	168	5	394	7
Muller, pvte., C., 4 In.	161	33	133	31	294	33
Shea, pvte., G, 4 In.	234	10	158	14	392	10
Obinchain, pvte., A, 19 In.	261	2	131	33	392	9
McNarney, Cpl., H, 10 In.	251	5	148	23	399	6
Worthin'n, pvte., D, 4 In.	263	1	164	7	427	1
Ebenspe'r, pvte., B, 20 In.	230	11	158	15	388	12
Sheahan, pvte., B, 19 In.	214	22	149	21	363	23
Erazmus, 1st S., D, 20 In.	210	24	170	1	380	16
Green, Cpl., E, 19 In.	225	15	156	16	381	14
Karr, pvte., D, 10 In.	237	8	134	30	371	20
West, Cpl., A, 10 In.	190	28	148	24	338	29
Brennan, pvte., G, 20 In.	251	6	164	8	415	2
Ross, Sgt., H, 4 In.	187	30	159	10	346	27
Dugger, Sgt. Maj., 19 In.	251	4	158	11	409	4
Hagan, pvte., B, 4 In.	161	32	146	25	307	32
Pfeffer, pvte., G, 10 In.	197	26	162	9	359	24
McPherson, pvte., E, 4 In.	214	21	158	13	372	19
Gaddey, pvte., F, 4 In.	183	31	132	32	315	31
Cummins, Sgt., F, 10 In.	243	7	168	6	411	3
Kotwall, Sgt., D, 19 In.	222	18	170	3	392	11
Van Etten, Sgt., A, 4 In.	137	35	109	34	246	34
Leaman, pvte., G, 19 In.	234	9	144	26	378	18
McKay, pvte., E, 20 In.	145	34	94	35	239	35
Field, pvte., C, 19 In.	229	12	151	19	380	15
Tarbert, 1st Sgt., H, 19 In.	228	13	151	20	379	17
Mosher, pvte., G, 11 In.	194	27	170	2	364	22
Fullerton, pvte., E, 11 In.	198	25	138	28	336	30

The finals will take place today.

Cavalrymen arrived during the day from Forts Leavenworth, Sill, Reno, and Myer. Their competition will begin tomorrow.

ARMOR PLATE BY NEW PROCESS

Government Officials Consult with J. H. Carpenter, Who Offers to Make It for $100 Per Ton.

Reading, Pa., Sept. 20.—Several government officials were in this city last week in consultation with J H. Carpenter, the steel projectile manufacturer, whose proposition to make armor-plate for $100 a ton is now before the Armor board. By his new methods he claims to have eliminated a serious difficulty which all have to contend with, that is, the acid reactions in the molten metal, which have prevented steel from being used with more confidence and saving enormous wastage of castings which could not be used, because they were unsound and full of blowholes.

A plant is now being erected at Cramp & Son's shipyards at Philadelphia under Mr. Carpenter's supervision, which will soon be ready for the making of castings and the carrying on of any further experimental work which he may desire to enter into.

The present method of making steel armor-plate is by the "open hearth" process, and it takes from eight to ten hours to convert iron mixed with steel scrap into steel, while by the new process the same amount of steel is made in less than an hour and without the difficulties of casting incident to the open hearth method.

GRESHAM ESTATE IS CLOSED.

Final Account Shows the Widow Has $18,602—Expenditures Aggregate $2,231.

A final account of the estate of Walter Q. Gresham was filed yesterday in the Probate Court. It was approved and the estate closed. The executrix was the widow, Matilda Gresham, and she is also the sole beneficiary. The account showed that the executrix had on hand $18,602 at the time of closing her accounts, with expenditures of $2,231.

HIS ARMY IN YELLOW

Harrison Is to Have a Street Cleaning Brigade.

FOR DOWN-TOWN WAYS.

Two Hundred Knights of the Broom to Be Hired.

SCHEME FOR SWEET ALLEYS.

Mayor Harrison has decided to have Chicago's down-town streets swept clean and kept clean. To do this 200 men in yellow uniforms, corresponding save in hue with the Gotham "white wings," will be put to work. Twenty-five of them will begin tomorrow, and additions will be made from week to week until the full quota of the army in yellow is completed. The unusual color is adopted because it can be seen conspicuously in the street crowds, and drivers and cyclists will be careful not to run down the wielders of the brooms.

The Mayor always has looked with favor on the "white angels" of the South Park board in Chicago, and when, on his recent trip East, he saw similar systems in vogue in New York and other cities, he decided to have it adopted here.

Commissioner McGann, who seconds the Mayor in the departure, expects Street Cleaning Contractor Cooper to supply the brigade in consideration of being allowed to use machines in the first district instead of doing the work by hand.

The Mayor also grew emphatic yesterday in speaking of his intention to strictly enforce the ordinance prohibiting the throwing of waste paper in the street. Metal boxes for the reception of paper and other classes of combustible material will be placed at the corners.

The alleys down-town will be kept as clean as the streets under the new plan. The Mayor is much impressed with the sweetness of the alleys in the Eastern cities, and will strive to have those in down-town Chicago clean, too. Property-owners will be asked to coöperate with the city authorities to improve the condition of these ways, and an effort will be made to have the alleys paved with asphalt and kept clear of heavy teams.

Mayor Harrison said: "In Pittsburg the alleys in the central portion of the city are kept as clean as the streets. I found property fronting on alleys used for business purposes. The income of the property-owner was doubled, as the property had a rental value on two sides. If the property-owners here will coöperate with me we can have the same result, with sanitary and financial profit. If they will pave the alleys I will help keep them clean."

MAY ASK NEW GARBAGE BIDS.

Mayor and Commissioner of Public Works Discuss the Five-Year Contract Situation.

Commissioner of Public Works McGann said yesterday he thought the five-year garbage contract would be let this week, while Mayor Harrison would not fix any time and intimated that perhaps all the present bids might be thrown out and an entirely new set advertised for.

It seems to be pretty certain the Wright or lowest bid will not be considered. It is a cremation and not a reduction system. The latter is the one favored. Commissioner McGann said:

"Philadelphia, which has both the cremation and reduction systems in use, will throw out the former as soon as its contract has expired, and the officials there say it is entirely out of date. What we want is a good reduction system."

Neither the Mayor nor the Commissioner would declare themselves in favor of any one of the three reduction systems which bid on the contract, but the general understanding is they favor the Arnold, for which James Burke put in a bid, and it is expected he will get the contract. His bid is $2,500,000, against $1,900,000 for the Flynn system, $1,800,000 for the Holthaus, and $2,800,000 for the Chamberlain. The Wright system put in a bid of $1,200,000, but there does not seem to be any disposition to consider it.

In the meantime the Aldermen are still busy putting up schemes whereby they can have something to say about the letting of the contract. The word has gone out among them there is "$200,000 in it," and this is too big a bit to be overlooked. They are still unable to devise any scheme, however, of getting their fingers into the pie, and when the Mayor was asked about it yesterday he replied:

"If they want to study the garbage question they can go out and inspect Chicago's reduction works after the contract is let and they are erected."

FAVORS TEACHING THE BLIND.

Mayor Tells a Committee He Will Lend His Aid to the Public School Plan.

A committee composed of Mrs. L. E. McGann, Thomas Brenan, and Mrs. E. P. Sampson, called upon Mayor Harrison yesterday to ask his coöperation in a plan to instruct blind children in the public schools. The Mayor promised to do all he could to assist the School board and said he was in sympathy with the movement. The matter is expected to come up before the Council on Monday evening next.

Park Board Controls Diversey.

Corporation Counsel Thornton yesterday decided that Diversey avenue, between Clark street and the river, was legally in the control of the Lincoln Park Commissioners, and if they did not assume charge of it and turn it into a boulevard legal steps should be taken to compel them to.

ILLINOIS DAY AT NASHVILLE.

Governor Tanner Writes to Mayor Harrison Urging a Large Attendance of Chicago People.

Governor Tanner has written a letter to Mayor Harrison calling his attention to the fact that Oct. 9 is to be Illinois day at the Nashville exposition. The Governor cites the low rates made by all railroads and urges the Mayor to set before the people of Chicago the importance of as many attending at that time as possibly can do so. An interesting program will be carried out.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show that it goes one-third further than any other brand.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK

ALBUMINURIA
BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

A Natural Specific for Albuminuria and Bright's Disease. It Disintegrates and Eliminates Renal Calculi and Stone of the Bladder. The Best Table Water.

ANALYTICAL REPORT OF

DR. A. GABRIEL POUCHET,

Professor of Pharmacology and Materia Medica of the Faculty of Medicine of Paris, Director of the Laboratory of the Consulting Committee of Public Hygiene of France.

"Paris, Feb. 12, 1897.

"The collections of DISINTEGRATED or BROKEN DOWN VESICAL or RENAL CALCULI which form the subject of the following analysis and researches, were sent me by Doctor Edward Chambers Laird, resident physician BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS, VIRGINIA, U. S. A. THEY WERE DISCHARGED BY DIFFERENT PATIENTS AFTER THE USE OF THE MINERAL WATER OF BUFFALO LITHIA SPRING NO. 2 FOR A VARIABLE TIME.

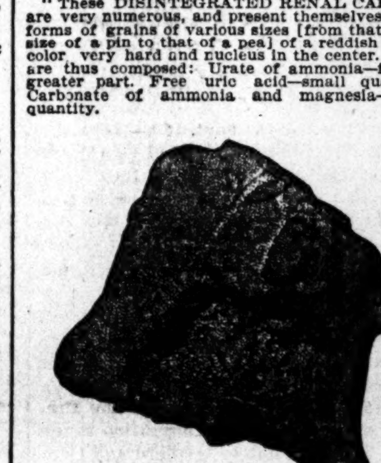
"I ADVISE HERE, FROM THE EXPERIENCE OF DOCTOR LAIRD, THE USE OF THIS MINERAL WATER, WHICH HAS HAD WITH HIM A HAPPY INFLUENCE ON THE DISINTEGRATION OF THE CALCULI AND THEIR ELIMINATION. IT IS TO DEMONSTRATE THIS THAT HE HAS REQUESTED ME TO MAKE THIS ANALYSIS.

"The collection of the DISINTEGRATED CALCULI submitted to my examination were eight in number. A FRAGMENT of each collection has been reproduced by photographs, which are designated by the same letters of the alphabet as the analysis here following:



[Specimen of Calculi "A" magnified 13 diameters.]

"These DISINTEGRATED RENAL CALCULI are very numerous, and present themselves in the forms of grains of various sizes [from that of the size of a pin to that of a pea] of a reddish yellow color, very hard and nucleus in the center. They are thus composed: Urate of ammonia—for the greater part. Free uric acid—small quantity. Carbonate of ammonia and magnesia—small quantity.



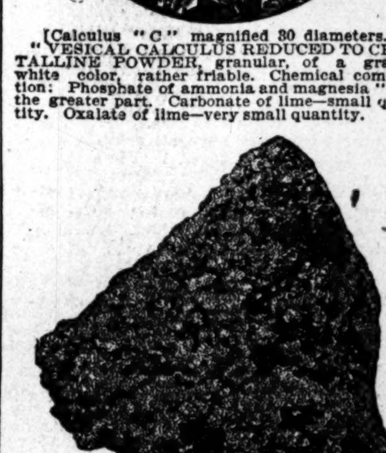
[Calculus "B" magnified 20 diameters.]

"This DISINTEGRATED VESICAL CALCULUS presents itself in the form of MANY FRAGMENTS of a granular aspect of a grayish white color. They are easily broken, and the contexture of the fragments show that they are porous throughout. Chemical composition: Urate of ammonia—for the greater part. Carbonate of ammonia and magnesia—in small quantity.



[Calculus "C" magnified 30 diameters.]

"VESICAL CALCULUS REDUCED TO CRYSTALLINE POWDER, granular, of a grayish white color, rather friable. Chemical composition: Phosphate of ammonia and magnesia "—for the greater part. Carbonate of lime—small quantity. Oxalate of lime—very small quantity.



[Calculus "D" magnified 7 diameters.]

"VESICAL CALCULUS THOROUGHLY DISINTEGRATED, FRAGMENTS MANY and angular, granular aspect, of a rather fragile consistence, of a grayish white color. Chemical composition: Bicalcic phosphate—for the greater part [fusible directly to the blow pipe]. Oxalate of lime—small quantity. Carbonate of ammonia and magnesia—small quantity. Xanthine—very small quantity.

"[Signed] A. GABRIEL POUCHET."

[A portion of report omitted for lack of space.]

Dr. Alfred L. Loomis, *Professor of Pathology and Practical Medicine in the Medical Department of the University of New York,* wrote: "For the past four years I have used

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

in the treatment of CHRONIC BRIGHT'S DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS, occurring in GOUTY AND RHEUMATIC SUBJECTS, WITH MARKED BENEFIT."

Dr. Wm. H. Drummond, *Professor of Medical Jurisprudence, Bishop's University, Montreal, Canada:* "In the Acute and Chronic Nephritis (Bright's Disease of the Kidneys) of Gouty and Rheumatic Origin, as well as in the graver Albuminuria of Pregnancy, I have found

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

to act as a VERITABLE ANTIDOTE, and I KNOW OF NO OTHER NATURAL AGENT POSSESSING THIS IMPORTANT QUALITY."

Dr. William A. Hammond, *Surgeon-General U. S. Army* (retired) *formerly Professor of Diseases of the Mind and Nervous System in the University of New York, etc.:* "I have used

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

in the ALBUMINURIA OF PREGNANCY WITH REMARKABLE EFFECT. When taken in large quantities its influence in such cases is UNMISTAKABLY BENEFICIAL. In one case of PUERPERAL MANIA IT WAS A POWERFUL ADJUNCT TO THE OTHER MEANS USED TO EFFECT A CURE."

Geo. Halsted Boyland, A. M., M. D., *of Paris, Doctor of Medicine of the Faculty of Paris In the New York Medical Journal,* August 22, 1896, says: "THERE IS NO REMEDY SO ABSOLUTELY SPECIFIC IN ALL FORMS OF ALBUMINURIA AND BRIGHT'S DISEASE, whether acute or chronic, as

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

Spring No. 2, accompanied by a milk diet. In all cases of PREGNANCY WHERE ALBUMIN is found in the urine as late as the last week before confinement, IF THIS WATER AND A MILK DIET ARE PRESCRIBED, THE ALBUMIN DISAPPEARS RAPIDLY FROM THE URINE AND THE PATIENT HAS A POSITIVE GUARANTEE AGAINST PUERPERAL CONVULSIONS."

Dr. William B. Towles, *Professor of Anatomy and Materia Medica, in the Medical Department of the University of Virginia:* "The effects of

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

ARE MARKED IN CAUSING A DISAPPEARANCE OF ALBUMIN FROM THE URINE. I have witnessed HIGHLY BENEFICIAL RESULTS FROM ITS USE IN BRIGHT'S DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS."

Dr. G. A. Foote, *of Warrenton, N. C., ex-President State Medical Society:* "WHEN WELL NIGH IN EXTREMIS from CHRONIC BRIGHT'S DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS, and without hope of relief from any remedy, I was by the use of

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

for a few months, RESTORED TO PERFECT HEALTH and active professional life. In ALBUMINURIA and NAUSEA attending PREGNANCY, I have used this Water with the most satisfactory results."

Dr. Graeme M. Hammond, *of New York Professor of Diseases of the Mind and Nervous System in the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital:* "In all cases of BRIGHT'S DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS, I have found

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

OF THE GREATEST SERVICE IN INCREASING THE QUANTITY OF URINE and IN ELIMINATING THE ALBUMIN."

Dr. James B. McCaw, *of Richmond, Va., Honorary Fellow Medical Society of Virginia, Emeritus Professor Medical College of Virginia, etc.,* speaks (*Virginia Medical Monthly*) of "THE GREAT VALUE OF

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

IN ALBUMINURIA OF PREGNANCY."

Dr. Geo. M. Miltenberger, *Professor of Obstetrics, University of Maryland,* before the Medical and Chirurgical Faculty of Maryland, 1886, recommended

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

as an alkaline diuretic in ALBUMINURIA OF PREGNANCY.

Dr. J. T. Davidson, *New Orleans, La., ex-President New Orleans Surgical and Medical Association,* says: "I have for several years prescribed

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

in all cases of SCARLET FEVER, directing it to be drank *ad libitum*, with the effect of RELIEVING ALL TRACES OF ALBUMIN in the urine, and have found it equally efficacious in renal diseases requiring the use of alkaline water."

Dr. Geo. W. Semple, *Ex-President Medical Society of Virginia, Hampton, Va.,* said: "In Scarlet Fever I have known

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

to restore a healthy and abundant secretion of urine when it was highly charged with ALBUMIN and THE SECRETION ALMOST SUPPRESSED."

Dr. Roberts Bartholow, M. A., LL. D.,

Professor of Materia Medica and General Therapeutics in the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, etc.: "Buffalo Lithia Springs of Virginia contain well defined traces of lithia and are alkaline. This is used with great advantage in GOUTY, RHEUMATIC and RENAL AFFECTIONS. IT IS THE BEST TABLE WATER KNOWN TO ME, AND I HAVE SOME EXPERIENCE OF THEM ALL."

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

Is for sale by Grocers and Druggists generally, Pamphlets on application.

PROPRIETOR BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS, VA.

U. S. ENGINEER'S OFFICE, 1637 INDIANA-av., Chicago, Ill., August 23, 1897.—Sealed proposals in triplicate for constructing eight miles or less of Eastern Section of Illinois and Mississippi Canal, from Mile 17 to Mile 24, west of Wyanet, Ill., for excavating lock pits and constructing foundations for three locks, and for constructing one concrete arch culvert, will be received here until 12 noon, central time, September 23, 1897, and then publicly opened. Information furnished on application here, or to Assistant Engineer, James C. Long, Tiskilwa, Ill. W. L. MARSHALL, Major, Engrs.

PROPOSALS FOR RUBBER STAMPING PADS. Postoffice Department, Washington, D. C., Aug. 20, 1897. Sealed proposals will be received at this department until Saturday, September 25, at 2 o'clock p. m., for furnishing rubber stamping pads for the postal service. Blanks for proposals, with specifications giving detailed information and also the estimated number probably to be required, and giving full instructions as to the manner of bidding and conditions to be observed by bidders, will be furnished on application to the Superintendent Division of Supplies, Postoffice Department, Washington, D. C. The Postmaster General reserves the right to reject any or all bids. JAMES A. GARY, Postmaster General.

Tribune Special Guide TO THE **KLONDIKE**

THE BEST ISSUED.

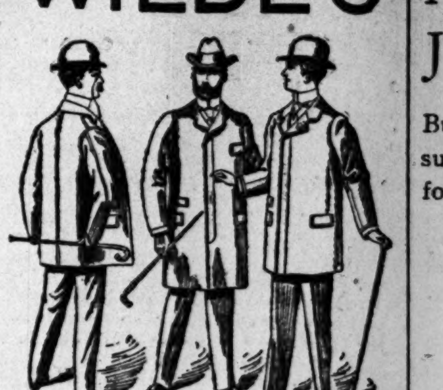
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In LATIN, GREEK, FRENCH, MATHEMATICS, NATURAL SCIENCES, ENGLISH LITERATURE, HISTORY, POLITICAL ECONOMY, and other subjects, under the auspices of THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, will be organized the first week in October at the University of Chicago, the Newberry Library, Western Union Building, Chicago Preparatory School, and wherever else demanded. Instructors may be consulted at the University of Chicago Saturday, October 2, at 2:00 P.M. Addresses will be delivered by prominent speakers at 3:00 P.M. Classes open to all without examination. Send for circulars address the CLASS-STUDY SECRETARY,
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Twenty-third year opens Sept. 22. Boys admitted to kindergarten and Primary Departments. A few boarding pupils received.
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An ideal school near Chicago, designed especially to meet the needs of boys of the public school age. Fiftieth year. Send for prospectus.
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Apply to WM. VERBECK, A. M.

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Thorough preparation for College, Government Academies or Business. Beautiful location. Home influences. Send for catalogue. COL. H. P. DAVIDSON, President, Highland Park, Illinois.

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An ideal school for young boys. Healthful location. Thorough instruction. Family life. Number limited. $300. W. H. RUSSELL, Highland Park, Ill.

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LITERARY OUTPUT OF THE YEAR TO BREAK ALL RECORDS.

Over 1,100 New Volumes Promised Between Now and Christmas from American Publishers Alone—Titles of the Most Important Novels Soon to Appear—Abundant Proof That the Publishers Are About to Claim Their Full Share of New Prosperity.

FROM the advance announcements of fall publications thus far made by American publishers it is already apparent that the book crop of this year will break all records. The Dial of Chicago, with its usual enterprise, has just gotten together a complete list of over 1,100 titles of forthcoming volumes against 900 last year. The list represents sixty American publishing houses—nine more than a year ago.

This list of literary good things to come naturally cannot be appraised in advance, but one can at least pick out some of the titles that promise most on account of their authorship or subject. Naturally the works of fiction will claim the largest interest.

Every one who has read "Quo Vadis" will feel a lively interest in the fact that Jeremiah Curtin has translated another of Henryk Sienkiewicz's novels, which will appear under the title "Light Shineth Through Darkness." Admirers of William Morris will be pleased to learn of the posthumous appearance of another of his quaint romances called "The Water of the Wondrous Isles." Rudyard Kipling's American story, "Captains Courageous," and Robert Louis Stevenson's posthumous romance, "St. Ives," are already partly known to readers of serials. The same is true of Dr. Weir Mitchell's "Hugh Wynne, Free Quaker," which will appear in book form this week. W. D. Howells' "An Open-Eyed Conspiracy," and Bret Harte's rousing California story "Three Partners," are already off the press, as is also Edna Lyall's new novel, "Wayfaring Men."

Lovers of "Lorna Doone" will look eagerly for R. D. Blackmore's "Dariel, a Romance of Surrey." May they not be disappointed in it. With the same doubting prayer one hears the announcement of Maxwell Gray's "The House of the Hidden Treasure." With "His Grace of Osmonde" Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett will seek to maintain her high reputation as a teller of stirring tales. Mrs. Everard Cotes promises "A Voyage of Consolation," and Charles Egbert Craddock "The Juggler."

New novels by Conan Doyle, Stanley Weyman, and Sarah Grand are announced, but the titles are as yet withheld by the publishers. S. R. Crockett will be in the market with his "Lochinvar." George Macdonald is writing the story of a minister, under the title "Salted with Fire." Grant Allen will try fiction again with "An African Millionaire."

Marion Crawford's new addition to his Saracinesca series is called "Corleone," and it will not disappoint his admirers. The name of Zola is sufficient to guarantee an interest in his novel, called "Paris," which is to conclude the trilogy on which he has been at work for the last three years. Max Pemberton will bring forth "The Phantom Army." Mrs. Flora Annie Steel, whose "On the Face of the Waters" was one of the best novels of the last year, will issue a volume of Indian stories.

A new story from Frank Stockton is always welcome. This year it is "The Great Stone of Sardis." One of the strongest works of fiction now appearing serially is "The Kentuckians," by John Fox Jr., a young writer of whom we may expect to hear much. Stanley Waterloo has chosen an odd and interesting theme in his tale of the cave men, "The Story of Ab." Captain Charles King's next will be called "The General's Double."

Mrs. Mary Hartwell Catherwood's contribution to the season's output is called "The Days of Jeanne d'Arc." Paul Leicester Ford will follow up the success of his "Honorable Peter Stirling" with a new story called "The Story of an Untold Love." Henry James contributes the little tale called "What Maisie Knew." Walter Besant's latest is "A Fountain Sealed." John Oliver Hobbes writes "A School for Saints"; George Gissing, "The Whirlpool"; William Le Queux, "The Eye of Istar"; Guy Boothby, "Sheilah McLeod"; F. Anstey, a humorous story with the suggestive title of "Baboo Hurry Bungsho Jabberjee."

This by no means exhausts the list of well known names either at home or abroad, but it gives a fair idea of what may be expected in the way of new fiction before the holidays. There will, of course, be a number of important novels sprung upon us without previous warning, but even those thus far mentioned will be enough to give mental dyspepsia to the ambitious novel reader who attempts to devour them all.

In the heavier departments of literature the array of important works is correspondingly imposing. It is difficult to pick and choose among them, but there can be no doubt that the most important of all is "Alfred, Lord Tennyson," in two volumes, upon which Tennyson's son has been faithfully at work for the last five years. Perhaps next to this comes the expensive volume on the "Life of Wagner," by Houston Stuart Chamberlain. We are promised "The Life of Harriet Beecher Stowe," by Mrs. James T. Fields; "Recollections of Aubrey de Vere"; "The Story of Gladstone's Life," by Justin McCarthy; "Forty-six Years in the Army," by General John M. Schofield; and "Men I Have Known," by Dean Farrar.

"Old Virginia and Her Neighbors," by John Fiske, and "The Westward Movement," by Justin Winsor, are important items in the historical list. The letters of Mrs. Browning and a second series of Hugo's letters are promised. The most important poetical volumes are "Poems Now First Collected," by Edmund Clarence Stedman, and "Selected Poems," by George Meredith. Among the more attractive titles under the head of travel one notes "Impressions of South Africa," by James Bryce; "Picturesque Burma," by Mrs. Ernest Hart; "Gondola Days," by F. Hopkinson Smith; "White Man's Africa," by Poultney Bigelow; "Traveling in Southern France," by H. A. Taine.

Ian Maclaren's name thus far appears only under the theological head with a volume entitled "The Potter's Wheel." "The Polychrome Bible," edited by Professor Paul Haupt, will be a noteworthy work. "Antichrist," by Ernest Renan, is to appear in an English translation. Lyman Abbott is to stir up things further with "An Evolutionist's Theology." John Henry Barrows has written on "Christianity, the World Religion." But there is no end to the list, and a mention even of the widely known names would fill several columns.

Not only the unprecedented number of new books but the actual sales in the book stores during the last few months are sufficient proof that the publishing interests of the country have felt the impetus of returned prosperity and have been quick to respond to it. Only one wishes they would not crowd the whole literary repast into the last six weeks before Christmas.

Fresh Literary Notes.

A complete set of the Kelmscott publications numbers forty-nine volumes, and is now priced at $650.

H. G. Wells' new romance, "The Invisible Man," is to be ready at an early date. The idea of it is quaint—a man becomes invisible, but his clothes don't, and the results are remarkable.

All the published works of Austin Dobson, including the half-dozen volumes that have appeared from 1873 to the present time, are to be brought out this fall in a one-volume edition, revised and arranged by the author.

Under the title "Racing and Chasing," Longmans, Green & Co. have in the press an illustrated volume of sporting stories and sketches by A. E. T. Watson, editor of the Badminton Magazine. The same firm also announces a new book for golfers called "Colonel Bogey's Sketch-Book," by Mr. R. Andre of the West Herts Golf club.

The "Dictionnaire Général de la Langue Française," from the beginning of the seventeenth century to the present day, is making steady progress. The latest part ranges from Negromance to Panicule. On a small scale the editors, Professors Adolphe Hatzfeld and Arsène Darmesteter, assisted by Antoine Thomas, follow the New English Dictionary's method of historical illustrative quotations.

Miss Jeannette L. Gilder of the Critic confesses to the authorship of a novel that attracted considerable attention, when published anonymously, a few years ago. The story, which is called "Taken by Siege," was published serially in Lippincott's Magazine, and later in book form by the Lippincotts. It will be republished in a few weeks by Charles Scribner's Sons, with the author's name on the title page. The story deals with the journalistic and musical life of New York City some twenty years ago.

Mrs. Craigie's novel, "The School for Saints," will be described in the subtitle as "part of the history of the Rt.-Hon. Robert Orange, M. P."

SHORT STORY OF THE DAY.

Patching Neatly Done.

BY HATTIE WHITNEY.

[Copyrighted.]

MISS ROBINETTE ROBBINS
PLAIN SEWING
PATCHING NEATLY DONE

MR. SILAS CLEGHORN put his head out of his narrow window, and stretched his neck until he could see, down the street, the square wooden sign, tacked like a neat patch on the door of the little buff frame house wherein dwelt his nearest neighbor.

"She does do the neatest patch ever I see."

Going to the closet in one corner of his small sitting-room, he fished around among a collection of old rubber boots, mackintoshes, canes, and fishing tackle, and finally brought out a huge old greenish-black umbrella, with a stout handle and a methodically neat patch in one gore.

"Not a hole to be seen," was his disappointed comment, "and I hate like fun to punch one in that strong cloth; but something's got to be patched, so it'll have to be done—no, hold on! I've got it. That's the ticket, and I can save the patch, so it won't be quite so much waste."

Mr. Cleghorn opened the smallest blade of his pocket-knife and inserted it carefully beneath one corner of the patch, sawing away cautiously and patiently at the tiny little stitches, until the patch was loosened, showing a small rent underneath.

"There you are," said Mr. Cleghorn, complacently, laying the small square away in the old cigar box which did duty as a work-basket. "Now, old umbersol, you've helped me out like a man, and I can trot you right over and have her patch you up again—and who knows but I'll be able to ask her, this time."

Miss Robbins was a neat little spinster, round and plump, and brown of eye and hair, and she seemed to fit her name very nicely. An amiable fat sister-in-law, widowed and much the older of the two, kept her company and made good-natured attempts at keeping house for her. Miss Robinette was even-tempered and amiable also, and the two women fitted very neatly together.

The amiable sister-in-law was puttering about in the little kitchen opening off the sitting-room (which was also the dining-room) preparing the evening meal. Occasionally she paused at the door, with a chunky Japanese teapot, or a kettleholder, or long-handled spoon in her hand, and listened with an anxious ear. A look of mild disgust at last overspread her round and rather flat face.

"He's been there exactly an hour," said she, addressing the teapot, "and I haven't heard a thing, only about 'patches' and 'umbrellas,' and what kind of thread she prefers for patching. And if he staid a century, that would be the way it'd go. I'm going straight in and set the table, and he can put out for home, if he's a mind to."

Mr. Cleghorn once more found himself on his way home from Miss Robinette's with nothing accomplished—excepting a new patch in his umbrella—and shook his head gloomily, then plucked up heart again.

"Maybe I'll get to ask her next time," he said hopefully, to the old umbrella, which cheerful view was not the one taken by the sister-in-law.

"'Nette," she was remarking, almost at that very instant, as the two women sat down to their little tea table, "that Silas Cleghorn'll never speak up, in my opinion, any more than an Egyptian mummy would, if it came over here every week to have something patched."

"Perhaps he hasn't anything to speak about," said she, buttering a plump muffin.

"Perhaps your grandmother!" The sister-in-law dished out the plum jam with a good deal of exasperation for her. "A sane man might cut holes in bran-new Turkish towels, just to come here and get you to patch them, if he hadn't anything to speak about, but he'd be a freak, in my opinion. You'll either have to do the asking yourself——"

"Which I won't," responded Robinette.

"Or marry Peter Trumbo——"

"Which I won't," again responded Robinette.

"Or stay single to the end of your days."

"Which I can do, without making any fuss," finished Miss Robbins.

. . . .

"So, that's where you've been, you old rascal!"

Peter Trombo glowered wrathfully from behind a pile of bulky brown encyclopædias, as Silas issued innocently from Miss Robbins' picket gate, his newly-patched umbrella under his arm, and quite unaware of the bitter jealousy he was exciting in the heart of the short, fat little second-hand book man lately located in the vicinity of Miss Robbins' cottage.

"Got my Plu-tartch, and ain't paid fer it, neither," he snarled, brandishing a fat fist after the retreating Silas. "Ketched me a-letting you had it on credit if I'd knew beans. You'll gimme it back, or you'll pay fer it, double quick, too."

The peaceful violet gloaming and the tranquillity of Mr. Cleghorn's little front stoop were disturbed by a loud, wrathy knock, and, upon the door being opened, by a fractious voice, raised with the imperious demand:

"Say, ain't it about time you was paying for that Plu-tartch?"

"No," was responded in Mr. Cleghorn's firmest tones, "you were to wait until the first of the month. That was the bargain."

"Don't care a blue bean ner a continental squash seed fer no bargain," ranted Mr. Trumbo, "gimme the money, right smack."

"Can't do it," responded Mr. Cleghorn, calmly, "until the first of the month. I haven't got it now, and that was the bar——"

"Then gimme back my Plu-tartch," roared Peter, floundering about like a fat little octopus in the entryway; "what business you got with a Plu-tartch when you can't pay for it, eh? Probably want to give it to Miss Robbins, but you don't do it, by a jugful. I'm a-going to give it to her myself. You gimme up that Plu-tartch, er I'll have you up before the first justice I can yank hold of."

Mr. Cleghorn restored the volume with dignity.

"Mr. Trumbo," he advised, mildly, "if you have any good book in your stock on the subject of politeness, I would suggest——"

"You get out," responded Peter concisely, as he waddled down the steps, lugging the big book in both pudgy arms, and went trundling down the street, heading straight for Miss Robbins' cottage.

It was a warm evening, and the second-hand book man mopped his perspiring forehead with a polka-spotted handkerchief, as he laid it there.

"That man Cleghorn didn't pay for it, and I made him gimme it back," he announced, with as much dignity of manner as was compatible with so much rotundity of person, "and I'm going to let you have it, and shan't tax you a cent—biggest book in my hull collection."

"Indeed, I couldn't accept it, Mr. Trumbo," began Miss Robbins; but Mr. Trumbo backed off to the door protesting.

"Yes, you could, ma'am, yes, you could—you take it. He's no business with it; never paid a cent. That's the kind of a feller that man Cleghorn is; regular pirate, ma'am."

"You shouldn't call him names," said Miss Robbins, reproachfully. "I'm sure Mr. Cleghorn is a good man, and would have paid you as soon as possible."

"Well, he didn't," asserted Mr. Trumbo; "you may think him an angel, ma'am, but he's a mighty tough old one, if he is; and even angels oughter pay their debts. He's no good. You let him slide, and take me, Miss Robinette. He's a good-fornothin' old bachelor, and I'm a widower and know how to take care of a wife. Take me, Miss Robinette, and you'll be happy."

Miss Robbins declined to take Mr. Trumbo, and tried to decline the Plutarch also, but it still reposed upon her work table, when the little fat man had gone huffily down the street to his book stand.

"And I suppose poor Silas was interested in these musty old Greeks and Romans," she mused regretfully, turning over a page or two. The leaves fell apart at "Lycurgus," where a half sheet of note-paper, with writing on, lay. Two big R's caught Miss Robbins' glance, and before she quite remembered what she was doing, the two pretty brown eyes had traversed the half sheet and taken in this:

"Dear John: You're married; tell me how you got there—asked her, I mean. I can't do it for the life of me. It's Miss Robinette Robbins; 'she's all the world to me,' but I can't tell her so. Writing would look cold and silly, and I know she'd say no, and daren't risk it, and as for telling her——"

Here a big, splashy blot decorated the page, the rest of which was blank, the writer having evidently concluded to make a fresh start

Miss Robbins blushed violently as if she wasn't 30-odd and inclined to be stout, then went into a brown study, the upshot of which was:

"I'll wait awhile. If John gives him the proper advice and he follows it the result will appear very soon."

But the result didn't, from the fact that John, just having had a spirited spat with Mrs. John, and being in a gloomy and caustic frame of mind, had written:

"Don't ask her at all. You'll be sorry some time, if you do," which advice simply left Mr. Cleghorn to struggle on alone with his problem, as before. It soon became patent to Miss Robinette that things were very much in statu quo, and likely to remain so, as far as Mr. Cleghorn was concerned.

"It's a lovely little romance," sighed Miss Robinette to herself, "but it's got a hole in it, and I believe in my heart I'll have to patch it; it'll be the most difficult bit of patching ever I did, too."

She proceeded, after careful study, to get her patch ready. A Falcon pen in a red holder, a bottle labeled "Jet Black Writing Fluid," and a half sheet of note paper with a carrier dove in the corner, were brought forth, and with the chunky Plutarch for a writing desk, Miss Robbins carefully dated her half sheet and proceeded.

"My Dear Aunt Susan" (never in her born days had Miss Robbins possessed an aunt bearing the given name of Susan): "I am getting discouraged. I am in love, and the right one won't speak. What shall I do? There is another, but——I think more highly of Mr. Cleghorn than of any one else, and I shall wait another week for him. If he doesn't come to the point then, I think——"

This was the place for Miss Robinette's blot to make it's appearance, and a smart wiggle of the lady's elbow produced the desired effect. The ink was carefully dried over Miss Robinette's argand burner, and the Plutarch once more reposed innocently upon the little table, with Miss Robinette's artful half sheet safely stowed away between the very pages of "Lycurgus" from which Mr. Cleghorn's half sheet had been removed.

Mr. Silas Cleghorn's second best brown woolen table cover needed a patch. It was a pretty good cover, and it rather went against the grain with Mr. Cleghorn to punch a jagged hole with a pair of scissors in perfectly sound cloth, but it appeared a matter of necessity, and he was careful to select the exact center as the location of the prospective patch, which could be covered by the big lamp.

So it was that during his strictly business call upon Miss Robbins his eye fell (rather wistfully) upon the Plutarch.

"I don't think much of those old foreigners, myself," said she, "but I dare say you found them quite interesting."

"Well," Mr. Cleghorn admitted, "I would like to have finished "Lycurgus"; he was rather a jolly old boy, I thought."

"Take the book home, then, and finish him, by all means," she said, setting the last stitch in her own little patch, as she finished the one in Mr Cleghorn's table cover.

In less than an hour after his return home Mr. Silas Cleghorn was rushing up the street toward the square sign, with his heart fluttering like a paddle-wheel, and a maddening vision before his eyes of Miss Robinette speeding over to Mr. Jacob Trumbo's book stall and accepting the hand, heart, and second-hand outfit of the little fat man before Silas himself could reach her gate. So rapid was his transit that when Miss Robbins opened her door in answer to his vigorous knock he very nearly fell on the floor, like the man with the "long gray beardie" in the nonsense song, and did catch his coat on a nail beside the door and rend it shockingly.

"Never mind it," he said, as Miss Robbins shrieked nervously, "there's a good deal worse hole in my poor old heart, and getting bigger all the time—will you patch it up for me, Robinette?"

It was out at last. The patch was successful.—Short Stories.

MISS GRACE THOMPSON.



The Only American Woman Who Ever Snubbed the Prince of Wales.

TELLS TALE OF CRUELTY.

EMMA DAVIS, THE VICTIM, PASSES THROUGH CHICAGO.

Little Girl Relates Her Experiences with the Tubbs Family in California—Declares They Horsewhipped Her and Locked Her in a Room for Days at a Time—Going to Her Home in England—Appearance of the Child.

"They whipped me with a horsewhip and locked me in a room for days at a time," said little Emma Davis, the English girl whose abuse at the hands of the Tubbs family caused the California Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children to send her to her parents across the water.

The heroine of this story of nineteenth century cruelty spent five hours in Chicago yesterday on her way back to England. She came via the Burlington route and was met by a blue-badged officer of the Travelers' Aid society and was taken by her to the Y. W. C. A. home at 288 Michigan avenue.

Appearance of the Child.

Notwithstanding the many shades of tan painted there by the California sun the face of Emma Davis indicates good birth and traces of breeding, which years of cruel treatment could not obliterate. Except for her hands, which hard manual labor has made misshapen and unnaturally large, Emma Davis looks the child of ordinary well-to-do parents.

Her dark blue eyes, though the cowed expression is much in evidence, are clear and honest looking. The curves in the child's lips denote sweetness of disposition and innate strength of character.

She is slight, but tall for her 12½ years. Her dress was of gray flannel, and she carried a wrap of brown plaid. Everything was plainly made and new.

She displayed a characteristic English reticence when asked to tell her story, but when closely questioned answered in a distinctly British accent.

Tells a Story of Cruelty.

"My father is a gardener," she said, "and I live at Rock Ferry, near Liverpool. When I was 9 years old Mrs. Tubbs came to visit her sister, who was a neighbor of mamma. She told my mamma she was coming to the United States, where her husband had bought land some time before.

"She read his letters to mamma, in which he told of the beautiful land where his vineyard was, and when Mrs. Tubbs asked mamma if she could not take me with her to help pick the grapes and help her with other light work, mamma said I might go.

"You see," she stopped in her story to say, "mamma never thought they would be unkind to me. I have never heard one word from home. Mrs. Tubbs said she guessed my parents were dead, and I thought they were."

"Did you do the work the Tubbs people expected you to do?" she was asked.

"I tried to," she answered, with quivering lips. "I didn't mind the working from morning until night, but they used to whip me with a horsewhip nearly every night. They said I was lazy and bad.

"The Sheriff of our county—Madeira—saw me working day after day in the vineyard and knew when I was flogged with a horsewhip. I used to have to work all day, and would get a beating when I did not accomplish enough. They built a shed on the porch for me out of empty fruit boxes, and I had to sleep there, no matter how cold the nights were. The reason I was kept waiting so long in San Francisco was that the society officials there had to prepare clothes for me, as I had nothing to wear on my trip. Every one has been kind to me since I was taken from the vineyard.

Seemed Like Heaven.

"When the Tubbses went to San Francisco to attend the Baptist convention they sent me to the Merriams, near Fresno. It was like heaven there, they were so kind to me. I had to work there, too, but it was so different," naively added the child.

"They told the Sheriff about me, and instead of giving my wages to Mr. Tubbs, as he told them to, they bought me some clothes, and the Sheriff took me to San Francisco. There I staid at a home where they keep children who haven't any fathers or mothers, until the English Consul and the President of the Humane society got ready to send me home."

Emma left at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon over the Michigan Central for New York. She will be received and entertained by the Humane society there, and sent on her way to Liverpool.

GRAND LODGE IN SESSION.

ODDFELLOWS GIVEN A ROYAL WELCOME TO SPRINGFIELD.

Addresses of Greeting Are Delivered by Governor Tanner, Mayor Wheeler, Grand Master Rankin, and President May A. Stone of the Rebekah Assembly, and Response Is Made by Grand Sire Carlton of Texas—City Is Elaborately Decorated.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—Springfield is in gala attire in honor of the session of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Oddfellows, which convened here today. All the public buildings and business houses are elaborately decorated with the colors and emblems of the order, and almost every residence near the business district is adorned with flags and bunting. Four large arches have been constructed by the City Council at the corners of the court-house square, and these are tonight resplendent with hundreds of electric lights.

The representatives of the Sovereign Grand Lodge from the various States, Territories, and foreign nations were given a cordial welcome to Illinois at the public reception held at the State-House this morning. They were escorted to the Capitol by the local cantons in full uniform, headed by a band. Representatives' Hall was filled to overflowing when the exercises began. Past Representative Alfred Orendorff presided and addresses of welcome were delivered by Governor John R. Tanner on behalf of the State, Mayor Loren E. Wheeler on behalf of the city, Grand Master George C. Rankin of Monmouth on behalf of the Grand Encampment of Illinois, and by Mrs. May A. Stone of Vandalia, President of the Rebekah Assembly, on behalf of the ladies of the Rebekah degree.

Tanner's Words of Welcome.

Governor Tanner said among other things: "But once before in the history of Oddfellowship has this Supreme Lodge met on Illinois soil. Twenty-six years ago this month your annual session was held in Chicago. Scarcely had you departed from its hospitable shelter when the clouds of affliction settled upon that proud city in such awful and sweeping devastation that the nation stood appalled and stunned almost to inactivity. Not so with this great society. The misfortune of Chicago was the test of your great order. While the flames still licked the ruined city the trained eye of Oddfellowship, ever watching for the sign of distress, and the trained ear of Oddfellowship, ever on the alert for the voice of suffering, caught the needs of the hour, and with quick ,prompt, and generous response this order made a record for itself which to this day stands without a parallel in the broad field of practical benevolence.

"Gentlemen, while we congratulate ourselves upon your coming, let me congratulate you also upon being here. In the shadow of the tomb of Abraham Lincoln is a fitting place to legislate for the good of others; a fitting place in which to make the high resolve that henceforth we will make of Oddfellowship a greater humanizing power, a stronger moral force, than ever before.

"Gentlemen, you come as the representatives of more than a million men and women, whose annual benefactions equal three and a half million dollars. An order which expends $10,000 per day in humane benefactions deserves the great prosperity which yours has attained. Your platform of principles is coequal with humanity.

"While its teachings are admitted to be good, the world approves it most for its practices. By the bed of human suffering, by the open grave, in the home made desolate by death, where widows and orphans feel the gaunt hand of poverty and want, there Oddfellowship does its work.

"This is an age of organization. Society is permanently controlled only by those forces which have existed long enough to become organized powers. In the great field of your endeavor Oddfellowship has come to be known and hailed as a synonym for organized benevolence."

Grand Master Rankin's Welcome.

Grand Master Rankin said in part:

"We bid you welcome to a jurisdiction where the orphan is not fatherless or motherless or homeless. The great-hearted Rebekahs and Oddfellows have provided a home of love for them. Nor have we forgotten the twilight of life, but have commenced the erection of an old folks' home, where the declining days of our brothers and sisters may pass serenely into eternity.

"Sixty-one years ago the first lodge of Oddfellows in this State came into existence at Alton, and in 1838 four other lodges and the Grand Lodge of Illinois were instituted by the immortal Wildey. Today in this jurisdiction there are nearly 900 lodges, with over 50,000 loyal members, expending over $1,000 daily for the relief of distress, the education of the orphan, the burial of the dead, and kindred duties.

"We feel especially honored to welcome you as the highest representatives of the noblest order ever founded, whose membership exceeds 1,000,000; a society which dispenses for relief $4,000,000 dollars annually, or over $11,000 each twenty-four hours—so vast a sum that the mines of a Klondike would be required to meet it."

Grand Sire Carlton's Response.

To these addresses of welcome a fitting response was made by Grand Sire Fred Carlton of Austin, Tex., on behalf of the sovereign grand lodge. He praised the greatness of the State and mentioned some of the men who have made it famous. He also reviewed the great growth of Oddfellowship within its borders, and expressed his gratification that, although the Sovereign Grand Lodge often had been welcomed by Governors, it had today for the first time been welcomed by a Governor who was a member of the order.

At the conclusion of the public exercises the Sovereign Grand Lodge held its preliminary session. All the grand representatives were present except two, one having been caught in quarantine at New Orleans and the other being detained by illness at Baltimore. The usual committees were appointed and a large number of resolutions introduced and an adjournment taken until tomorrow morning.

The visiting Oddfellows were tendered a reception tonight by Governor and Mrs. Tanner at the Executive Mansion.

Earlier in the evening a reception was given to the visiting ladies of the Rebekah degree at Oddfellows' Hall by the local lodge of that branch of the order.

EMMA DAVIS, VICTIM OF CRUELTY IN CALIFORNIA.



BEGINS MOVING PUBLIC LIBRARY

Hild Starts the Procession of Volumes to the New Quarters Despite a Pelting Rain.

Moving began in earnest at the Public Library yesterday. The books were protected from the rain on the way to the new quarters by tarpaulins. With 225,000 to be transferred and arranged before the opening on Oct. 11 Librarian Hild felt he could not afford any delay because of unpropitious weather, so he started the rush. As soon as a case of books had been packed and labeled at the old library it was lowered on the elevator to the basement, where a large truck was waiting to cart it over to the new building. A system of checks and receipts was used to prevent the books from being mislaid.

A large placard bearing the following notice was hung in the basement corridor of the City Hall near the elevators:

THE CHICAGO PUBLIC LIBRARY WILL BE CLOSED SEPT. 19 TO OCT. 10,
inclusive, on account of removal to the new building, corner of Washington street and Michigan avenue. During that time books may be returned at the west entrance of the new building from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m., or to any of the delivery stations.

Librarian Hild said it would take ten days to remove all the books to the new building. Then will come the task of renumbering the volumes and preparing for the formal opening of the new building.

Witch Torturers Arrested.

Fort Wingate, N. M., Sept. 20.—Under escort of three troops of cavalry, the Sheriff of Los Lunas County left here last night with the Pueblo priests accused of maltreating a woman of the tribe whom they accused of witchery. The Governor of the tribe delivered up the members wanted upon demand.

Population of Baltimore.

According to the police census the population of Baltimore is now 625,270.

GIRL DIES OF HYDROPHOBIA.

Ten-Year-Old Daughter of Joseph Meier at Anna Acquires the Disease in a Peculiar Way.

Anna, Ill., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—Agnes Meier, the 10-year-old daughter of Joseph Meier, a well-to-do farmer living south of Jonesboro, died last night from hydrophobia after suffering two days. Two weeks ago she was playing with a dog belonging to the family and the latter was caressing her with its tongue. There was an abrasion of the skin and the disease resulted from that. The dog had betrayed no symptoms of the disease at that time, but died later.

Last Friday the symptoms were noticed in the girl. She was in great agony all day yesterday, but was conscious until she died.

In Island of Ceylon.

Railway building has been carried on with vigor of late in the Island of Ceylon.

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TRADERS TAKE PR

LOCAL SECURITIES ARE ON REALIZATION SA

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RECEIPTS.

Railroad fares........	
Rents and privileges........	
Collection of old assets........	
Total........	

DISBURSEMENTS.

Pay rolls........	
Supplies, labor, and managerial sa aries........	
Proportion of taxes........	
Special order of court........	
Ground and tunnel rentals........	
Total........	
Net earnings six month........	
Percentage operating expenses........	

The fiscal year of the Chicago, Bu Quincy having been changed so as t 1, the directors have submitted the foll ment of earnings and expenses for ended June 30, 1897: Earnings, f 555,700; passenger, $3,282,281; mail, miscellaneous expenses, $2,103,867; 941,848; operating expenses, $10,66 $1,116,270; total, $11,779,423; net ea operating, $5,162,425; other income $154,540; net receipts of B. M. R. R. and Hannibal and St. Joseph railro partments, $21,368; total net receipt Charges: Interest on bonds, $4,128 depots, $213,147; sinking funds, $3 $4,738,876; surplus, $599,457; dividend six months, $1,640,056; deficit for $1,040,599.

It is announced in London that th reorganization of capital of G. & It is proposed, though it is not nounced, to give each share of pre stock five times the amount of com the new company to be formed. I posed that such a reorganization wo status of that company's option Match.

Sales on the Stock Exch

Sales on the Stock Exchange were

CALL 10 A. M.

100 Am St B Co....	30¼	10 do....
50 do....	30	50 do....
100 do....	30¼	5 do....
25 do....	30¼	50 do....
50 do....	30¼	30 do....
50 do act....	30⅜	10 St W S
50 do....	30½	4 W C St
50 Dia M Co act....	159½	100 do act..
115 do....	159	10 do....
10 N Y Bis Co....	61½	50 do act..
10 do....	61¾	50 do act..
5 do....	61½	100 do act..
50 do act....	61½	50 do act..
25 do....	61¾	10 do....
100 do act....	61½	20 do....
5 do....	61½	100 do act..
50 do act....	61⅜	50 do act..
90 do....	61	160 M & C
60 L S E R R act.	21¼	

BONDS.

$8000 W Chi St R R 1st m 5s......

AFTER CALL.

20 Am Str Bd Co.	30¾	50 do act.
6 do....	30½	100 do....
10 do....	30¾	100 do....
50 do....	30½	50 do act.
50 do act....	30½	100 do....
150 do act....	30	15 do....
50 Dia M Co act.	159¼	20 do....
10 Chi C Railway.	238	50 do act.
3 L St El RRcash	21¾	15 do....
150 do act....	21⅜	150 do act.
100 do act....	21⅞	150 do act.
850 do act....	22	100 do act.
100 do act....	21¾	50 do....
50 do act....	21⅝	50 do act.
10 St W S C Line..	21¼	100 do act.
50 do....	21	150 do act
66 So S El Ry....	60½	50 do act.
20 do....	60⅜	50 do act.
50 do....	60¼	50 do act.
100 do....	60¼	100 do act.
150 do....	60	400 do....
150 W C St R R act.	110	200 do act.
35 do....	110	10 C B &
50 N Y Bis Co....	61	10 L St E
250 do act....	61¼	200 do act.
150 do act....	61	50 do act.
50 do act....	60¾	50 do act.
50 do act....	61	100 L St E
50 do....	61	500 do....
50 do act....	60¾	30 M W S

BONDS.

$ 500 Aud 1st m 5s.	88	$1000 WC m 5s
5000 Chi C Ry 4½s.	102¾	

FROM 1:30 TO 2 P. M.

50 Dia M Co act..	159¾	100 W C S
100 do....	159½	10 do....
10 do....	160	50 do act.
10 L St El R R....	21¾	100 do act.
100 do act....	21⅞	50 LSEl
200 N Y Bis Co act.	61¾	

Sterling rates in Chicago yesterd lows:

	Sixty days.	De
Bankers'........	482½	
Commercial........	481¾	

Clearings at the larger cities y week ago were:

	Sept. 20.
New York........	$79,673,5
Chicago........	16,666,7
Boston........	13,483,3
Philadelphia........	7,456,8
St. Louis........	5,420,0
Baltimore........	2,404,5
New Orleans........	735,2

New York exchange sold yesterd Chicago, 40c discount; St. Louis, 60 10c discount asked.

IN THE NEW YORK MONEY

Bears Raid the Stock Exc Score a General Net D

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—The sto dull and comparatively neglected du er part of the day and the marked confined to a few special instances

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TRADERS TAKE PROFITS.

LOCAL SECURITIES ARE LOWER ON REALIZATION SALES.

Stocks Which Last Made Gains Sell Off, but Strawboard and Others Recently Weak Begin to Show Strength—Westward Movement of Money Subsiding — Local Bank Rates Unchanged—Metropolitan Report Does Not Promise Much.

Prices of stocks on the local exchange were subjected to a livening process yesterday. Some of the securities which last week made sensational advances closed lower as the result of general profit taking during the day. Several of the stocks which were not favored by the buying movement of last week yesterday, by their gains in value, gave indications that the public was ready to take them up in their turn and give them a lift.

The market showed but a slight abatement in the activity which made last week indeed a notable week. It is evident that the public has become interested in the local market, as a change from New York, and is inclined to take up such stocks as are comparatively cheap, and will be profitable purchases either from an investment or a speculative standpoint.

Strawboard was the chief instance of this kind. General attention was directed to it yesterday, and trading in it became a feature. This stock last week listlessly stood at 29½. The opening bid yesterday was 30½. The stock soon rose to 30¾, but eased off at the close to 30. There is nothing new going on in Strawboard. There are no immediate prospects of a settlement with the other strawboard concerns, and it is not likely that the Standard company will very soon be able to quote prices on a paying basis. The demand for strawboard is becoming very good, and the full output of the mills is now said to be finding a market, but not at prices which mean profits. Dividends still seem so far off that the stock can hardly yet be considered more than a speculative security, though on that basis there are good chances for a material advance.

New York Biscuit was still very active, but the price sagged off ¼ of a point, closing at 61⅛, despite a big bullish pressure which continues to be exerted on it.

"Alley L" retrieved its temporary weakness of last Saturday, and closed at 61. Good trading has begun in this stock since it was put on the open list.

Diamond Match closed at 160, a loss of 1 point since Saturday. West Chicago was ⅜ of a point lower than its closing on Saturday. Lake Street Elevated was ⅝ of a point lower. Practically all of these losses in value were due to profit taking on the advice of brokers who believed that last week's advance had somewhat overreached itself.

Slack Western Demand for Money.

Banks report that there is a letting up in the demand for money to go westward. Evidences seem to indicate that either the largest part of the crop has been marketed or that farmers are availing themselves of their present position of high-priced independence by holding on to their grains, instead of rushing them to market. Discount rates on New York are gradually lowering and are now at 40 cents. Loans and rates still remain about stationary, while deposits continue to increase.

The foreign banks affected by the new State law on the taxation of foreign corporations have submitted their side of the question to the Attorney General of the State. No attempt will be made to enforce the law until he has given an opinion on its constitutionality, and declared whether or not there is power to enforce it.

A lot of 500 Auditorium bonds (1st. M. 5s) were sold yesterday at 88. A bid on Corn Exchange Bank stock yesterday was at 260, and on Union National at 110.

C. K. G. Billings of the gas consolidated company arrived in Chicago yesterday from New York. He does not appear to worry over the competition of the Universal company.

The City of Cambridge has awarded $100,000 3½ per cent forty-year park loan bonds to N. W. Harris & Co. at 104.68.

The total receipts of the Metropolitan Elevated road for the six months ending Aug. 31 were $401,467; expenditures, $283,831; net, $117,636. The statement of receipts and expenditures for six months runs as follows:

RECEIPTS.

Railroad fares	$384,354.20
Rents and privileges	16,438.63
Collection of old assets	674.88
Total	$401,467.71

DISBURSEMENTS.

Pay rolls	$166,876.37
Supplies, labor, and managerial salaries	75,840.14
Proportion of taxes	22,977.44
Special order of court	12,187.32
Ground and tunnel rentals	5,950.00
Total	$283,831.27
Net earnings six month	117,636.44
Percentage operating expenses	70.71

The fiscal year of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy having been changed so as to begin July 1, the directors have submitted the following statement of earnings and expenses for six months ended June 30, 1897: Earnings, freight, $11,555,700; passenger, $3,282,281; mail, express, and miscellaneous expenses, $2,103,867; total, $16,941,848; operating expenses, $10,663,153; taxes, $1,110,270; total, $11,779,423; net earnings from operating, $5,162,425; other income and interest, $154,540; net receipts of B. M. R. R. in Nebraska and Hannibal and St. Joseph railroad land departments, $21,368; total net receipts, $5,338,333. Charges: Interest on bonds, $4,128,873; rent of depots, $213,147; sinking funds, $396,856; total, $4,738,876; surplus, $599,457; dividend paid during six months, $1,640,056; deficit for six months, $1,040,599.

It is announced in London that there is to be a reorganization of capital of G. & P. Coats Co. It is proposed, though it is not officially announced, to give each share of present common stock five times the amount of common stock of the new company to be formed. It is not supposed that such a reorganization would affect the status of that company's option on Diamond Match.

Sales on the Stock Exchange.

Sales on the Stock Exchange were as follows:

CALL 10 A. M.

100 Am St B Co.	30¼	10 do	21⅝
50 do	30	50 do	21½
100 do	30¼	5 do	21½
25 do	30¼	50 do	21⅝
50 do	30¼	30 do	21½
50 do act	30¼	10 St W S C Line	21
50 do	30½	4 W C St R R	110
50 Dia M Co act	159½	100 do act	110¼
115 do	159	10 do	110
10 N Y Bis Co	61½	50 do act	110
10 do	61⅜	50 do act	110¼
5 do	61¼	100 do act	110¼
50 do act	61½	50 do act	110⅜
25 do	61⅛	10 do	110¼
100 do act	61½	20 do	110
5 do	61½	100 do act	110⅜
50 do act	61⅜	50 do act	110
90 do	61	160 M & C Brew Co.	10
50 L S E R R act.	21⅛		

BONDS.

$8000 W Chi St R R 1st m 5s 104

AFTER CALL.

20 Am Str Bd Co.	30¾	50 do act	61
8 do	30½	100 do	61
10 do	30⅝	100 do	61
50 do	30¼	50 do act	61¼
50 do act	30½	100 do	61¼
150 do act	30	15 do	60¾
50 Dia M Co act	159¼	20 do	61
10 Chi C Railway	238	50 do act	61¼
3 L St El RRcash	21¾	15 do	61¼
150 do act	21⅝	150 do act	61⅜
100 do act	21⅞	150 do act	61¼
200 do act	22	100 do act	61½
100 do act	21¾	50 do	61½
50 do act	21⅝	50 do act	61⅝
10 St W S C Line	21⅛	100 do act	61⅞
50 do	21	150 do act	62
66 So S El Ry	60½	50 do act	61⅞
20 do	60⅜	50 do act	62
50 do	60½	50 do act	61⅞
100 do	60¼	100 do act	62
160 do	60	400 do	61¾
100 W C St R R act.	110	200 do act	62
36 do	110	10 C B & M Co.	9
50 N Y Bis Co.	61	10 L St El tr ctfs.	19
250 do act	61¼	200 do act	19¼
150 do act	61	50 do act	19⅜
50 do act	60¾	50 do act	19¼
50 do act	61	100 L St El deb 5s.	76
50 do	61	500 do	75½
50 do act	60⅞	30 M W S ElRRCo	7

BONDS.

$ 500 Audi 1st m 5s.	88	$1000 WC St RR 1st m 5s	104
5000 Chi C Ry 4½s.	102⅝		

FROM 1:30 TO 2 P. M.

50 Dia M Co act.	159⅝	100 W C St R R act.	110¼
100 do	159¾	10 do	110
10 do	160	50 do act	110¼
10 L St El R R	21⅝	100 do act	110⅜
100 do act	21½	50 LSEl tr ctfs act	19¼
500 N Y Bis Co act.	61⅛		

Sterling rates in Chicago yesterday were as follows:

	Sixty days.	Demand.	Cables.
Bankers'	482¼	484¾	485¼
Commercial	481⅞	484¼	484¼

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week ago were:

	Sept. 20.	Sept. 13.
New York	$79,672,519	$85,526,128
Chicago	16,666,755	16,594,842
Boston	13,438,344	13,507,028
Philadelphia	7,456,801	8,261,604
St. Louis	5,420,026	6,221,137
Baltimore	2,404,542	2,793,370
New Orleans	735,235	632,508

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, 40c discount; St. Louis, 60c discount bid, 50c discount asked.

IN THE NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

Bears Raid the Stock Exchange and Score a General Net Decline.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—The stock market was dull and comparatively neglected during the greater part of the day and the marked advances were confined to a few special instances up to the final half hour. The bears, encouraged by the lack of activity in the trading and the rise in the money rate, then fell upon the market and raided it to such good effect that few active stocks escaped with a net decline of less than a point, and in a few instances much larger losses were shown as a result of the day's trading.

The pressure to sell and the resulting declines were especially heavy in the grangers. Burlington, which had been pushed in the morning to a new high record of 102¼, fell to par in the closing transaction, and Chicago Great Western, which had shown great animation and had risen to 20¼, fell 1⅜. Omaha, which has been conspicuously strong in recent markets, fell 1½, and its parent stock, Northwestern, dropped off 1⅞. Rock Island was the feature of the market during the early period of the day and had advanced 2 points. The final liquidation left it still with a fractional net gain. The local gas stocks, whose sensational advances had sustained the market on recent occasions, were prominent in the decline, Consolidated Gas dropping 6 points and Brooklyn Union 4.

The Vanderbilts and trunk lines, the coalers, and leading industrial shares and specialties all shared in the weakness, and nearly all showed declines of a point and upwards. Louisville, which has shown weakness recently on account of the yellow fever scare, was an exception, and closed with a net gain of a small fraction. Baltimore and Ohio showed marked strength early, rising to 2 points and closing with a net gain of 1¼. Western Union and Wabash preferred, which made sharp gains early in the day, fell heavily to below Saturday's close. The course of the London stock market caused more or less depression here at the opening, and again when London's closing quotations were received, showing some heavy declines from their opening prices. The grangers were somewhat sensitive also to reports of bad weather for crops in the West.

But the decisive influence in the decline was a sudden stiffening of the rates for call money to 4 per cent. Quite an amount had been offering all day at as low as 2 per cent, but in the final hour money lenders demanded 4 per cent. There continued to be a large demand and figures ranged from 3 to 4 per cent, loans being made at the high figure up to the last half hour. The closing saw a decline to 3 per cent. The stiffening in the money rate came too late in the day to affect the exchange market. Rates for sterling exchange were somewhat harder during the day, though the market was very inactive. The posted rate for 60-day bills was advanced ½c, to $4.83½. Actual rates for demand bills were quoted ¼ higher and for 60-day bills ¼ higher. Interest centers in the effect which the hardening of money rates and the calling of loans will have on the exchange market and the import movement of gold. Notable gains were made by the Chicago Great Western preferred stocks, the "A" stock advancing 2 points and the "B" 1⅜; by Evansville and Terre Haute, which gained 3; Iowa Central preferred 2, and New Haven, which rose 8¼ over the last sale, to 185¼. The bid price of the latter stock has, however, advanced since the last sale.

Railway bonds were not so actively dealt in today, sales amounting to $2,900,000. Prices were about steady.

United States coupon 4s sold at 114, do regular at 111¾, and the 5s coupons at 114¾. Bid prices for government bonds receded a fraction all around.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	—Closing— Sp.20.	Sp.18.
Amn. Sugar	18,700	153	151⅛	151⅛	152¼
Do pfd	500	118¼	117½	117½	118¾
Amn. Tobacco	23,700	92	89½	90	91¼
Am. Cotton Oil	300	24¼	24	24	24½
A. Tel & Cable Co.	5	92	92	92	.....
Atchison	5,500	16⅞	16⅜	16⅜	16¾
Do pfd	13,800	35¼	34⅛	34¼	35½
A. Arbor Ry pfd.	300	37½	37¼	37¼	37½
Am. Spirits Co.	3,300	14⅝	14⅛	14⅛	14¼
Do pfd	100	33½	33½	33½	33¾
Bkln. Rap Tran.	2,600	36½	35¼	36½	36
Bay State Gas	9,200	12½	11	11¾	11
Balto. & Ohio	8,300	21¼	19¼	20¼	19
B. & O. S. W. pfd.	700	9½	9½	9½	9¾
B. R. & P.	1,000	25½	23	24¾	.....
Do pfd	2,500	66¼	64¼	64¼	64¾
Bkln. Un. Gas	900	132	130	130	134
Brooklyn Elev.	100	8¼	8¼	8¼	.....
C., B. & Q.	34,000	102¼	100	100	101⅝
C. & N. W.	2,700	131½	129	129¼	134
Do pfd	45	165	165	165	.....
C., M. & St. P.	27,800	101¼	100⅛	100⅛	101¼
C., R. I. & P.	38,500	97¼	95¼	96	95¾
C., St. P., M. & O.	400	88	86⅜	86⅝	88¼
Do pfd	50	146½	146½	146½	.....
Canada So.	2,400	61¼	59⅞	60	61
Ches. & Ohio	12,200	26¾	25¼	25⅜	26¼
C., C., C. & St. L.	2,200	40⅝	39½	39½	40⅝
Cen. R. R. of N.J.	3,500	100⅞	98½	98⅝	100¼
Con. Gas [N. Y.]	3,000	233	227	227	233
Chicago Gas	14,200	108¾	107¼	107¼	107¼
C. H. V. & Tol.	700	6⅞	6½	6½	6⅞
Col. & H. C. & I.	200	7½	7	7	7¼
Col. Fuel & I. Co.	1,100	26½	26	26½	27
Cent. Pac.	50	16½	16¼	16½	17
C. I. & L.	400	11½	10¼	10⅞	11¼
Do pfd	700	35¾	34¼	35½	35½
Chi. Gt. Western	26,700	20¼	18⅞	18⅞	19¾
Do pfd. A.	100	43	43	43	41
Do pfd. B.	800	32½	31½	21½	29½
D. L. & W.	700	161½	160⅛	160⅛	161½
Del. & Hudson	400	122	121	121⅛	121¾
Den. & Rio G.	200	14¼	14¼	14⅛	14¼
Do pfd	4,800	50⅞	49½	49⅜	49⅞
D. M. & Ft. D.	300	12½	12	12½	.....
Erie	1,300	18⅝	18¼	18⅜	18⅝
Do 1st pfd	2,800	44⅞	44¼	44⅞	44⅞
Do 2d pfd	100	24½	24½	24½	25
E. & T. H.	2,500	34	30	33	.....
Do pfd	100	50	50	50	50
General Electric	4,400	40¼	39	39¼	40¼
Flint & P. M. pfd.	20	44	44	44	.....
H. B. Claflin Co.	100	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
Illinois Central	700	107¾	107¼	107¾	108¼
Iowa Central	100	11	11	11	11
Do pfd	100	37	37	37	.....
Illinois Steel	350	49	48	48½	49
K. P. P. & G.	50	26¼	26¼	26¼	.....
K. & Mich.	550	9	9	9	.....
Louis. & Nash.	14,200	62¼	61¼	61⅝	61¾
L. E. & W.	3,000	22½	21½	21½	22½
Do pfd	3,900	79½	78¼	79	79
Laclede Gas	100	44	44	44	45
Manhattan	6,400	110	109	109¼	109⅝
Mich. Cent.	16	10⅛	10	10	11⅛
M., K. & T.	1,400	16⅛	16	16	16¼
Do pfd	4,200	41	39¾	40¼	41
Met. Traction	500	124¼	124	124¼	123⅞
Mobile & Ohio	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Missouri Pac.	5,400	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Minn. & St. Louis	300	29½	29¼	29½	30
Do 2d pfd	500	61	61	61	62
New Cent. Coal	100	8¼	8¼	8¼	.....
Northern Pac.	3,800	21¼	20¾	20⅞	21⅜
Do pfd	10,300	55¾	54¾	55	55⅜
N. Y. Central	6,900	114¼	113⅜	113½	114⅛
Nor. & W. pfd.	100	43¼	43¼	43¼	43¼
N. Y., Sus. & W.	500	19¼	19	19	19¾
Do pfd	1,100	43½	43	43	43¼
North Amn. Co.	100	5½	5½	5½	5½
N. Y. Ont. & W.	5,200	19¼	18¾	19	19¼
National Lead	1,900	41⅞	40⅞	40⅞	41¾
Do pfd	400	108	107½	108	108
N. Y. C. & St. L.	200	17¾	17¼	17¼	17¼
Do 1st pfd	6	80¼	80¼	80¼	.....
Do 2d pfd	400	42	42	42	43
N. Y., N. H. & H.	150	186	185¼	186	.....
National Starch	100	90	90	90	.....
Do 2d pfd	100	40	40	40	.....
Ogn. Ry. & Nav.	400	40	39	40	.....
Ogn. Short Line	160	20¾	20⅛	20¾	21¼
P. & W. pfd.	100	10	10	10	.....
Pacific Mail	1,500	38	37	37	38
Pullman	1,100	184¼	182¾	182¾	184⅞
P., C., C. & St. L.	2,800	27½	27	27	27¼
Do pfd	2,200	67⅛	66⅞	66⅞	67
Penn. R. R.	3,800	118¼	117	117	118⅝
Reading	13,100	29¼	28	28¼	28⅞
Do 1st pfd	10,000	57¾	56¼	56¾	57
Do 2d pfd	8,500	35¾	35	35	35⅝
Southern Ry.	3,400	12¼	11¾	12	12¼
Do pfd	3,300	37	36¼	36⅝	36⅝
St. J. & G. I.	800	8	7½	7½	.....
Do 1st pfd	400	49	48½	48½	49
Do 2d pfd	100	17½	17½	17½	.....
Southern Pac.	1,000	21¾	21¼	21¼	21⅝
St. L. & San Fran.	2,500	8¼	8	8	7¾
Do 1st pfd	900	55¼	55⅛	55⅛	55¼
Do 2d pfd	400	21⅞	21½	21½	21¾
St. P. & Dul. pfd.	100	87½	87½	87½	.....
St. P., M. & M.	20	122½	122½	122½	123¾
S. R. T.	1,400	7½	7¼	7¼	.....
Texas Pac.	3,000	14¼	13¾	13⅞	14
Tenn. Coal & Iron	3,200	33½	32½	32¾	33¼
Union Pac.	2,700	24¼	23¼	23¾	23⅞
U. P. D. & G.	10,400	10¼	8½	8½	9¼
U. S. Rubber	900	19	18¾	18¾	19¼
Do pfd	400	70	70	70	71
U. S. Leather	500	9⅜	9¼	9⅝	9½
Do pfd	5,200	69½	68½	69	69½
U. S. Express	10	44	44	44	44
West Chicago	400	110½	110¼	110⅜	.....
W. & L. E.	2,600	2⅞	2½	2½	3
Do pfd	270	14⅞	14	14⅝	14
Wabash	3,000	9½	8¾	8¾	8¾
Do pfd	1,000	24⅝	23⅞	23⅞	23¾
Wells Fargo Ex.	120	110½	110½	110½	110½
Western Union	8,000	95½	93½	94	96⅛
Wis. Cent.	100	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
Do pfd	100	6	6	6	6

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	156	United States	44
American	117	Fargo	109

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. new 4s, reg.	125¼	U. S. seconds	98
U. S. new 4s, coup.	125¼	U. S. 5s, reg.	114¼
U. S. 4s	111¼	U. S. 5s, coup.	114¼
U. S. 4s, coup.	113¼		

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS —10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

214000 Atch gen 4s 81¼@¾	1000 do S Minn div 119
826000 do adjmt 4s 60@⅜	2000 do Term 1st 5s 113¾
3000 Ann Arbor 6s 85¼	3000 do gm 4s ser A 103
1000 B C R-N 1st 106	12000 do C-P W 5s 115¼
3000 B-7th Av 1st con 5s 119¼@120	3000 M-St L con 5s 106
19000 Bkln El 1st tr 85@¾	5000 M K-T 1st 4s 86¼
2000 B R-T 5s 95¼	79000 do 2d 65@½
33000 Bkln Un Gas 5s 113	12000 M K T 5s of Tex 82½@83
5000 Cent Ga con 5s 94¾	61000 Man El 4s 96½@97
14000 C N J gm 5s 113	4000 M K-E 1st 100
3000 C P 6s 1898 102¼	2000 N Y O-W con 5s 100
1000 C-O con 5s 113	12000 N-W 4s 79¼
11000 do gen 4½s 81¼@⅜	1000 N C-St L 5s 102⅜
2000 do R-A 1st 102¼	10000 N Y L-W 4½ 2d 85
19000 C B Q con 5s 110½	5000 N Y C 1st 118¼
8000 do Neb ex 4s 94⅝@95¼	15000 U P 1st 6s 121⅝@½
2000 do con 7s 116¼	22000 do 1st reg 121¼
1000 C-J Coal 1st 101¼	33000 do gen lien 3s 60@⅜
2000 C-N W deb 1921 116	16000 do 4s prior inc 92⅜
5000 do 25 yr deb 5s 118¼	11000 do Term 1st 107¼@108
5000 do gold bonds reg 118¼	8000 Or Imp 1st tr 108¼
16000 C R I-P ex 5s 106¼@¼	41000 do 5s 2d inst pd 45¼@49
5000 do deb 5s 102¼	14000 O S L 6s 119¼@⅝
21000 Chi Term tr 4s 81¼	18000 do con 5s 91¼@92
4000 Col-9th Av 1st 119¾	15000 do inc A 5s 57
14000 C R I Ft-N W 1st 102¼	10000 P-W 1st 78
16000 C So 1st gtd 109¼@110	5000 P D-E ex div 1st 102
18000 C-E I gen 5s 102@¼	121000 Rdg gen 4s 85⅝@86¼
3000 Cleve-C 1st tr 70	22000 R G W 1st 82½@83
2000 C I-L 5s 85	6000 St L-I M 5s 90¼@½
3000 do 6s 95@¼	13000 St L SF gm 5s 100⅜
5000 D R-G 4s 90¼	2000 S V-N E 1st 85
2000 E T V-G con 5s 110½	1000 St J-G I 1st 67½
2000 Edison NY 1st 5s 110	25000 St P M-M 4½ 106¼
87000 Erie prior 4s 92¼	60000 Sa-A P 4s 61@¼
2000 F-P M 5s 89	16000 S R-T 6s 70@¼
12000 do 6s 114¼@115	6000 do inc 17¼@18¼
14000 Ft W-D C 1st 73@74	11000 Tex P 1st 5s 92
6000 Ft W-R G 1st 59¼@60	141000 do 2d inc 31¼@32
16000 GE deb 5s 105¼@¼	7000 Tenn Sett 3s 85¼@86
1000 I-Gt N 1st 121	1000 T-O C 1st 104¼
3000 Ia Cent 1st 5s 98@¼	16000 T St L-KC 1st tr 90@91
5000 Ill C 4s 1952 103¼	10000 T-N O 5s 57
2000 K-M 1st 80¼	5000 T C-I B div 90
135000 K P 1st con tr 102@103	11000 U S 4s 1907 114
2000 K-D M 1st 103@¼	20000 U S 5s cp 114¼@⅜
5000 L N A-C 1st 113	1000 do 4½ reg 114¼
14000 L-N NF-S 1st 57@¼	14000 Un L 1st 6s tr 85
1000 L V N Y 1st 90½	365000 U P D-G 1st 50¼@53¾
5000 Lac Gas 5s 103¾	1000 U P SF tr 119
5000 L S-M S 3½ 103	2000 U P 1st 97 tr 116
3000 L V 4½ 101	3000 U P 1st 98 tr 116¼
1000 Met El 1st 118¾	22000 Wab 2d 79¼@80
2000 do 2d 105¼	5000 do deb ser B 33¼
2000 M-St PC-M R 5s 110¼	3000 W N Y-P gm 40
	5000 Wis C 1st tr 38
	1000 W-L E Whlg div 70
	28000 W Chi cons 103¼
	11000 W S gtd 4s 108¾
	25000 do reg 108

Oil and Oil Certificates.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—Petroleum—Pennsylvania crude, no market, nominally at 85.

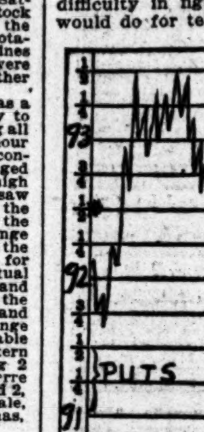
OIL CITY, Pa., Sept. 20.—Credit balances closed 70¼ bid. Shipments, 150,436 brls; runs, 190,765 brls.

WHEAT MARKET ERRATIC

FLUCTUATIONS FREQUENT—LITTLE REFERENCE TO CONSIDERATIONS.

Most of the Statistical Announcements Are Bearish—Heavy World's Shipments and Primary Receipts—Indian Crop Prospects Said to Be Good—Speculation in Provisions at Low Ebb—Surprise in the Visible Showing of Corn—All News Bullish.

There were even more than the ordinary opportunities for "whipsaws" in yesterday's wheat market. The feeling was decidedly mixed and the scalpers had great difficulty in figuring out what the market would do for ten minutes at a time. Right after the opening it looked as if the puts would not check the decline. Within a few minutes December wheat was selling at 93⅛c or a full cent above the closing price of Saturday. Late in the day there was another period of weakness, in which December wheat sold down to 91⅝c, but a later rally closed the market at 92⅞c for December and 92⅛c for May. The difference between the three trading futures was as variable as the market. In a general way the statistics of the day were decidedly bearish. The Northwest had 1,313 cars, against 1,102 a week ago and 1,108 a year ago. Together with the heavy movement come reports that the inspection is showing a decided improvement in the spring wheat received. Of the receipts at Minneapolis yesterday 20 per cent were contract wheat. Local receipts were 467 cars, with 215,000 bu inspected out of store. A year ago local receipts were only 173 cars. The estimate of 710 cars for today had a tendency to check the early advances of wheat. The visible supply increase was about as expected at 1,374,000 bu. The quantity of wheat on passage increased 1,840,000 bu. The English visible decreased 514,000 bu. The showing of world's shipments was decidedly bearish.



December Wheat Range.

World's Wheat Shipments Heavy.

The excess of American shipments over those of last year could not be logically considered an influence against prices, particularly as last week's heavy clearances were cited as a bullish factor. Russian offerings, however, were much heavier than they were last season. India shipped nothing, but cables were received telling that rains in India have come at just the right time, and that the harvest promise is excellent. Total world's shipments were 10,600,000 bu, against 9,190,000 bu the previous week and 7,470,000 bu the same week last year. Liverpool opened with an advance of ⅜d, but closed with the net gain cut down to ⅛d. Paris and Antwerp were both fractionally lower, and the English country markets were easy. Export clearances were 580,000 bu in wheat and flour, against primary receipts and shipments of 1,555,000 bu and 1,238,000 bu respectively. Early in the day the local crowd was bearish. There was a quick rally, on which Gifford and Barrett were perhaps the best buyers. The market on this advance went up easily. The most conspicuous commission house trading was by Baldwin-Gurney, with that of Logan second. It was hard, however, to keep tab on the in and out operations of any of the active commission concerns. On the closing rally the buying by Geddes-Kirkwood had some influence. There was considerable difference of opinion developed as to the export demand. Some houses call it good, while others were unable to get any response on offers made the other side. The new business yesterday at the seaboard was put at fifty loads. In the local cash market the low grades of wheat were weak, while choice samples were well maintained. While wheat which will go No. 1 Northern if properly inspected is bringing December price up to 1½c over, ordinary No. 3 spring is selling at a discount of anywhere from 1½c to 4c.

Yellow fever reports seem to have lost their influence in the provision market. There is a good cash trade, but the speculative interest is at a low ebb. Fluctuations covered a narrow range, and the most conspicuous trading was the buying by Swift. Closing prices were only a shade below the best figures of the day, and showed an advance in everything but lard. Receipts of hogs at seven principal markets were 39,900, against 45,200 the same day last year. Local receipts were 27,000, with prices up 5c to 10c.

Good Strength in Corn.

Corn ruled active and firm within a range of ⅝c, and closed within ¼c of top figures for the day. The strength in the market came mainly from light receipts, adverse reports on the matured crop, and an unexpectedly light increase in the visible. This was only 133,000 bu, where about a million bu had been counted on. The difference has simply gone into the invisible. The corn is still in existence, but the declaring of an elevator "irregular" last week practically throws the corn into a private house. The increase in corn in Chicago elevators was 1,091,000 bu, and it was believed this would brace up the total, but the official figures failed to account for all the corn which traders thought should be in sight. Local receipts, while 951 cars, were under the estimated. Primary receipts were 954,000 bu, and shipments 1,071,600 bu. Eastern clearances were 704,000 bu. Revised figures from the crop statistician put the crop at 1,750,000,000 bu, an amount barely equal to domestic requirements and making any export demand come from accumulations. Cold weather all over the country was also a bullish influence. The opening was strong at ⅛@¼c higher than on Saturday, and the subsequent course irregularly upward. Barrett and other shorts were buyers. Bartlett-Frazier and Gifford gave the market good support, and Cudahy was believed to be a buyer through brokers. Samples were ⅜@1c higher early, but reacted toward the close. Sales on track and free on board were: No. 4, 23@27c; No. 3, 28¼@29⅛c; No. 3 yellow, 28⅛c; No. 2, 29⅛@29¼c; No. 2 yellow, 29⅛@29¼c; No. 2 white, 29¼c. Billed through: No. 4, 26¼c; No. 2 yellow, 27@27¼c; No. 2 white, 27⅛c.

Oats advanced from ⅛@¼c, mainly in sympathy with corn, the ups and downs of which market it followed all day. Trade was purely local, there being no outside orders of any kind. Sales on track and free on board were: No. 4, 19¼c; No. 4 white, 21¼@22c; No. 3, 19½@22c; No. 3 white, 21¼@22⅜c; No. 2, 19⅝c; No. 2 white, 22⅛@23c. Billed through: No grade, 16½@20¼c; No. 4, 18c; No. 4 white, 20@21⅝c; No. 3, 18¾@18¾c; No. 3 white, 20⅝@22¼c; No. 2, 18½@18⅝c; No. 2 white, 21¼@22½c.

Rye was a generally unsatisfactory trade, showing no features and no change in price as compared with Saturday. No. 2 regular sold at 48c early, closing nominally 47c. No. 3 ranged downward from 46½c to 45c. December opened at 48½c, sold to 50c, back to 48½c, and closed at 49c. May was 3½c over December.

Barley ruled weak under heavy offerings. Feed grades were quoted 28@28½c and malting 29@45c. The extremes were fairly steady, but medium grades weak and slightly lower.

Timothy was heavy and a shade easier at the following range: September, $2.60 bid; October, $2.85, sellers; January, $2.75, sellers; and March, $2.85, sellers. Clover was a shade firmer at $2.85 for contract grade.

Flaxseed receipts were heavy at 63 cars, and shipments free at 16 cars. Demand, however, was good, and early prices ruled slightly higher. Trade was in fair volume. Toward the close an easier feeling set in, and values reacted to the lowest points of the day. No. 1 Northwestern sold at $1.08¼ early, easing off to $1.08. December also sold at these figures. No. 1 regular was nominally $1.05@1.06. May sold at $1.11¾.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

A prominent Liverpool house incloses a clipping from a grain trade journal relative to the Argentine situation, and indorses the statement as to prospects made, as being in line with its own previous advices. The article refers to the appearance of locusts in Corrientes and Santa Fé, but claims that the damage has not yet been done. Summing up the situation, the following is given: It is generally agreed that the outcome of the Argentine wheat crop this year possesses more than usual interest for millers, because upon this depends to a considerable extent at least whether wheat during the present season will be very scarce, or whether, as at present believed, it will only be relatively scarce. In other words, if Argentina reaps a 10,000,000 quarter crop, as she did in 1893, this will be probably sufficient to check any exaggerated ideas as to price. If, as last year, she reaps a crop below 4,000,000 quarters, or, like 1895, of from 5,000,000 to 6,000,000 quarters Argentina's influence on the future course of prices would be very slight indeed. The present outlook is described on all hands as excellent, but there is, perhaps, no country under the sun in which it is more difficult to foretell the harvest even a fortnight before cutting than it is in Argentina.

As illustrating the uncertainty of the Argentine crop the statistics of the last few years are interesting. The crop of 1891-'92 was 4,200,000 qrs and exports were 2,110,000 qrs. During the next season the crop was 7,250,000 qrs and the exports 4,200,000 qrs. On the 10,500,000-qr crop of 1893-'94 exports were 7,000,000 qrs. During the next year the crop was 7,500,000 qrs, but the exports dropped off to 4,450,000 qrs. In 1895-'96 the crop was 5,500,000 qrs and exports were 2,250,000 qrs. Last season, however, on a crop of only 3,500,000 qrs the exports made up the unimportant total of 250,000 qrs.

The increase in the visible supply of oats of 1,052,000 bu seems remarkable when it is known that last week's exports of oats were 1,600,000 bu, and the largest on record for a single week. The oats item was one of the surprises in yesterday's visible showing. The other was in corn, but was largely a matter of bookkeeping between public and private stocks.

"The people who are figuring on an enormous increase in the visible supply of corn are not taking all the facts into consideration," said a prominent receiver yesterday. "In the first place, the movement has been falling off and actual receipts from day to day have not been up to expectations. In the second place, the domestic consumption is going on at a rapid rate. A year ago potatoes were at a ridiculously low price and were being used largely in the manufacture of starch. Now potatoes are so high priced relatively that corn is being substituted for them largely in starch manufacture."

The feature of the curb was the buying of about 2,000,000 bu puts by Baldwin-Farnum, Patterson, and Cochrane. Wheat was easier at 92½c. Puts ranged from 91¼@91⅝c, closing 91½c; calls from 94@95c, closing 94c. Puts on corn ranged from 30⅛@30¼c, closing 30⅛c; calls from 30⅝@31c, closing 30⅝c.

Charters yesterday were for 248,000 bu corn at 1⅜c to Buffalo. Vessel room is in ample supply.

Estimated receipts today: Wheat, 710 cars; corn, 1,070 cars; oats, 475 cars; hogs, 14,000.

WHEAT.

	Closed Saturday.	Price range yesterday.		Closed yesterday.	Closed Sept. 21. 1896.
September	92⅛	92⅝@	94	92⅝	61¼
December	91	91⅝@	93⅛	92⅞	62⅛
May	92	91¼@	92⅞	92⅛	66⅛
CORN.					
September	28	28⅝@	29	28⅝	21¼
December	29⅞	30 @	30⅝	30⅛	21⅝
May	33¼	33¼@	34⅛	33⅝	24⅝
OATS.					
September	19	18⅝@	19¼	18⅞	16¼
December	20¼	20¼@	20⅞	20⅝	16⅞
May	23½	23¼@	23½	23⅝	19¼
MESS PORK.					
October	8.42½	8.40	@8.50	8.47½	5.95
December	8.50	8.45	@8.57½	8.52½	5.97½
January	9.40	9.45	@9.52½	9.52½	....
LARD—PER 100 LBS.					
October	4.70	4.67½@4.72½		4.70	3.52½
January	4.87½	4.90	@4.92½	4.90	3.90
RIBS—BOXED 25C MORE THAN LOOSE.					
October	5.40	5.40	@5.45	5.42½	3.15
December	4.95	4.95	@5.05	5.00	....
January	4.92½	4.95	@5.00	4.97½	3.50

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	No. 3.	Low grades.	Total.
Hard winter wheat	66	169	3	238
Red spring wheat	..	4	2	6
Spring wheat	39	171	15	225
Corn	627	207	97	931
Oats	84	376	63	523
Rye	52	11	5	68
Barley	5	112	128	245
Totals	873	1,050	313	2,236

Inspected out: 76,489 bu wheat, 435,800 bu corn, and 228,000 bu oats. Additional: 3 cars wheat.

The Secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade gives the following as the visible supply of grain [bu]:

	Sept. 18, 1897.	Sept. 11, 1897.	Sept. 4, 1897.	Sept. 19, 1896.
Wheat	17,140,000	15,766,000	14,817,000	49,655,000
Corn	33,737,000	33,604,000	31,220,000	13,621,000
Oats	10,753,000	9,701,000	9,543,000	8,460,000
Rye	2,425,000	2,349,000	2,388,000	1,964,000
Barley	1,394,000	1,330,000	1,306,000	1,338,000

The following are the stocks of grain in store and afloat in this city at the close of the dates named [bu]:

	Sept. 18, 1897.	Sept. 11, 1897.	Sept. 4, 1897.	Sept. 19, 1896.
Wheat	2,164,000	2,034,000	1,880,000	13,219,000
Corn	17,241,000	16,150,000	14,139,000	4,280,000
Oats	3,117,000	3,227,000	2,975,000	1,861,000
Rye	685,000	551,000	490,000	378,000
Barley	111,000	53,000	30,000	97,000
Totals	23,318,000	22,065,000	19,514,000	19,835,000

PRODUCE MARKETS EAST AND WEST

Closing Quotations on Grain and Provisions in the Big Exchanges.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—Flour, receipts, 30,836 brls; exports, 14,447 brls; steady all day, but lacked important demand, sales being chiefly for jobbing account.

Wheat, receipts, 321,875 bu; exports, 295,426 bu; spot firm; No. 2 red, 99⅛c@$1.00; options opened weak under lower cables, rallied on covering, and averaged firm all day, influenced by export buying, steadier late cables, light stocks, and heavy clearances; closed 1c net higher; No. 2 red May, 95⅝@96c, closed 96c; September, 98⅝@99⅝c, closed 99⅛c; December, 95⅝@97c, closed 96⅝c.

Corn, receipts, 560,675 bu; exports, 77,102 bu; spot firm; No. 2, 35⅝c; options opened strong and advanced on active covering, eased off under realizing, but rallied on the small visible supply increase and renewed demand from shorts, closing ⅜c net higher; September closed 33⅛c; December, 35⅝@36¼c, closed 35⅞c.

Oats, receipts, 192,000 bu; exports, 183,474 bu; spot dull; No. 2, 24½c; options dull but steady all day, closing unchanged; September closed 24½c; December closed 25⅛c.

Provisions—Beef, quiet; cut meats, quiet; pickled bellies, 7¼@8½c; do hams, 8⅜@8½c. Lard, steady; Western steamed, $5.00@5.05; refined, steady. Pork, quiet; new mess, $9.75@10.25. Tallow, quiet; city, 3⅛@3⅜c; country, 3⅛c. Cottonseed oil, easy; prime summer yellow, 26¼@27c; off summer yellow, 26@26½c; butter grades, 30@31c; prime summer white, 29@30c; prime yellow winter, 33@33½c.

Pig iron, warrants very quiet, $7.10 bid, $7.25 asked. Lake copper quiet, $11.25. Tin, firmer, $13.70 bid, $13.80 asked. Spelter, firmer, $4.25@4.35. Lead, strong; exchange, $4.25@4.30.

Coffee, options opened barely steady, with September and October unchanged, and other months 5 points lower, ruled generally weak during the forenoon and very dull, but selling checked by firmer spot Brazilian, in the afternoon eased off under local pressure, closed quiet at 5 to 10 points net decline; sales 9,500 bags, including December, 6.65@6.70c; March, 7.00@7.05c; spot coffee, Rio firm; No. 7 invoice, 7⅛c; No. 7 jobbing, 7⅛c; mild, steady; Cordova, 10½@16½c; sales, 1,200 bags Maracaibo p. t.; 150 bags Central America p. t.

Cotton futures closed easy; sales, 106,500 bales; closing prices: January, 6.52c; February, 6.55c; March, 6.59c; April, 6.62c; May, 6.63c; September, 6.52c; October, 6.46c; November, 6.45c; December, 6.48c; spot closed easy; middling uplands, 6⅞c; middling gulf, 7⅛c; sales, 534 bales.

Butter, receipts, 7,875 pkgs; very firm; Western creamery, 13@20c; Elgins, 20c; factory, 6½@12½c.

Cheese, receipts, 9,129 pkgs; steady; large white, 9⅛c; small white, 9½c; large colored, 9⅛c; small colored, 9½c; part skims, 6⅛@7c; full skims, 3½@4c.

Eggs, receipts, 9,398 pkgs; firm; State and Pennsylvania, 16½@19c; Western, 17½c.

Sugar, raw firm; fair refining, 3⅝c; centrifugal 96 test, 3 15-16@4c; refined firm; crushed, 5 11-16c; powdered, 5 5-16c; granulated, 5¼c.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 20.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, old, spot, $1.07½; new, 99⅛c; No. 2 winter, 97c. Corn—No. 2, 32¾@33c. Oats—No. 2 white, 25@25½c. Rye—No. 2, 53c.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 20.—Wheat was decidedly firm, even though it failed to make much of a showing beyond this. The strength was not expected altogether in view of the prospective visible increase and the larger receipts Northwest, now ahead of a year ago at Minneapolis and Duluth. A small advance was realized from Saturday. December opened in Minneapolis at 87⅝c, and advanced sharply to 89⅛c, which position was held closely for nearly two hours, when as a sagging market lost about half of the rally, leaving the close on a second advance at 89@89⅛c. May opened at 89⅞c and closed at 89⅛c. Flour—First patents, $5.20@5.40; second patents, $5.05@5.15; first clears, $4.00@4.40; second clears, $3.20@3.40.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 20.—Wheat—Higher; No. 2 red cash, elevator, 96⅛c bid; track, 96@98c; No. 2 hard, cash, 88@88⅛c; December, 95⅝c bid; May, 95⅛c nominal. Corn—Higher; No. 2 cash, 27c bid; September, 27¼c asked; December, 27⅝c bid; May, 30⅞c bid. Oats—Easier; No. 2 cash, elevator, 20c asked; track, 20⅛@21c; No. 2 white, 22@22½c; May, 23⅛c bid. Rye—Higher, 46c. Flaxseed—Higher, $1.03 bid. Pork—Firm; standard mess, jobbing, $8.75. Lard—Higher; prime steam, $4.55; choice, $4.62½. Lead—Firm, $4.15 bid. Spelter—Stronger, $4.05 bid.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 20.—Wheat—Hard about 1c higher, fairly active; soft, steady; lower later; No. 2 hard, 87c; No. 2, 84½@86c; No. 3, 81½@85c; No. 4, 81@82½c; No. 2 red, 91½@92c; mixed, 87@91c; No. 3, 86@91c; No. 4, 83@86c. Corn—About steady, rather quiet; No. 2 mixed, 24½@25c. Oats—About steady, fairly active; No. 2 white, 18¾@20c; poor, 18@18¼c. Rye—Weak; No. 2, 44½c.

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 20.—Corn—Firm; No. 2, 28c. Oats—Inactive; No. 2 white, 22¼c. Rye—Dull, nominal. Whisky—Market firm; basis for finished goods, $1.21. Receipts—39,700 bu; oats, 39,050 bu; rye, none; whisky, none; wheat, 2,600 bu. Shipments—Corn, 33,900 bu; oats, 74,350 bu; rye, 600 bu; whisky, 1,475 brls; wheat, none.

DULUTH, Minn., Sept. 20.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 94⅛c; No. 1 Northern, 92⅝c; December, 89⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 90¼c. Rye—47c bid; No. 2 oats, 22¼c. Flax—18¼c. Receipts—Wheat, 454,448 bu; corn, 19,846 bu; oats, 5,450 bu; rye, 8,397 bu; barley, 27,957 bu; flax, 5,788 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 364,907 bu; flax, 29,868 bu.

TOLEDO, O., Sept. 20.—Wheat—Higher, firm; No. 2 cash and September, 94½c; October and December, 95c. Corn—Active, easy; No. 2 mixed, 29⅛@30c. Oats—Dull, steady; No. 2 mixed, 19c. Rye—Quiet; No. 2 cash, 48c. Clover seed—Prime cash, $3.70. Oil—Unchanged.

WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., Sept. 20.—Close: Wheat—No. 1 hard, 94⅝c; No. 1 Northern, 92⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 88⅛c; No. 2 rye, 47c bid; No. 2 oats, 22¼c bid. Cash flax—$1.08⅛. Receipts of wheat were 629,225 bu.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 20.—Spirits turpentine firm, 27⅛@28¼c. Resin—Steady, $1.10@1.15. Crude turpentine—Steady, $1.30, $1.80, and $1.90. Tar—Firm, $1.15.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—The dry goods market opened quietly today, all lines of goods showing an apparent reaction from previous heavy trading. The demand for cotton goods is steady, but of less ample proportions than recently, print cloths alone sustaining the market rates for two weeks ago. The demand for woolen goods on recorder is kept up, and at the advanced prices makes the total of business from day to day. Jobbers report continued fair business on the whole, though the demand is somewhat scattered and unsatisfactory in its character. Staple cottons show no change. Print cloths sell slowly in all grades. Extras are still quoted at 2⅝, with a limited demand.

Trade Improves in the South.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 20.—Trade conditions continue encouraging. The Tradesman's correspondents located at the important industrial centers of the South report a steady increase in business, all lines of trade showing more activity than for several years past.

TRIBUNE TRADE REVIEW.

IRON MILLS AND FURNACES REFUSE NEW ORDERS AT PRESENT PRICES.

Sales Are Not Increasing, but Enough Work Has Been Taken to Keep Mill Men Busy for the Rest of the Year—Southern Furnaces Advance Pig Iron 50 Cents—Santa Fe Places a Large Order for Bridge Material.

Iron sales are not particularly increasing, but in the trade this is said to be because mills and furnaces have taken all the business they can handle during the balance of the year and do not care to make prices at this time on iron to be delivered next year. With buyers, however, the situation is altogether different. The tendency of the market is such that they have everything to gain and nothing to lose by placing all the orders they can induce the mill men to take at present prices. This willingness to buy now is more pronounced on the part of steel than iron. Small users of the latter have about made up their minds they will do as well to wait awhile and not anticipate next year's requirements too far. But the free purchases by large users are on a scale to entirely offset the moderate wants of the smaller consumers. The Iron Trade Review has a report that the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad company is fully sold up on pig iron for the balance of this year, and has withdrawn from the maket. Several other Southern furnaces are also said to be in nearly the same condition, having very little iron for delivery this year. The Sloss Iron and Steel company is reported to be short of several grades. As a consequence there is very little Southern iron to be disposed of in this market in the balance of the year. The local furnaces are nearly as well sold. The mills here are also very well booked, and have very little steel for sale to deliver this year. The Illinois Steel company's President is quoted to the effect that the company's order book is fuller than for a long time at this season of the year.

Within a week the Southern furnaces have made two advances of 25c each on pig iron. Local furnaces have made one. To a certain extent these advances may restrict purchases for the time being. Tonnage, however, has been on a very large scale. Some furnaces, both North and South, are reported to have placed all of their product for the balance of this year. Consumption is much larger in this territory than for a long time and appears to be increasing, judging from the deliveries of pig iron. Foundries are taking iron faster than they contracted for, and are buying additional iron to cover new business in excess of anticipations. Quotations have been revised, as follows: Lake Superior charcoal, $13.00@13.25; local coke foundry, No. 1, $11.00@11.50; No. 2, $10.50@11.00; No. 3, $10.25@10.50; local Scotch foundry, No. 1, $11.50@12.00; No. 2, $11.00@11.50; No. 3, $10.50@11.00; Southern coke, No. 1, $11.00@11.25; No. 2, $10.50@10.75; No. 3, $10.25@10.50; Southern No. 1 soft, $11.00@11.25; No. 2 soft, $10.50@10.75; Southern silveries, $10.60@10.75; Jackson County silveries, $12.50@14.50; Ohio strong softeners, $12.00@12.25; Alabama car wheel, $15.00@16.00; malleable Bessemer, $10.75@11.00; coke Bessemer, $11.50@12.00.

A Pittsburg mill has secured the Santa Fé order for 12,000 tons of bridge material, which is perhaps the largest order closed here last week. There have been, however, quite a number of smaller contracts placed, and the week's tonnage has been quite satisfactory. Quotations on most shapes are $1.00 per ton higher than a week ago and are as follows: Beams and channels, 1.15@1.20c; tees, 1.35@1.45c; angles, 1.15@1.20c; and universal plates, 1.15@1.20c, f. o. b., Chicago. Dealers quote small lots from stock at an advance of ¼@⅜ over mill quotations.

With cooler weather anthracite coal is becoming a little firmer. The following are wholesale prices per net ton: Grate, $5.35; egg, $5.60; stove, $5.60; nut, $5.60; pea, $3.25; grate from yard and dock, $5.50; egg, stove and nut, $5.75; retail, $6.50.

Pending a settlement of the strike prices on bituminous coal have been a bit ragged. Illinois run is selling about $2.75, with very little coal in sight, because consumers, like shippers, are not anxious to be caught with a supply of coal on hand when general mining is resumed in territory contiguous to this market. The supply is still scarce and prices irregular with indications that there will be a greatly changed condition within a few days. The Industrial World says it is not likely from present appearances that mining will be soon resumed in the northern Illinois field. The operators are handicapped by large annual contracts based on the mining scale which was adopted May 1 for the ensuing year. The Indiana bituminous operators have agreed to advance the miners' scale from 51 to 56 cents provided the Illinois operators accept the same rate or provided the latters' mines remain idle. The mines in central Indiana and Illinois, however, are gradually resuming operations irrespective of the concerted action as outlined above. At this writing indications are that quite a number of mines will be active this week, enough at least to ease the market, and perhaps all of them except those in northern Illinois.

PRODUCE PRICES SOMEWHAT FIRMER

Cooler Weather Has a Stiffening Tendency on Values.

Farm produce was in moderate demand yesterday at generally firmer prices, owing to cooler weather. The supply of everything in the vegetable line was ample for requirements. Game is beginning to come in and is in good demand. All dairy products were firm.

The following prices on produce are quoted on wholesale lots from store:

Butter—Creamery: Extras, 19½c; firsts, 17½@18½c; seconds, 14@16c. Dairies: Extras, 17c; firsts, 14@15c; seconds, 10@12c.

Cheese—Fancy full cream, cheddars, 8¼c; new, twins, 8¼c; Young Americas, 9c.

Eggs—First, loss off, cases returned, 14c.

Fresh fish—Black bass, 8c; pike, 5c; pickerel, 3c; German carp, 1c.

Game—Jacksnipe, $1.50 per doz; plover, $1.25@1.50; ducks, mallard, $2.75@3.00; canvasback, $5.00@6.00.

Green fruits—New apples, green, $1.00@1.15 per brl; red fruit, $1.50@2.00 per brl; lemons, California, $3.25@4.00 per box; Sicily, $2.75@4.50; bananas, 60c@$1.00 per bunch; gems, 15@20c per ½ bu; Osage melons, 20@30c per crate; grapes, Concord, 8@10c per 8-lb basket; Muscats, California, 90c@$1.10 per case; Tokays, $1.25@1.50 per case; plums, blue Damsons, $1.25 per 16-qt case; peaches, Michigan, 25@40c per 1-5 bu basket; fancy, $1.50@1.75 per 6-basket case; pears, California Bartletts, $1.75@2.00 a box; Michigan Bartletts, $2.75@3.50 per brl; watermelons, $5.50 per hundred; blueberries, 90c@$1.00 per 16-qt case.

Hay—Receipts, 751 tons; shipments, 110 tons. Choice timothy, on track, $9.00@9.50 per ton; No. 1 timothy, $8.50@9.00, No. 2 timothy, $6.50@7.00; No. 3 timothy, $5.00@6.00; choice prairie, $7.50@8.00; No. 1 prairie, $6.50@7.00; No. 2 prairie, $5.50@6.00; No. 3 prairie, $4.50@5.00.

Hides—No. 1 green salted, 8c; No. 2, 5½c; No. 1 calf, 11½c; No. 2, 10c; No. 1 country tallow, 3c; No. 2, 2½c.

Highproof spirits—Steady on the basis of $1.19 for finished goods.

Potatoes—New Ohio, Wisconsin, and Minnesota, 55@58c per bu; Ohio, brls, $1.50.

Veals—50@60-lb weights, 6@6½c; 60@75-lb, 7@7½c; 75@100-lb, 8@8½c; 100@110-lb, 9c.

Vegetables—Beans, hand-picked, pea, $1.05@1.07 per bu; cabbage, Illinois, 60@75c per large crate; Michigan celery, 35@50c per case; cauliflower, home grown, 50@60c per 12-head case; egg plant, 20@25c per doz; onions, Illinois, $1.00@1.25 per brl; string beans, green and wax, Illinois, 50@60c per ½ bu sack; lima beans, 75@90c per 12-qt case; tomatoes, Illinois, 30@40c per case; rutabagas, 30@35c per 1½ bu.

IN THE FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKET.

Closing Quotations on Grain and Provisions at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 20.—Exchange closing: Bacon—Short ribs firm, 33s; long clear middles, light, firm, 31s 6d; long clear middles, heavy, firm, 30s 6d; clear bellies firm, 37s. Lard—Spot steady, 24s 6d. Cotton seed oil—Liverpool refined, steady 17s. Turpentine spirits—Firm, 22s 9d. Wheat—No. 2 red Western winter steady, 7s 11½d; No. 1 red Northern spring, 8s 8d. Corn—American mixed spot, new, quiet, 3s 1d; do. old, quiet, 3s 1½d; September, 3s ½d. The import of wheat into Liverpool for the week: From Atlantic ports, 79,400 qrs; from Pacific ports, none; from other ports, 13,000. The import of corn into Liverpool: From Atlantic ports, 73,000 qrs.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—The Mark Lane Express, reviewing the crop situation, says: "Though the Russian wheat crop is under the average, the best judges credit Russia with being able to export a surplus of quite 8,000,000 qrs."

IN THE LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Prices of Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep—Receipts and Shipments.

Chicago receipts and shipments of live stock for dates mentioned:

	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Receipts—				
Monday, Sept. 20	12,000	200	27,000	21,000
Total last week	58,848	1,640	120,911	86,924
Previous week	62,360	1,189	127,458	88,006
Cor. week 1896	61,000	2,671	153,747	82,369
Cor. week 1895	63,186	2,555	119,335	85,904
Shipments—				
Monday, Sept. 20	4,000	.....	9,500	2,000
Total last week	21,279	226	34,672	22,612
Previous week	23,507	205	29,950	20,850
Cor. week 1896	20,643	370	37,960	19,507
Cor. week 1895	20,505	192	36,310	16,420

Today's receipts are estimated at 6,000 cattle, 14,000 sheep, and 18,000 hogs.

Ten packers purchased 16,100 hogs, leaving 3,000 in the pens. Armour took 5,000, Anglo-American 1,200, Boyd & Lunham 500, Chicago 900, Continental 500, Hammond 800, International 1,000, Lipton 1,400, Morris 1,800, and Swift 3,000.

Cattle—Receipts were the smallest Monday receipts since the second week of last January. With so small a run the market was active at 10@15c advance. In some cases the choicest grades sold fully 25c higher, while some plain, heavy cattle that lacked quality were scarcely any higher. One lot of eight fancy 1,430-lb Hereford steers sold at $600, the highest of the year. Native steers averaging 861@1,609 lbs sold at $4.00@5.50, bulk $4.80@5.30; corn fed Westerns sold at $4.10@5.25; grass fed Western range steers, $3.45@4.40; Western range cows and heifers, $3.05@4.10; Texas steers, $3.35@3.50; Texas bulls and cows, $2.65@3.00; native cows, $1.90@4.00; heifers, $2.50@4.65; bulls, $2.30@4.40; stags, $3.50@4.50; oxen, $2.50@3.40; veal calves, $4.00@7.00; and stockers and feeders, $3.25@4.40. Receipts included 1,500 Texas and 4,500 Western rangers.

Hogs—Receipts were below all expectations, being the smallest Monday run in over two months. The quality was poor. With a good shipping and local demand the market ruled strong and prices 5@10c higher. The finish was firm, with everything sold from first hands. Heavy sold at $3.75@4.35, bulk $4.05@4.25; mixed, mediums, and butchers', $3.85@4.40, bulk $4.05@4.25; light, $4.05@4.45, bulk $4.30@4.45; pigs, $2.75@4.45, bulk $3.75@4.25.

Sheep—Trade was active and values ruled steady. Lambs sold at $3.75@5.65; native sheep, $2.50@4.10; Westerns, $3.40@3.90; and feeding sheep at $3.50@3.75.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS ELSEWHERE.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—Beeves—Receipts, 3,265; fairly active; general market steady; bulls firmer; native steers, $4.10@5.17½; Colorados, $4.05@4.55; stags and oxen, $2.25@4.50; bulls, $2.25@3.00; dry cows, $1.85@3.50. European cables quote American steers at 11@12c; refrigerator beef, 8¼@9c. No exports. Calves—Receipts, 1,088; active; firm, veals, $5.00@8.00; few tops, $8.12½@8.25; grassers and buttermilks, $3.50@4.00; Westerns, $5.25. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 13,826; sheep steady; lambs slow, closing lower. Sheep, $2.50@4.25; lambs, $4.50@6.10. Hogs—Receipts, 10,753; weak at $4.40@4.65.

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 8,500; market active, stronger. Native steers, $4.00@5.10; Westerns, $3.60@4.50; Texas steers, $3.25@3.90; cows and heifers, $3.00@3.85; canners, $1.75@2.85; stockers and feeders, $3.60@4.50; calves, $4.00@6.00; bulls, stags, etc., $2.00@3.75. Hogs—Receipts, 2,300. Market 5@10c higher; heavy, $3.80@4.10; mixed, $3.95@4.05; light, $4.00@4.15; bulk of sales, $4.00@4.10. Sheep—Receipts, 3,600; steady; fair to choice natives, $3.40@3.80; fair to good Westerns, $3.25@3.65; common and stock sheep, $2.75@3.50; lambs, $3.75@5.25.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 10,000. Market strong to 10c higher. Texas steers, $3.30@4.25; Texas cows, $2.00@3.00; native steers, $3.50@5.35; native cows and heifers, $1.75@4.00, stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.55; bulls, $2.00@3.40. Hogs—Receipts, 3,000. Market 10@15c lower. Bulk of sales, $4.15@4.17½; heavies and packers, $4.00@4.15; mixed, $4.05@4.35; lights, $4.00@4.22½; Yorkers, $4.20@4.22½; pigs, $3.50@4.10. Sheep—Receipts, 5,000. Market firm. Lambs, $3.35@5.35; muttons, $2.75@3.75.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa., Sept. 20.—Cattle—Steady, unchanged. Hogs active and higher. Extra prime light and assorted mediums, $4.60@4.65; common to good, $4.45@4.55; grassers and stubblers, $4.30@4.40; heavy, $4.30@4.40; pigs, $4.25@4.40; roughs, $3.00@4.00. Sheep—Active and higher. Choice, $4.20@4.30; common, $2.50@3.40; choice lambs $5.40@5.75; common to good lambs, $4.00@5.25. veal calves, $6.50@7.25.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

Closing Quotations on Cash and Stocks at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 20.—In Boston trading continued very buoyant, with heavy trading in the copper shares. A total of 29,337 mining shares sold in the morning alone, 9,818 shares of Butte leading, with Franklin and Wolverine and Pioneer Gold active. Butte sold off from 31⅛ to 28⅜; Montana gained ⅛, to 152, settling to 151⅝; Allouez reappeared after a long absence on reported resumption of work at the mine and some 2,700 shares sold up from 75c to 1¼; Atlantic was up 1¼, at 27⅛; Kearsarge ⅛, at 23⅛, receding to 23; Centennial fell on realizing sales from 24 to 22, rallying to 23½; Franklin rose 4, to 26, reacting to 24; Wolverine was up 1½, at 18⅜; Osceola lost 1¼, to 40; and Pioneer Gold was up ¼, at 7¼.

The greatest sensation was the rise in Calumet and Hecla. Buying demand for a few shares put the price up from 455 in the morning to 495 in the afternoon, not over three dozen shares coming out on the advance. It receded to 487½. Old Dominion rose 2¼, to 29, receding to 27⅝; Bell Telephone lost 1½ more, to 275; West End Street Railway fell 2, to 96½, rallying to 97½; Dominion Coal rose 1¼, to 25¼, receding to 23. Bay State Gas gained ¼, to 6, and incomes sold at 70.

There was a sharp liquidation at the close, the last half hour seeing brisk realizing of profits, and prices came down all around the active list, both in New York and Boston. Dominion Coal reacted 2¼ from its highest closing at 23, against 24¼ on Saturday; Butte fell 2½, rallying ¼, to 28⅝, against 30⅜ at the close Saturday. Pioneer fell back ⅛, to 7, closing at 7⅛; Centennial to 22⅛, a drop of 1½ from the highest today, and net loss of 1 as compared with Saturday's closing. Wolverine reacted ⅜, to 18, but that was ¾ higher than Saturday's last prices.

Call loans, 2½@4. Time money, 4@5. At the closing hour balances between the banks loaned at 2½@3 per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Sugar	1,800	152¼	152⅜	151⅛	151⅝
Do pfd	125	118	118	118	118
Atchison	800	16⅜	16⅞	16¼	16½
Do pfd	2,300	34⅝	35	34¼	34¼
Bay State Gas	2,500	5⅜	6¼	5¼	5¼
Bell Telephone	300	276	276	275	275
C., B. & Q.	5,000	101¼	102¼	100¼	100¼
Erie Telephone	100	74½	74½	74	74
General Electric	300	40⅝	40⅝	40	40
Mex. Central	325	7	7	6⅞	6⅞
Oregon Short Line	850	21¼	21¼	20⅞	20⅞
Pullman	170	184	185	183⅞	183⅞
Union Pacific	3,300	23⅞	24¼	23⅛	23⅞
West End R. R.	950	98	98	96	97
Wis. Cent	300	3	3	3	3

BONDS.

$ 7000 Atch 4s	80@¼	$15000 KCFS&M 6s	99⅛
25000 Gas 1st	91	5000 W C 5s	37½
1000 do 2d 5s	79	14000 CB&Q conv.	110⅞
5000 M C 4s	64⅜		

IN THE FOREIGN MONEY MARKET.

All Stocks Stagnant Apart from a Small Revival in English Rails.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—Evening Post's London financial cablegram:

The stock market was stagnant today, apart from a small revival in English rails.

Americans were dull at the opening on the New York lead this morning, and on reports of business difficulties of a large operator in New York, whose name was mentioned in a London Times cable of today. There was little disposition here to purchase largely on the reaction, but New York bought Denver preferred and some other stocks this afternoon, and prices closed generally firmer. The Paris and Berlin markets were dull.

IN THE MINING STOCK EXCHANGES.

Closing Quotations at New York, Boston, and San Francisco.

NEW YORK, Sept 20.—Following are the closing quotations in the Mining Stock Exchange here today:

Chollar	60	Ontario	250
Crown Point	40	Ophir	90
Con. Cal. and Va.	145	Plymouth	15
Deadwood	90	Quicksilver	100
Gould & Curry	60	Quicksilver pfd	1000
Hale & Norcross	105	Sierra Nevada	105
Homestake	2900	Standard	185
Iron Silver	25	Union Con.	50
Mexican	50	Yellow Jacket	40

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 20.—Following are the closing quotations in the Mining Stock Exchange here today:

Allouez Mining Co.	1	Franklin	23⅞
Atlantic	26⅜	Kearsarge	23
Boston & Mont.	151⅛	Osceola	39⅝
Calumet & Hecla	450	Tamarack	142
Centennial	23¼	Wolverines	18

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 20.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks today were as follows:

Alta	15	Hale & Norcross	110
Alpha Con	19	Julia	3
Andes	20	Kentuck Con	9
Belcher	35	Mexican	75
Best & Belcher	76	Occidental Con	230
Bullion	13	Ophir	102
Caledonia	71	Overman	25
Challenge Con	47	Potosi	83
Chollar	62	Savage	45
Confidence	110	Scorpion	6
Con. Cal & Va.	150	Sierra Nevada	105
Con. Imperial	3	Silver Hill	3
Con. New York	4	Union Con	56
Crown Point	36	Utah Con	26
Exchequer	5	Yellow Jacket	43
Gould & Currie	69	Standard	180

INSURANCE AFFAIRS.

Several non-union insurance companies are expected shortly to join the union. The Boston Marine has sent in an application, and it is said several others are debating the question, with the probability they will also apply for membership. Some of these companies have been in the past among the hardest fighters of union rules. It is even said the Continental may become a member and adopt the union rules on commissions. As to the Continental, however, there is a good deal of doubt as to its joining the association. President Moore is said to have become more favorably inclined, but membership in the union is so far from his past views that such action on his part would create a great deal of surprise.

The ranks of the union companies will be increased by the addition of new members. That is an assured fact. The more companies that come into the union the better argument can be advanced for others to join. It is said of the twelve big companies which are outside no less than five are practically committed, and their applications for membership will shortly be sent to the union. Officials of the union, as well as the members, are not inclined to talk about this feature of the movement, believing publicity would have the effect of preventing them from coming into the union.

There has been no effort to begin a war against non-union companies on the part of companies in the union. The reason for this is believed to be the attitude of some of the outside companies, which is one of conciliation towards the union, and the belief that if no fight is begun many of the outside companies will come in. If they fail to do so, however, it is probable the fight against non-union companies will be shortly begun. The plan is to start the fight in localities where the outside companies get their principal support. One of the first things in case of a war will be to take up union agencies where non-union companies are represented by the same agent.

There was a fire in Armourdale, Kas., recently in which considerable damage was done. Insurance Commissioner McNall has received reports showing that of the thirty-four companies interested only nine are authorized to do business in Kansas and twenty-five are not. The nine are the Orient, St. Paul, Lancashire, Imperial, National of Hartford, Northern, Hanover, Niagara, and Palatine. The others include the Buffalo German, Norwood, Scottish Union, Hamburg, Underwriters, Transatlantic, German of Pittsburg, German Alliance, Citizens' of New York, Buffalo Commercial, Lion, North German, Helvetia, Protective Fire association, Lloyds, Underwriters, Mutual Lloyds, Manufacturers' Lloyds, and Michigan Millers.

Pierre, S. D., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—Up to July last the Insurance department of this State was under the management of the State Auditor, and from Jan. 1, 1893, to the time the Insurance Commissioner took charge, C. H. Anderson was in charge of that work in the Auditor's office. The statutes make an allowance for expenses in the examination of companies, to be paid by the company examined, but is silent as to any other compensation for the examining officer. Anderson, as near as can be learned, received from companies examined practically $5,000, for which he has made no accounting whatever to the State, having retained this as well as drawing a salary of $1,200 per year from the State. Anderson makes no denial of the fact, but claims that he was entitled to all the fees he received for examination. Most of Anderson's work as examiner was done under ex-Auditor Hippie, but the last six months of it was under Auditor Mayhew, who stands by Anderson in the present controversy. Public Examiner Taylor has recommended that suit be brought by the State to compel Anderson to refund to insurance companies the excessive fees he claims Anderson has collected from them, but Attorney General Grigsby has refused to begin any such suit, taking the position that if the companies feel aggrieved it is for them to bring suit and not the State.

Chicago Improvement Sixes.

Special improvement bonds, issued by the City of Chicago in denominations of $100, $500 and $1,000, and amply secured, constitute a popular form of investment.

We own and offer a few carefully selected issues of this character and will submit complete data upon request.

Orders taken for one or more bonds. Correspondence and personal interviews solicited.

N. W. Harris & Co.,
...BANKERS...
204 Dearborn-st., Chicago.
New York. Boston.

RECEIVER'S SALE
—OF—
BREWERY PLANT AND PROPERTY.

Public notice is hereby given that we, Alexis Darusmont and Herman Huseman, receivers, in pursuance of the provisions of a decree made by the Superior Court of Cincinnati, Hamilton County, Ohio, in cause No. 47,357, wherein Christian Sandheger is plaintiff and the Banner Brewing Company and others are defendants, will on Wednesday, the 20th day of October, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the City of Cincinnati, State of Ohio, upon the premises, northeast corner of Canal and Walnut streets, in said city, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, in accordance with the terms and conditions of said decree, and as a going concern, the plant and property of every character and description of the Banner Brewing Company, and used in and about the brewery of said company in carrying on the business of the manufacture and sale of beer, situate upon and including the following described leasehold estate, to-wit:

Situated in the City of Cincinnati, County of Hamilton, State of Ohio, and bounded as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of North Canal street and Walnut street, in said city, and running thence north along the east side of Walnut street 232 feet more or less to Wilkymacky alley; thence east along the south side of said alley 180 feet more or less to Clay street; thence south along the west side of Clay street 232 feet more or less to North Canal street; thence west along the north side of North Canal street 180 feet more or less to Walnut street, the place of beginning. Being the same premises heretofore conveyed to Albert Fischer and George S. Horner by deed of Miles Greenwood and wife bearing date of January 29, A. D. 1878, and recorded in Deed Book 482, p. 81, of the real estate records of Hamilton County, Ohio, and being the same premises leased by said George S. Horner and wife to Charles Weyand et al. for 99 years, renewable forever, by lease recorded in Lease Book 53, p. 523, records of leases Hamilton County, Ohio; said lease is dated the 1st day of July, A. D. 1885, and the sum of $20,000 is by said lease acknowledged to have been paid thereon by the lessees, and said lessees have the right to purchase the fee of said premises foregoing described after fifteen years and prior to twenty years after its date for the sum of $90,000; the said lessees yielding and paying therefor during said term the sum of $4,500 per year in equal monthly installments of $375 per month; and if the fee to said real estate is not purchased from the lessors, their heirs, executors or legal representatives at the time stipulated therein, said lease to continue in full force and effect for 99 years renewable forever from its date; and being the same premises conveyed by Charles Weyand et al. to the Banner Brewing Co. by deed recorded in Book 643, p. 229, records of deeds of Hamilton County, Ohio, subject to the conditions of the lease hereinbefore mentioned, and all the estate, title and interest of the said grantor, either in law or in equity, in and to said premises, together with all the privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging, and all the rents, issues and profits thereof.

Said property is appraised at the sum of $135,308.90.

Terms of sale: Cash, with privilege to purchaser to elect on day of sale to defer two payments to one and two years, with interest, secured by mortgage, as provided in said decree.

ALEXIS DARUSMONT,
HERMAN HUSEMAN,
Receivers of The Banner Brewing Co.
Paxton, Warrington & Boutet, Attorneys.

Edward L. Brewster & Co.
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GRAIN and PROVISIONS, also STOCKS, bought and sold for cash or for future delivery.
In confirming the execution of Grain and Provision orders, we give you the exact time orders are received, and the name of the BOARD OF TRADE firm your property is bought of or sold to, also the exact time of purchase or sale. For the benefit of our clients we keep a record of each fluctuation in prices of Grain and Provisions and the exact time of each change.
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DEFENSE TO BE LONG

Luetgert's Attorneys to Use Two Weeks in Rebuttal.

WILL FIGHT EACH POINT.

Vincent, Phalen, and Mills Confer and Decide Plans.

SOAP EXPERIMENT FEATURE

"Motive" Testimony Not to Be Attacked if Given.

STATE IS ALLOWED $2,500 MORE

Adolph L. Luetgert's attorneys decided yesterday afternoon, after a long conference, to nearly double the number of their witnesses and to take two weeks instead of one for the rebuttal of the State's evidence. Instead of making an opening address just fifteen minutes long Attorney Vincent will devote over twice that length of time to his speech today. At least thirty witnesses will be subpœnaed before the defense gets through.

This new turn in the case is the result of the conference between Luther Laflin Mills, Attorney Phalen, and Attorney Vincent, at the former's office, in the afternoon. Luetgert's attorneys had been planning to make the defense as brief as possible, and to depend on the brevity of their side for additional strength. It was thought the defense could get along with about fifteen or twenty witnesses, and submit all its testimony in one week.

Will Explain All Points.

After the conference, at which the scheme of the defense was partly outlined, it was thought best to go into the State's evidence much more extensively and to let no possible point go unexplained.

Not one of the thirty witnesses had been subpœnaed last night and the defense had not settled definitely which one would be put on the stand first. The subpœnas will be served only as the witnesses are wanted on the stand, and as few will be given to Deputy Sheriffs as possible, Luetgert's attorneys say.

As to Luetgert's Indifference.

The defense will save its alibi for the corpus delecti for the last of the trial.

The first attempt will be to explain away the circumstantial evidence which the State thinks has settled Luetgert's fate. Adams A. Goodrich and Ralph Bradley, law partners of Attorney Vincent, will probably be the first witnesses to take the stand, and they will testify, according to Luetgert's friends, that the sausagemaker, the day after the disappearance of his wife, asked them whether he should inform the police of her disappearance, and they advised him to wait.

The defense expects this will be a serious blow to the State's claim that Luetgert made no effort to find his wife and was not interested enough to inquire how the search was coming on. The State has shown that two weeks after she left home, and when search finally was begun for her, Luetgert took no apparent interest in it.

Role of Soapmaker.

Several soapmakers will be put on the stand to show the use of crude potash in making soft soap, and the defense will try to prove that Luetgert was experimenting with a new soap formula on the night of May 1, instead of destroying his wife's body, as the State claims.

This part of the testimony will be brought out by Attorney Phalen, who will have charge of most of the witnesses for the defense up to the expert testimony. Attorney Vincent will conduct the latter part of the defense, but Attorney Phalen will make the closing speech.

The defense will attempt to explain away every suspicious circumstance which the State has brought out in connection with Luetgert's conduct in the factory on the night of May 1. It will be shown, it is said, that Luetgert frequently took celery compound for his nerves, and that he always drank the real Hunyadi water instead of the stuff he sold to his customers.

No Rebuttal of "Motive."

The defense will not make an attempt to defend Luetgert's character or his morals, and there will be no rebuttal of the "motive" testimony, if it is admitted by Judge Tuthill today. It will simply be asserted that Luetgert's mode of life furnished no motive for wife murder. The defense will even acknowledge, especially in connection with the Hunyadi water explanation, that Luetgert's business methods were not always exactly regular.

Luetgert's attorneys had practically come to the opinion that Judge Tuthill would let the State put its "motive" witnesses on the stand. They will not subject them to a long cross-examination, however. Mrs. Louisa Johnson, who will testify that Luetgert on one occasion threatened to kill his wife with a revolver, will probably be closely questioned, but the defense will make little attempt to contradict this evidence.

The defense's experts will be the last witnesses to testify, excepting Luetgert himself, if his attorneys decide to let him take the stand in his own behalf. In the main their testimony will be to show that the bones which the State identified may be either human or of the lower animals.

The defense may put ten experts on the stand. That number has already been employed by Luetgert's attorneys. If all these testify the total number of witnesses for the prisoner will be nearer forty than thirty, and the defense will consume nearly four weeks.

More Money for Prosecution.

State's Attorney Deneen was given authority by the County board to expend a second $2,500 in the prosecution of the sausagemaker. Assistant State's Attorney McEwen appeared before the County board and explained that the original $2,500 appropriated had been exhausted and that the State's Attorney and Inspector Schaack had been footing the bills out of their own pockets.

Commissioner O. D. Allen was the only one of the board who seriously opposed the appropriation. He said he did not believe in expert testimony anyway, and he thought the trial had cost enough. Commissioner Struckman supported the request for cash as warmly as Mr. Allen opposed it. He thought the money ought to be appropriated and the jurors ought to be given plenty of carriage rides. There were but three votes against allowing the $2,500—Commissioners Allen and Beer and President Healy. The latter explained that he voted against it because the vouchers for the original appropriation had not yet been turned in.

If the State is allowed to introduce its "motive" witnesses today the defense probably will not get beyond Attorney Vincent's opening statement. Both Attorney Vincent and Attorney Phalen acknowledged that the defense was still far from completed.

Oil to Lay the Dust.

Trenton, N. J., Sept. 20.—The Pennsylvania railroad company began today the experiment of sprinkling its tracks near this city with oil to lay the dust. Sprinkling with water has not given satisfaction, and oil will be tried. It is said that to sprinkle the track with oil costs $30 a mile, and the work must be done four times a year. The oil used is a product of petroleum. The combustible elements are extracted, so that there is no danger that it will be ignited from sparks from the locomotives.

Mark Twain's Cousin the Leader.

Topeka, Kas., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—G. C. Clemens of Topeka, a cousin of Mark Twain, is at the head of the Social Democracy movement in Kansas. Clemens says the organization is growing so rapidly in this State that by Jan. 1 there will be a Social Democracy club in every county seat.

McVeity's New Position.

Fred R. McVeity has been appointed City Passenger Agent for the Burlington at St. Joseph, Mo.

TO LESSEN TENANT HOST.

NATIONAL HOMESEEKERS' ASSOCIATION CONVENTION SITS.

Opening Session Called at the Sherman House—Congressman James Gunn of Idaho Made Permanent Chairman and George E. Girling of Chicago Secretary—Declarations of Principles and Purposes—Proceedings of the Afternoon—List of Delegates.

The first annual convention of the National Homeseekers' association met yesterday afternoon at the Sherman House. Fifty delegates were on hand for the opening session, and permanent organization was effected by electing Congressman James Gunn of Idaho chairman and George E. Girling of Chicago Secretary.

The keynote of the movement was stated by Secretary Girling as follows:

"Recognizing the fact that the concentration of population in the larger cities is detrimental to the best interests of the American nation, we advocate the turning of a tide of immigration on to unused, unoccupied, fertile agricultural lands, believing that in this manner hundreds of thousands of people will become home owners, independent and prosperous. We firmly believe that the safety of the republic is threatened by the concentration of population into the crowded centers, and history teaches that those nations achieve the highest attainments where the majority of the people are home owners and not tenants, and at the present time nearly three-fourths of the American people are living in rented homes. Such a condition endangers the stability of the government."

Business of the Session.

The afternoon was principally given to listening to talks by H. W. Campbell of Sioux City, Ia., and A. P. Cutter on farming in so-called desert regions of western Kansas and Nebraska and eastern Colorado. The former explained the system of soil culture by which moisture enough from the natural supply of rainfall may be kept in the tilled land to produce good crops in the semi-arid region. Mr. Cutter told of a pipe line and reservoir irrigation scheme to apply to the country from North Dakota to Texas, but said he preferred the Campbell plan.

An elaborate program was mapped for forenoon, afternoon, and evening gatherings today. It was announced that papers will be read today praising the advantages offered by their respective States to homeseekers by Congressman Gunn of Idaho, Mrs. N. M. Dewey, Kansas; F. H. Dryden, Maryland; W. J. Hannah, Montana; W. W. Lunger, Nebraska; J. F. Olsen, North Carolina; and Professor Heston, President of the State Agricultural College, South Dakota.

Delegates on Hand.

Many delegates are expected to arrive this morning in time for today's sessions. Those registered with the Secretary for the first meeting were:

Maryland—William E. Watton, Fallston; D. P. Miller, Cumberland; William S. Powell, Annapolis Junction; Oswald Tilghman, Easton; Frank H. Dryden, Crisfield.

North Carolina—J. F. Olsen.

Colorado—William A. Eckerley, Montrose; J. P. Hall, Denver; C. B. Schmidt, Pueblo; A. E. Bent, Lamar; J. P. Teller, Denver.

Utah—William E. Hubbard, Salt Lake City; William H. Rowe, Ogden; C. W. Aldrach, Clear Lake; T. B. Beatty, Gill S. Peyton.

South Dakota—D. A. Meisner, Mitchell; C. L. Hyde, Pierre; H. W. Johnson, Armour; R. O. Richards, Huron; C. O. Bailey, Sioux Falls; Thomas H. Wells, Hot Springs; H. H. Lien, Sioux Falls; B. H. Neumayer, Parkston; Marcus Beebe, Ipswich; John Reidy.

Idaho—S. H. Hayes, C. H. Moon, C. D. Morton, R. M. Gwinn, James Gunn, C. W. Brooks.

Minnesota—C. H. Babcock.

Illinois—John Rusk, A. H. Ford.

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

Courts Resume Business.

Judges Tuley and Horton were the only members of the Cook County law bench who did not open their courts yesterday for the new judicial year. These two Judges did not leave until several weeks after the long vacation began, and will take a little longer rest before returning. All the other Judges began work at 9:30, and adopted the new system of holding but one session each day, and this act was duly praised by the practicing attorneys. Incidentally the new jury law had its first real trial. There was no trouble in any of the courts in securing a sufficient number of jurors to fill the panel for the next two weeks, and all the Judges were satisfied. Judge Neely was particularly pleased with the twenty-four men sent to his court by the commission. Judge Ball accepted twenty-six jurors out of seventy-five. One man was a practicing attorney, two were deaf, four could not understand English, and five failed to answer when their names were called. Judge Hanecy secured twenty-four jurymen out of a venire of fifty. Ten of the fifty were not found, one was over age, one not a citizen, eight were excused for various reasons, and two did not know the English language.

Superior and Circuit Court Judgments

Judge Hutchinson—2660—Bridget Greeley vs. West Chicago St. R. R. Co.; on fing., $125 and sat.

Judge Brentano—2216—M. H. Mayer vs. J. R. Winemann; on verd., $350.

Judge Payne—3149—Crescent Coal & Mining Co. vs. Martin Hetrick, Rudolph R. Hetrick, and Thomas C. Thompson; by deflt., $183.44.—168678—Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Co. vs. same; same, $369.66.—3024—Charles Munson Belting Co. vs. Hardy Subterranean Scenery Co.; same, $1,329.80.

Judge Goggin—2867—Solid Steel Co. vs. Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co.; on fing., $115.

Judge Smith—6825—D. H. Tolman vs. G. W. Borland; on verd., $2,650.

Judge Clifford—158356—Anton Hojka vs. West Chicago St. R. R. Co.; on verd., $200 and sat.

Judge Allen—United States Circuit Court—23958—Stern, Brother & Co. vs. Alvah Ketcham et al.; on verdict, $5,437.50.

Decrees.

Judge Burke—6007—Union Enterprise B. and L. Ass'n vs. Ryan; dec. sale.—174870—Harry T. from Magerie Baker; div.

Judge Ball—184155—John H. from Mary Thompson; div.

Judge Dunne—8523—O'Neill vs. Manteuffel; dec.

Judge Shepard—1081—Boe vs. Pohlsen; dec. sale. 251—Copeland vs. Van Housen; dec.

Judge Freeman—700—Mallory vs. Quirk; dec.—184286—Benevolent Ass'n Paid Fire Department vs. O'Brien; def. dec.—1944—Ross vs. Johnson; dec. sale.—180198—Hartnett vs. Hartnett et al.; dec. sale.

Sues the Northwestern University.

John M. Mueller, a subcontractor for the tile and marble works in the new Illinois Trust and Savings Bank Building, owned by the Northwestern University, filed a petition in the Circuit Court yesterday for a mechanic's lien on the property for a balance of $12,142 he claims is due him. The defendants are the university and Frederick H. Sammis, the original contractor for the marble work.

Court Calls for Today.

Judge Freeman—10 a. m.—1383, 790, 542, 906.

Judge Dunne—9:30 a. m.—827, 1694, 3016, 2049, 3652, 1385.

Judge Burke—9:30 a. m.—1, 2, 3, 4, 5 from September calendar.

Judge Shepard—9:30 a. m.—1435, 1199, 897, 889, 1317, 1469.

Judge Hanecy—9:30 a. m.—170681.

Judge Ball—9:30 a. m.—2579, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2589, 2753, 2766, 2768, 2769, 2770, 2771, 2896, 2827, and Lewin vs. Wagner on trial.

Judge Gibbons—9:30 a. m.—Trial call 11447, 11,523, 11598, 11739, 11782, 11791, 11840, 11849, 11857, 11863, 11873, 11874.

Judge Stein—9:30 a. m.—2441, 2443, 2484, 2676, 2692, 2714, 2716, 2721, 2722, 2832, 2833, 2856, 2858, 2859.

Judge Goggin—9:30 a. m.—2486, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2495, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515.

Judge Hutchinson—9:30 a. m.—2415, 2416, 2421, 2423, 2424, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2671, 2672, 2817.

Judge Clifford—9:30 a. m.—169500, 165507.

Judge Neely—9:30 a. m.—2883, 3195, 5523, 10928, 3631, 4606, 2422, 2512, 3506, 5604, 4004, 6552, 288, 2376 on trial.

Judge Smith—9:30 a. m.—5084, 4921, 3772, 3795, 3117, 5302, 5373, 5381, 5898, 5501, 2543, 3090, 3584, 3137, 6845, 6910, 6925, 6969.

Judge Gary—9:30 a. m.—2361, 2362, 2363, 2367, 2739, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657.

Judge Carter—County Court—9:30 a. m.—Motions of course. 10 a. m.—Special assessment matter.

Judge Marshall—County Court—Room 412 Chicago Opera-House Bldg.—10 a. m.—First call 701 to 750 inclusive and trial call 14575, 13939, 15053, 15457, 15476, 15515, 15384, 13824, 14501, 15520, 15521.

Judge Kohlsaat—Probate Court—General business.

Judge Showalter—United States Circuit Court—Set hearing.

Judge Allen—United States Circuit Court—Yesterday's call extended.

Judge Payne—2557, 2558, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2739, 2741, 2744, 2548, 2749, 2751, 2881, 2882, 2883, 2887.

Judge Brentano—8097 on trial. 2214, 2265, 2267, 2268, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2638, 2639, 2640. First call of fifty cases on Friday, Sept. 24, from 51 to 100 inclusive.

Judge Tuthill—Criminal Court, Branch No. 2—4040 on trial.

Judge Ewing—Criminal Court, Branch No. 4—1427, 1428, 1429, 1460, 1149, 1178, 750, 760, 761, 776, 786, 945.

Judge Baker—Criminal Court, Branch No. 5—1226, 1570, 309, 557, 579, 605, 624, 631, 634, 665, 700, 701.

Judge Chetlain—Criminal Court, Branch No. 6—775 on trial.

Maggie Marron May Recover.

Maggie Marron, the 5-year-old girl, 2110 West Lake street, who was knocked down at West Forty-third street and Washington boulevard by a tandem ridden by G. B. Hull and G. M. Bock, both of 6505 Woodlawn avenue, was better last evening, and probably will recover. Justice Doyle, at the Desplaines Street Police Court, yesterday morning continued the hearing of the case of Hull and Bock until Sept. 30.

REPORT OF "Q" LINE

Figures Given by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy.

FOR SIX MONTHS ONLY.

Total Net Receipts Are Given at $5,162,424.

INCREASE IN SINKING FUND.

The fiscal year of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad company and controlled roads having been changed so as to begin on July 1 instead of on Jan. 1, the directors submit the following statement of earnings and expenses for the six months ending July 31, 1897:

EARNINGS.		
From freight	$11,555,699	
From passengers	3,282,281	
From mail, express, and miscellaneous	2,103,866	
		$16,941,848
EXPENSES.		
Operating expenses	$10,663,158	
Taxes	1,116,269	
		11,779,423
Net earnings from operating		$ 5,162,424
Add for—		
Other income and interest	$ 154,539	
Net receipts of B. & M. R. R. in Neb., and H. & St. Jo. R. R. land depts	21,368	
		175,908
Total net receipts		$ 5,338,332
CHARGES.		
Interest on bonds	$ 4,128,872	
Rent of tracks and depots	213,147	
Sinking funds	396,856	
		$ 4,738,876
Surplus		$ 599,456
Dividends paid during the six months		$ 1,640,056
Deficit for the six months		$ 1,040,599

About 70 per cent of the year's taxes are paid between Jan. 1 and June 30.

Sinking funds have increased during the six months $618,243, of which sum $396,856 was paid directly from the earnings of the six months, and the remainder, $221,387, was the accumulation of interest on bonds held in the funds. This sinking fund increase was used in purchasing $665,900 bonds, of which $319,000 were canceled, and $346,900 remain uncanceled in the sinking fund investments.

If the accounts were made up for a fiscal year ending on June 30, as they will be hereafter, the result for the year ending June 30, 1897, would be as follows:

Surplus applicable to dividends for the six months ending Dec. 31, 1896	$3,208,389
For the six months ending June 30, 1897, as above	599,456
Total for the year ending June 30, 1897	$3,807,846
Dividends paid during the year, aggregating 4 per cent	3,280,112
Surplus for the year ending June 30, 1897	$ 527,734

HIGH RATES AFFECT TRAFFIC.

East-Bound Shipments Last Week Suffered a Decrease Both by Rail and Lake Lines.

East-bound shipments from Chicago suffered a serious decrease last week both by the lake and the railroad lines. The advance in the corn rate of 5 cents per 100 pounds from Chicago to New York, which went into effect on Sept. 6, and the advance in lake rates last week, are mainly responsible for the decrease. Notwithstanding the bad effect these advances have had a further advance of 2½ cents per 100 pounds in all grain rates, effective Oct. 15, has been decided upon by the Presidents of the Joint Traffic association roads. This will check the movement of grain via this point and cause its diversion via the gulf ports. Lake shipments last week were 57,000 tons less than for the week previous.

Total shipments of flour, grain, and provisions from Chicago through to seaboard points and for export by ten east-bound roads last week were 44,383 tons, against 44,563 tons for the week previous, and 44,779 tons for the corresponding week last year. Flour shipments last week were 2,611 tons, against 5,080 tons last year; grain, 31,044 tons, against 27,289 tons; provisions, 10,728 tons, against 12,410 tons.

The percentages carried by the various roads were as follows:

Baltimore and Ohio	3.6	Michigan Central	10.5
Big Four	5.5	Nickel Plate	9.9
Chicago and Erie	13.1	Pan Handle	4.2
Grand Trunk	16.0	Fort Wayne	14.1
Lake Shore	8.5	Wabash	14.6

WRANGLE ON MILEAGE TICKETS.

Western Roads Unable to Agree Upon a Form of Ticket—Meeting Next Friday.

The Western Passenger association will meet in this city on Friday to take action upon the proposition to issue an interchangeable mileage ticket. Such a ticket would have been agreed upon before now if it was not for the fact that the General Passenger Agents got into a squabble as to the form of ticket to be used. Four different forms will be submitted to the meeting by the Executive committee. Unless the meeting agrees upon a ticket which embraces features of all these four tickets there is no chance of securing interchangeable mileage, good over all the Western roads.

The action of the Wisconsin Central in issuing a mileage ticket at $25 for 1,000 miles with a rebate of $5 acts as a barrier to an agreement, as the other roads do not propose to sell tickets at such a low rate.

The sale of interchangeable mileage tickets by the Central Passenger association lines is progressing favorably. Commissioner Donald reports that for the first ten days of September, including Sunday, Sept. 4, the sale of these tickets aggregated 4,265, or an average daily sale of over 425 tickets.

COMMISSION IS AFTER THEM.

Traffic Officials Have to Explain Alleged Violations of the Interstate Law Next Thursday.

The Interstate Commerce commission will meet in one of the Federal Court rooms in the Monadnock Building next Thursday. Several minor complaints will be heard with the complaint of the National Warehouse association against railroads warehousing freight for a longer period than forty-eight hours.

It is understood the end of the alleged rate cutting of last spring will be taken up and the commission may pry into the present rate cutting alleged against a number of Eastern roads.

Attorney W. A. Day of the commission reached Chicago yesterday, but refused to be interviewed when asked if he was not here to arrange evidence for the rate cutting hearing.

Have to Change Cars but Once.

The Denver and Rio Grande has commenced to run a daily through tourist and chair car between Denver and Portland, Ore., via its own line to Grand Junction, the Rio Grande Western to Ogden, and the Oregon Short Line and Oregon Railway and Navigation company to Portland. Arrangements have also been made for through first-class sleeping car space on the same train. The Colorado Midland has also put on through sleeping car service, via the Oregon Short Line, between Denver and Portland.

Wisconsin Central Cuts Rates.

Class rates from Buffalo to St. Paul have been reduced by the Wisconsin Central to the following figures: First, second, and third classes, 20 cents; fourth, fifth, and sixth classes, 10 cents. Hard coal rates from Manitowoc to St. Paul have been reduced to $1.25 and soft coal rates to 75 cents a ton by the Wisconsin Central.

D. B. Martin's New Monthly.

"The Book of the Royal Blue Line" is the latest advertising novelty of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. It is a literary publication, to be issued monthly by Colonel D. B. Martin, Manager of Passenger Traffic.

TO STOP SUNDAY WORK.

PRESBYTERIAN PASTORS CALL A HALT AT NEW POSTOFFICE SITE.

Pass Resolutions Asking President McKinley and Secretary Gage to See That the Day of Rest Is Respected by Government Contractors—Charnley Snarl Still Unraveled—Baptists See a Religious Trend Toward Orthodoxy.

President McKinley and Secretary of the Treasury Gage will be asked by the Presbyterian ministers of Chicago to have Sunday work stopped on the new Postoffice Building. This was the tenor of resolutions adopted by the clergymen at their weekly meeting yesterday in Emerson Hall. These resolutions will be sent to the Washington authorities. They were passed unanimously as follows:

Whereas, It is with regret to all good citizens of Chicago that the Christian Sabbath is being violated by the building of the new Postoffice and Custom-House in our city; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we, the members of the Presbyterian Ministers' Association of Chicago, request that the officers of the government at Washington having said building in charge, order and direct that the law of God be obeyed, and that all labor on or connected with the construction of the said Postoffice and Custom-House be suspended on the Christian Sabbath, commonly called Sunday; and further, be it

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the President of the United States and to the Secretary of the Treasury.

Preceding the vote there was much discussion of the question, but all who participated denounced emphatically the practice of Sunday labor and those who encourage it.

The ministers say they are confident that the federal authorities will act favorably in the matter, and that soon the peace of Sunday will not be violated under the sanction of the government of the United States.

Dr. Howard Agnew Johnston, pastor of the Forty-first Street Presbyterian Church, made an address on the subject "The Religious Element in Fiction."

The Charnley defalcation was not mentioned at the meeting, but after it there was occasional mention of the matter, and all seemed to feel that the only practical way out of the difficulty was for the church to raise funds to equal the amount of the missing money, so that the various educational institutions may not suffer.

Dr. Herrick Johnson said:

"Mr. Charnley is gone and so is the money, and I don't see what we can do about it. The surety company assures me that every effort is being made to apprehend him and bring him to the bar of justice, but so far it has not found him."

A meeting of the Board of Aid of which Charnley was treasurer will be held at Emerson Hall on Wednesday evening, and official action will be taken.

"The Drift Toward Unitarianism" was discussed by Baptist clergymen at their Monday meeting, and the unanimous opinion seemed to prevail among the pastors that the present drift was away from and not towards the unorthodox denominations. One of the ministers asserted that a better title for the subject under discussion would be, "The Drift Towards Orthodoxy."

Methodist ministers were asked to advocate the objects of the Sunday Observance league by the Rev. W. W. Clarke. Dr. Manley Hard of Kingston, Pa., assistant corresponding secretary of the Church Extension society of the Methodist Episcipal Church, addressed the meeting on the work of the association.

CURRENT EVENTS IN SOCIETY.

Roberts-Lenox and Mergentheim-Klein Weddings to Be Solemnized This Evening—Personal Mention.

The wedding of Miss Lucie Mae Roberts, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George O. Roberts of Oak Park to Mr. John Powell Lenox will take place this evening at 7:30 o'clock at the First Baptist Church in Oak Park. Miss Nell Florence Howes will be the maid of honor, and the bridesmaids will be:

Miss Mildred Howard, Miss Ada Turney,
Miss Belle Hunter, Miss Aura Howes.

The best man will be Dr. Todd Hunsford and the ushers will be Mr. H. L. Sawe, Dr. C. H. Hurlbut of Evanston, Mr. Elbert Sweet, and Mr. Clarence R. Patrick of Oak Park.

After a wedding journey in the South Mr. and Mrs. Lenox will be "at home" Oct. 26 at 401 Howe avenue, Oak Park.

The wedding of Miss Paula Mergentheim to Mr. I. G. Klein will take place this evening at 6 o'clock at the Standard club, the Rev. Joseph Stolz officiating.

Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Wolff, 4333 Forrestville avenue, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Lillie Wolff, to Mr. Sol H. Kahn of New Orleans, La.

Mrs. Harry M. Miller of Walnut Hills, Cincinnati, O., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Charles Walton of Ravenswood.

Miss H. N. Phillips and Miss T. N. Egbert of Philadelphia, Pa., are the guests of Mrs. J. E. Prutzman, 6436 Butler street.

Miss Marian L. Knickerbocker has gone to "Pine Crest," on the Hudson, to be the guest of Mrs. John D. Parsons.

Mr. Howard Henderson has returned from a month's stay at Nantucket.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Pettibone have returned to Chicago.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Wreckage Found.

Marquette, Mich., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—Two fishing tugs homeward bound found a yawl, hatchway, and tool chest floating in the lake about thirty miles north of this city. No name was found on any of the articles. It may be part of the Kent wreck or portions of a new wreck.

Schooner Disabled.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 20.—The master of the steamer W. H. Sauber, which arrived here this afternoon, reports sighting the schooner John Kildrehouse at anchor eight miles above Long Point. The Kildrehouse had all of her canvas blown away, and lost foremast, main and mizzen topmasts, and jibboom. The schooner was right in the course of vessels. She had a cargo of coal from Erie to Detroit, and did not appear to be leaking. The Sauber spoke to the Kilderhouse, but Captain Hargrove of the vessel refused to be towed to Buffalo, and asked that a tug be sent to tow the schooner to destination.

Freights and Charters.

CHICAGO—Grain rates were steady at 1¾ cents on corn to Lake Erie. Vessel agents reported a much better outlook than for a week past. Charters—To Buffalo—Palmer, Forbes, MacLachlan, corn.

CLEVELAND, O.—Cargoes are offered a little more freely at the head of Lake Superior and ore men are unable to get boats at 65. On wheat from Duluth 2¼ is offered, and there is some inquiry for tonnage at Fort William. Nearly all the Ohio and Pennsylvania miners returned to work today, and coal will be coming in quite freely by the end of the week. The steamer Maytham loads here for Milwaukee at 20.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Coal charters—Davidson, London, Whitaker, Plankinton, Fitzgerald, Manchester, Livingstone, Chicago; Miztec, Portage; Wotan, Duluth; A. J. Rogers, Toledo, all 20; Saveland, Green Bay; Nebraska, Minneapolis, Gladstone. The Livingstone takes the cargo reported for the Flower.

TOLEDO, O.—Chartered—Rounds, wheat, to Buffalo, 1½.

Vessel Movements.

MANITOWOC, Wis.—Departed — Windbound fleet.

GLADSTONE, Mich.—Cleared—Manhattan, Chicago, ore.

TWO HARBORS, Minn.—Cleared—Wilson, Cleveland.

CONNEAUT, O.—Cleared—Light: Fulton, Fairbairn, Duluth.

BAYFIELD, Wis.—Cleared—Leland, Wall, Lake Erie ports.

LORAIN, O.—Arrived—Yukon. Cleared—Coal: St. Lawrence, Soo.

SHEBOYGAN, Wis.—Cleared—Denver, Brown, Weaver, Day, Rudolph, Anathronine.

SAND BEACH, Mich.—The following came in for shelter today: Cumberland, Verona, Bacon, Owen.

ASHLAND, Wis.—Arrived—German, City Cleveland, McWilliams, Rhodes. Cleared—Louisiana, Oglebay.

STURGEON BAY, Wis. — Down—Chipman, Drummond, 1 p. m. Up—Smith and consorts, 3:30 a. m.; Joys, 5.

ASHTABULA, O.—Arrived—Naples, Craig, Iron Queen, Jenney. Cleared—Light: Holley, Nielson Duluth; Maryland, Chicago.

SOUTH CHICAGO—Arrived—Thomas Howland, Crescent City, Palmer. Cleared—Tice, Manistee; Merrimac, Escanaba; Topeka, Buffalo.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont.—Down—Saturn and consorts, Dunn, Langdon, Orion, Algonquin. Up—Calvin and consort, Superior, Boyce, Oscoda, Averell.

ERIE, Pa.—Arrived—Iron King, Clarion, Maytham, Scott, Wesley, Matoa, Parnell, Hoyt. Cleared—Ericsson, Mohegan, Mahoning, Stephenson, Duluth; Globe, Ashland; Parnell, Chicago.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived—Kalkaska, Wade, Gilchrist, Hallaran, Noquebay, S. Foster. Cleared—Light—Desmond, Hattie, Marquette; Ed Smith, Fillmore, Corliss, Russell, Duluth; Victory, Ashland.

TOLEDO, O.—Arrived—Pickands, Pentland, Golden Rule, Rhoda Stewart, Magnet, Roberts, Monitor, Alta, Alcona. Cleared—Wheat—Partee, Buffalo; Bothnia, Kingston, corn. Light—Tokio, Marquette.

DULUTH - SUPERIOR — Arrived — Arabian, Northern Queen, Venice, Ward, Black Rock, Alaska. Departed—Bulgaria, Amazon, Lake Erie, ore; Bannockburn, Kingston, grain; Hadley, Buffalo, grain; Harlem, Buffalo, flour.

EAST TAWAS, Mich.—Sheltered—Leuty, Allegheny, Montmorenci, Monticello, Active, E. H. Jenks, Botsford, W. K. Moore, Antelope, Minnie Kelton, Veronica, Amboy, C. H. Green, Boscobel, Mills, Vigilant, Sibley and consort, Emma L. Hutchinson.

MARQUETTE, Mich.—Arrived—May, Huron City. Cleared—Fontana, La Salle, Devereaux, Gladstone, Cleveland; Choctaw, Adriatic, Buffalo; Kalyuga, Cadillac, Ashtabula; Castalia, Fairport. Up—Benton and tow, Marshall and tow. Down—Bradley and tow.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Downing, Dobbins, Ionia, Wotan, Lindsay, Alva, Andrews, Mason, Iroquois, Hattie Wells, Sauber. Cleared—Coal—Wotan, Toltec, Duluth; Miztec, Portage; Nebraska, Gladstone; Davidson, Livingstone, Chicago. Light—Yale, Ford, Iroquois, Duluth; Dobbins, Chicago; Neosho, Milwaukee. Down—Curtis and barges, Marion, Paige, Stafford and barges, Racine, Buell and barge.

DETROIT, Mich.—Up—Roumania, Barium, 12:40 p. m.; Mercur, 2:30; Monteagle, 2:40; Milwaukee, 3; Nicaragua, Paisley, 3:20; Chili, 5:20; Governor Smith, 5:30; Pahlow, Delta, 6; Vail, Baltic, Tioga, 6:30; Glasgow, 8:50. Down—Gilchrist, 8:30 last night; Fisk, 8:50; Ralph, Harold, 9; Roby, Becker, 10:30; G. Campbell, 12:20 a. m.; Rhodes, 12:30; Specular, Magnetic, 1:30; Pridgeon, 3:30; Yakima, 3:40; James, 6; W. B. Morley, 7:20; Fitzgerald, 8; Waldo, 8:40; Helena, 8:50; Vanderbilt, Flower, 9:40; Street and consorts, 10:30; Chicago, 12:40 p. m.; Schuck, 1:30; Yuma, 4:20; Charles Lockwood, 4:30; Boston, 4:40; India, Harvey Brown, 8:10.

MACKINAW CITY, Mich.—Up—John Owen, 11:20 last night; R. Mills, 12:20 a. m.; Alice Stafford, 12:50; Jessie Boyce, 4:20; Crawford, 4:50; Sparta and consort, 5:30; Pasadena, 7:30; Tempest and consort, 8:20; Hudson, 11; Forbes and consort, 11:10; Wyoming, noon; Phenix, 1:10 p. m.; Corsica, 1:40; Cambria, 3:20; Tower, 3:30; Seneca, 4:40; Maggie Marshall, 7:10; Armour, 8:40; Frost, 9:50. Down—Schlesinger, 11 last night; John Hill, 12:10 a. m.; Vance, 3:15; Progress, 5; Susquehanna, 6:30; Caledonia and consorts, 9; Nyanza, 9:50; R. Richards and consort, 11:10; Onoko, noon; Aztec and consort, 1:10 p. m.; Nahant, 2:10; Elfin-Mere, Neff, Drake, 2:50; Tuscarora, 3:30; Colin Campbell, 4:30; Escanaba, 8:40. Wind south, light; clear.

PORT HURON, Mich.—Up—Runnells, 9 last night; H. Chisholm, 9:20; Hesper, 10:20; Parks Foster, 11:40; Codorus, Merida, H. Johnson and consort, 12:20 a. m.; Neilson, Whitworth, 1; Lycoming, 1:20; Paris, Gratwick (steel), 4:30; Berlin, 5:20; Pope, 5:30; Centurion, 6:20; Marion, 6:30; Marina, Magna, 6:40; Glidden, Warmington, Minch, 7; Shenandoah and consort, 8; Rochester, 8:10; Carnegie, Mohegan, Mingoe, 8:30; Peck and consorts, 9:40; William Chisholm, 1 p. m.; Spokane, 1:10; V. H. Ketchum and consort, Mahoning, 5; Erin, Danforth, H. E. Packer, 6:30; Omaha, Lyon, Georger, 7. Down—Boston, 11:30; Chili, noon; Oregon and consort, Marigold, 1:50; H. H. Brown, 2:50; Smith No. 1 and barges, 3; Iosco, 3:20; Farwell, Rutter, 4:20; Iron Chief, Iron Cliff, 3:30; Kearsarge, 7; Corona, 7:30; Vulcan, 8:10.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Up—Bartlett and whalebacks, 9:40 last night; Manola, Malta, 10:30; Maricopa, Martha, Castalia, 12:30 a. m.; Avon, 2; Two Wallaces, 3:30; Oades, Redwing, Redfern, 6; Niko, Churchill, Tasmania, North Star, 6:20; Mecosta, Ashland, 6:40; Coralia, 7; Masaba, Appomattox, Crete, Armenia, Japan, 8:40; Venezuela, 10:40; Empire State, 11:40; Brown and whaleback, 1:20 p. m.; Nimick, Antrim, 2:30; Northern Light, Maritana, 3:20; Senator, 4:30; Colorado, 4; Trevor and whaleback, 7:30. Down—Peshtigo, 11 last night; Mohawk, 3 a. m.; Colgate and whalebacks, 4:30; Zenith City, Penobscot, 7:40; Manitoba, 8; St. Andrew, 9; Siemens, Krupp, North Wind, Gratwick [wooden], 10; Saxon, Savona, 10:30; Monarch, 11; Bessemer, Nasmyth, 2 p. m.; Gogebic, 4; Drake, 6; S. K. Martin, Filer, 6:40; John Mitchell and whaleback, 8:30.

Port of Chicago.

Arrived—Lumber—M. Mills, B. Calkins, Menominee; Arcadia, Arcadia; L. Nau, Marinette, Four Brothers, Martin's Bay; E. Williams, Mackinac; City of Toledo, Sachem, Alpena; S. J. Luff, Raber; G. C. Markham, Manistee; H. A. Richmond, Frankfort; H. C. Winslow, Marinette; C. H. Starke, Rogers City. Mdse.—Lehigh, Badger State, Commodore, Buffalo; City of Duluth, Duluth. Salt—F. & P. M. No. 2, Manistee. Light—M. H. Boyce, Port Huron; H. A. Barr, Ashtabula; F. Pabst, Milwaukee.

Cleared—Mdse.—Owego, Buffalo. Grain—E. P. Wilbur, J. H. Outhwaite, H. A. Barr, F. Pabst, Buffalo. Light—Ford River, Resumption, Ford River; Minerva, Muskegon; Cleveland, Port Huron; F. Neil, Washburn; C. J. Magill, Butcher Boy, L. Nau, Marinette; B. Barnes, City of Chicago, Escanaba; J. D. Marshall, Bay City; F. & P. M. No. 2, E. Buckley, R. C. Wente, Penobscot, Manistee; R. Campbell, Frankfort.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECord Monday, Sept. 20, 1897:

54th-st., n e cor Lawndale-av., s f, 48x124, Sept. 7 [R. W. Hall to J. Corse et al.]	$ 1,000
Paulina-st., 100 s of 64th, w f, 25x123, June 28 [B. F. H. Reynolds to W. J. Vesey]	2,000
Oglesby-av., n e cor 125th-st., w f, 594x264, Sept. 16 [E. A. Casey to Ill. Land and L. Co.]	1,500
Escanaba-av., s e cor 113th-pl., w f, 48x125, and other property, Sept. 18 [Ill. Land and Loan Co. to E. A. Casey]	4,000
Mackinaw-av., 248½ s of 85th-st., w f, 25x124, Sept. 16 [A. J. Anderson to F. Benko]	1,525
72d-st., s e cor Washington-av., n f, 50x125, Sept. 13 [P. J. Lavin to W. Horrie]	3,000
Morgan-st., n e cor 63d, w f, 50x124½, Sept. 13 [M. in C. to J. B. Jenkins]	2,683
Armour-av., 721 s of 47th-st., w f, 25x100, Sept. 3 [Lumberman B. and L. Assn. to E. D. Jordan]	2,200
Fillmore-st., 226 w of Springfield-av., s f, 25x123, May 27 [F. I. Crane to O. G. Leslie]	1,250
Same property, Sept. 14 [O. G. Leslie to J. S. Mayon]	1,250
Fillmore-st., 201 w of Springfield-av., s f, 25x123, May 27 [F. I. Crane to O. G. Leslie]	1,250
Same property, Sept. 14 [O. G. Leslie to J. S. Mayon]	1,250
Fillmore-st., 207 w of St. Louis-av., s f, 50x124, Sept. 14 [J. MacDonald to N. Rogers]	1,500
Ashland-av., s w cor Keenon-st., e f, 22x100, Sept. 16 [M. in C. to Western State Bank]	4,194
Campbell-av., 91 s of Frankfort-st., e f, 28x110, June 21 [C. Chester et al. to C. Buss]	2,000
Montrose-av., n w cor Eberly, s f, 58x130, Sept. 14 [B. Reinke to A. Haffermann]	1,200
Washington-blvd., 157 e of California-av., n f, 18⅔x122, Sept. 18 [H. C. Frantz to W. E. Wilcox]	9,000
Campbell-av., 62½ n of Polk-st., e f, 62½x95, Sept. 18 [Geo. F. Knott to Clarence E. Patrick]	13,500
Wabash-av., n w cor 37th-pl., e f, 50x125, more or less, July 10 [Franklin Edgerton and wife, quit claims, to Clarence E. Patrick]	80,000
Johnston-st., 96 s of W. 14th, e f, 48x100, Sept. 15 [H. Teplitz to A. Rosen]	9,000
Johnston-st., 166 n of W. 13th-pl., e f, 25x100, Sept. 14 [C. Krasa to M. Goldberg]	2,350
Ridgeway-av., 97 s of W. 27th-st., w f, 48x124, Sept. 14 [M. A. Day to Chgo. T. and T. Co.]	1,600
Emerald-av., s e cor W. 43d-pl., w f, 50x125, Sept. 18 [G. N. Dean to N. McDonald]	6,000
Peoria-st., 125 s of 74th, w f, 25x124¼, Sept. 6 [Garden City E. L. and B. Asso. to G. A. Ginoner]	1,400
Winchester-av., 98 s of 93d-st., e f, 50x187, Sept. 13 [M. in C. to Interstate L. and I. Co.]	2,830
Premises No. 747 65th-st., 32x134, Aug. 26 [A. M. Defress to N. Lee]	3,600
Union-av., 80 n of 76th-st., e f, 40x125, Feb. 15 [L. Rounsevell to C. L. Blackman]	5,400
Union-av., 80 n of 76th-st., e f, 40x125, June 19 [C. L. Blackman to C. S. Wood]	1,000
56th-st., 100 w of Stewart-av., s f, 25x125, July 21 [J. S. Russell to S. J. Russell]	1,700
Chicago-av., 97⅝ e of Springfield, n f, 24x125, Aug. 30 [K. E. Kirby to M. O'Toole]	1,200
L. 3, Anderson sub, L. 1 and 2, B. 21, Rogers Park, Sept. 18 [M. in C. to First Swedish B. and L. Asso.]	3,000
L. 2, same, Sept. 13 [M. in C. to same]	3,130
Union-av., 133 s of 64th-st., w f, 33x125, May 26 [M. Marshall to H. B. Olsen]	4,000
67th-st., 218 e of Stewart-av., n f, 25x171, Sept. 10 [E. B. Poole to J. M. Young]	3,000
43d-st., s w cor Rockwell, n f, 49.9x110, Sept. 2 [N. Grassie to R. F. Brunke]	1,015
38th-st., 175 e of Sacramento-av., n f, 25x125, Sept. 18 [P. Legere to G. Sloucen]	2,000
Farrell-st., 75 n of 31st, w f, 22x100, Sept. 20 [J. N. Le Clare to G. E. Plumb]	1,800
Homan-av., 96 n of 21st-st., e f, 24x100, Sept. 17 [M. Cassidy to P. J. Tracy]	1,000
Evans-av., 152 s of 46th-st., w f, 25x120, Sept. 16 [C. Buedecker to C. Smith]	4,700
State-st., 150 n of 68th, w f, 25x159, Sept. 4 [A. Smeaton to W. C. Peacock]	2,000
W. 45th-pl., 266 e of Grand-blvd., s f, 50x124, Aug. 30 [E. M. Hofmann to E. F. Cox]	5,800
W. 45th-pl., 266 e of Grand-blvd., n f, 25x124, Aug. 30 [E. F. Cox to E. M. Hofmann]	2,900
Throop-st., 325 s of 29th, w f, 25x115, Sept. 18 [G. Sloucen to P. Legere]	2,000
W. 15th-pl., 321 e of California-av., n f, 25x124, Sept. 18 [M. Haydok to A. Vesley]	5,000
Adams-st., s e cor Rockwell, n f, 23x123½, Aug. 30 [W. Adam to L. L. Gilbert]	2,500
Harrison-st., 125 e of N. 47th-av., n f, 25x123, Aug. 12 [D. Krauthammer to J. R. Robertson]	3,500
Same property, Sept. 20 [J. R. Robertson to Louisa Krauthammer]	3,500
Cherry-av., 145 n of Bliss-st., s w f, 175x140; Cherry-av., 545 n of Bliss-st., s w f, 25x140; Hickory-st., 216 n of Bliss, e f, 25x140; Sept. 18 [John Carden et al., quitclaims, to David H. Carden]	60,000
Cherry-av., 245 n of Bliss-st., s w f, 124½x140, Sept. 20 [M. Carroll et al. to David H. Carden]	2,800
Cherry-av., 270 n of Bliss-st., s w f, 50x140, Sept. 20 [B. Kelley to D. H. Carden]	4,000
Sheridan drive, 100 n of Newport-av., w f, 25x123¾, Sept. 20 [M. Pfluger to A. Schuttheis]	3,000
Flournoy-st., 280 w of Albany-av., n f, 26x125, Sept. 18 [H. A. Leafgreen et al. to C. Cheavers]	3,100
Addison-st., n e cor Commercial-av., s f, 26x125, Sept. 20 [A. Schuttheis to M. Pfluger]	6,200

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED by the Building department yesterday:

F. Kominski, 2-story and basement brick flats, 1008 Whipple-st.	$ 1,800
Thomas H. Humphrey, 2-story and basement brick flats, 2059 Congress-st.	3,500
S. Lay, 2-story and basement brick flats, 646 Millard-av.	3,500
P. Kister, 3-story and basement brick flats, 1938 W. 22d-st.	5,500
J. W. Johnston, 3-story and basement brick flats, 463 E. 42d-st.	8,000
Mrs. Annie Richter, 2-story and basement brick flats, 6325 S. Morgan-st.	2,500
T. W. Saunders, 4-story and basement brick apartment building, 3121 and 3123 Indiana-av.	15,000
William Delscamp, 2-story and basement brick flats, 6548 Ellis-av.	3,000
S. J. De Vries, 2-story and basement brick flats, 6054 S. Green-st.	4,000
Alfred Larson, 2-story and basement brick flats, 5536 Carpenter-st.	3,500
Michael Kennedy, 2-story frame dwelling, 4555 Wallace-st.	1,400
C. H. Nichols, 2-story brick barn, 3830 Grand-av.	2,000
R. and S. Sollett, 1-story brick addition, 84 Wabash-av.	32,000
Charles Lindan, 3-story and basement brick store and flats, 161 Center-st.	6,000
E. E. G. Wynne, seven 1-story brick stores, 1886 to 1896 N. Halsted-st.	4,000
Sam Brown Jr., 1-story frame cottage, 427 George-st.	1,000
C. W. Gould, 2-story frame residence, 2650 and 2652 N. 41st-st.	2,000
A. C. French, 1-story and basement brick cottage, 360 N. 43d-ct.	1,800
M. Magnuson, 1-story brick addition, 671 Hirsch-st.	1,500
Christensen & Bond, two 1-story and basement brick cottages, 693 and 695 N. Hamlin-av.	1,000
Otto Peters, 2-story and basement brick flats, 1713 Fulton-st.	2,600
R. Baab, 1-story frame cottage, 1428 N. Sawyer-av.	1,000
A. C. Miller, 2-story and basement brick flats, 329 Kedzie-av.	2,000
Patrick J. Ryan, two 2-story and basement brick flats, 2146 and 2148 W. Monroe-st.	6,000
M. Quinlan, 2-story and basement brick flats, 1421 W. Polk-st.	3,200
Charles Ryan, 2-story and basement brick flats, 1755 W. 12th-st.	7,000
A. Buerger, 2-story and basement brick flats, 2170 Harvard-st.	2,500
A. Findlay, 3-story and basement brick flats, 17 Ruble-st.	3,600

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE YESTERDAY licensed the incorporation of the following companies:

The East Empire Mining company, at Alton; capital stock, $10,000; incorporators, David R. Sparks, Wesley E. Best, Charles F. Sparks.

M. Keating & Sons company, at Chicago; to deal in marble and granite; capital stock, $25,000; incorporators, Michael Keating, Thomas G. Keating, Michael P. Keating.

The Carterville Racecourse company, at Carterville; capital stock, $2,500; incorporators, W. H. Zimmerman, B. L. Washburn, T. H. Bundy, and others.

The Rooke Register company, at Peoria; capital stock, $10,000; incorporators, F. Rooke, C. A. Jamison, James H. Danby.

The F. C. Christy Engraving company, at Chicago; capital stock, $2,000; incorporators, A. W. Strong, Louis C. Ehle, George H. Simpson.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—GOLD BOW SPECTACLES IN CASE, on State-st., between Van Buren and Adams; liberal reward. F. M. CHARLTON, 1225 Unity Bldg.

LOST—SUNDAY, BETWEEN TRINITY EPISCOPAL Church and Calumet and Ray-st., a scarfpin containing three small stones. Return to X F 11, Tribune office and receive reward.

LOST—GRAY STRIPED ANGORA CAT; ANSWERS to the name Bunch. Liberal reward. 2406 Prairie-av.

LOST — LADY'S GOLD WATCH, HUNTING case, monogram "S. S. B." Return to 510 new Stock Exchange and receive reward.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—C. WEBERLE: CONDITIONS accepted, but cannot come to town before next Saturday. Will Monday after be time enough? Answer, Tues. Tribune personal col., signed C. W.

PERSONAL—DR. PECKARD: IF CAPE IS NOT called for in 3 days will sell for charges.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—A RESPONSIBLE WHOLESALE JEWELRY FIRM WILL SELL DIAMONDS, WATCHES, AND HIGH-GRADE BICYCLES ON MONTHLY OR WEEKLY PAYMENTS; NO SECURITY REQUIRED; GOODS DELIVERED ON 1ST PAYMENT; GET CATALOGUE. LOFTIS BROS. & CO., COLUMBUS BLDG., 103 STATE.

PERSONAL—SEND FOR OUR WEEKLY MARket Review and "Statistics and Trading," containing valuable tables, etc.; we give reference of 75 banks. WM. R. HENNIG & CO., Consolidated Exchange Bldg., Chicago.

PERSONAL—DO YOU SPECULATE? I HAVE exclusive inside information on two stocks; $100 invested immediately will make $500 profit. Write CHAS. HUGHES, 63 Wall-st., New York.

PERSONAL—COCKROACHES, BEDBUGS EXterminated from your premises under guaranteed contract. FREDERICK PERES & CO., 427 State.

PERSONAL—COCKROACHES, ALL INSECTS exterminated; 14 years' experience. F. E. BROWN, 180 31st-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—$25 PAID FOR INFORmation leading to position; am a young man, good bookkeeper and penman; low salary; first-class references. Address T 948, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, AGE 24, good penman, for general office work; can furnish A1 references; small wages to start. Address T 991, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AMBITIOUS, WELL educated young man of correct habits, in law office; small salary. Address T 941, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER, EMployed 5 hours, would like suitable work for balance of day; moderate salary. T 983, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED grocery clerk; age 23. T 994, Tribune office.

Boys.

SITUATION WANTED—BY BOY OF 18 IN OFfice or wholesale house; can give reference. Address S 881, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A BOY OF 16 IN office or wholesale house; can furnish references. Address T 955, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—OFFICE BOY; BEST of reference. Address T 975, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—BY CARPENTER; good all around man; $1 per day. T 997, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED engineer; good reference. T 973, Tribune office.

House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED — BY RESPECTABLE and reliable young Swedish man as coachman and for general family work, city or suburb; careful driver; used to fine horses, carriages. First-class recommendations. Address A. NELSON, 5148 La Salle-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG SWEDE as houseman; understands care of horses and carriages or assistant janitor; best of city refs. Address T 987, Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY A MARRIED couple without children, as janitor or house servant. Address C M 452, Tribune office.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—BY SWEDISH COACHman; best city references. CARLSON, 71 Indiana-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COACHMAN; SINgle; best city ref. Address T 225, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN OR janitor; best references. T 953, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERT CORREspondence stenographer wants position; eight years' experience, four years railroad transportation department; capable taking charge of correspondence; best references; past positions resigned. Address V A 166, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GENTLEMAN OF large business experience, expert accountant, and office manager, lately manager of large manufactory, having full charge of business and finances; good opening desired more than salary. Address S 561, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN WHO HAS had several years' experience as business manager and secretary for an iron manufacturing and foundry business desires a position with a good house. Address T 937, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—MARRIED MAN, head janitor, collector, watchman, hostler, overseer; steady work; reliable, steady, sober. Address T 976, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, SOME experience on the Board of Trade; good references. Address T 952, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED janitor; has tools; married, no children; 12 years' reference. Address T 944, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—OF ANY KIND, BY A Swede; has good references; speaks four languages. Address T 981, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—GOING TO SAN FRANcisco soon; want good specialty; refs. Address X E 23, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS JANITOR OR watchman; single; experienced in steam. Reference. Address P. NELSON, 5132 La Salle-st.

SITUATION WANTED—SENIOR LAW STUdent; in law office. Address T 938, Tribune.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, high school and business college graduate; three years' experience as cashier and bookkeeper; A1 references from former employers. Address W 984, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY OF refined family, best references, as saleslady in candy store; business part of city or South Side. Address T 972, Tribune office.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—TO GO OUT WASHING and ironing in first-class families; would like to hear from old patrons. BRIDGET KANE, 129 N. Carpenter-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GOOD SWEDISH girl for general housework. 3240 Wentworth-av., third floor.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIenced waitress in restaurant or private family. Address T 982, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—FOR COOK AND laundress by a Wisconsin girl. Please reply in person. 3208 Indiana-av.

SITUATION WANTED—MIDDLE-AGED SWEDish girl for housework; small family living in flat. 2730 Princeton-av., 3d floor.

SITUATION WANTED—BY SWEDISH GIRL, general housework, in small American family. Call 106 Oak-st., 2d floor, rear.

SITUATION WANTED—BY WOMAN WITH girl 5 years old for general housework. Apply 52 Wesson-st., rear house.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MIDDLE-AGED Swedish woman as nurse for infant. L. T., 5838 Morgan-st.

SITUATION WANTED—THOROUGHLY COMpetent girl, general housework. 3726 Cottage Grove-av., flat 21.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GIRL FOR HOUSEwork in flat, South Side; reference. Address V A 165, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS cook; understands all branches of German and American cooking. Address 2827 Cottage Grove-av.

SITUATION WANTED—DAY WORK BY ALL around cook, or washing and ironing. 2939 Dearborn. C. BYRD.

SITUATION WANTED—WASHING TO TAKE home. 3488 Cottage Grove-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GIRL, GENERAL housework; references. Flat E, 643 45th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—GERMAN-AMERICAN girl, small adult family. 112 Aberdeen-st., 1st flat.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS German cook. 2914 South Park-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY REFINED LADY as child's nurse; best of reference. 3523 Prairie.

SITUATION WANTED—SECOND WORK, BY experienced girl. 3523 Prairie-av.

SITUATION WANTED—NURSE FOR INFANT some hours each day. Address T 974, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—RELIABLE GIRL, general housework. 43 E. 39th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—AS AN ATTENDANT on an elderly lady; a good nurse in sickness; no objection to light housework and sewing; accustomed to travel. Address N M 49, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Call at 634 Dexter-av., near 47th and Wallace-sts.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG GIRL, TO assist in light housework. 4609 Armour-av.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED — FASHIONABLE dressmaker, up to date in all styles of fall and winter capes; tailor-made gowns; a good fitter; fine designer; good references; will go in families at a reasonable price. 80 Bowen-av., Hotel Alabama.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED dressmaker by day; cheap this month; ladies' and children's dresses and coats; refs. 3821 Aldine-pl.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT DRESSmaker wants few more customers; $1.25 per day. Address V G 108, Tribune office.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—IN GOOD FAMILY AS housekeeper or seamstress; home more an object than wages; good references. 20 Pearson-st., flat, on north side.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MIDDLE-AGED woman, as housekeeper in small family, or care of invalid or children. Call or write to E. L. S., 4556 Wabash-av.

SITUATION WANTED — AN ACCOMPLISHED French girl as housekeeper for widower or club of gentlemen. Address D K 365, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HOUSEKEEPER for widower or bachelor. 2939 Dearborn. MISS C. BYRD.

SITUATION WANTED—AS WORKING HOUSEkeeper or cook; refs.; 10 years in last employment. 762 N. Campbell-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COLORED GIRL as housekeeper. ANNA JONES, 2232 Dearborn, 2d flat.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED—DOMESTIC SERvants, all nationalities, private families only. MRS. BIGGS, 67 Rush-st., Tel. North 100.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—WELL EDUCATED, reliable lady expert machine operator from dictation or copy, understanding office work thoroughly; six years' experience; low salary rather than be idle; references. Address T 951, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED stenographer and Remington operator. Address T 940, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED young lady stenographer with reliable house; permanent; Remington. Address T 977, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED STEnographer, Remington, Smith; $8. FLORENCE McAVOY, 263 Illinois-st., Flat 2.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT STEnographer [classical education], exacting, high grade position; literary preferred. T 992, Tribune.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—EXPERIENCED; moderate salary to start. Call REINACH, ULLMAN & CO., wholesale tailors, 270 Fifth-av.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRApher—Quick and accurate; full particulars, giving reference, age, and salary. T 936, Tribune.

BOOKKEEPER—THOROUGH, FOR OLD-EStablished business-house; must be able to invest $3,000 in corporation stock; no others need apply; liberal salary. Address T 223, Tribune office.

CLERK—DRUG, ATTENDING SCHOOL OF pharmacy; sleep in drug store; good bed and room. Call 32d and Wallace-sts.

CLERKS—TWO ENTRY CLERKS, EXPERIenced from caller; must be expert and have good references; wholesale notion house; $10. Address T 980, Tribune office.

ENTRY CLERK—EXPERT; MUST BE RAPID and accurate. Address A V 472, Tribune office.

YOUNG MEN—OF EXPERIENCE, TO TRAVel, auditing and checking agents' accounts. Give experience and recommendations; liberal salary to right one. Address T 978, Tribune office.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

MEN—TWENTY-FIVE—

Those who have any business ability can find lucrative employment selling my choice residence lots on easy monthly installment plan. Can post you thoroughly in three days. No previous experience in real estate business is required. Am carrying 1,000 to 2,500 people on my excursions to inspect my choice, highly improved properties. Most of these are house renters who want to make their monthly savings pay for homes of their own. You can sell these sites to them, and can earn good pay if you have any business energy and ambition. There is no necessity for a man who is willing to do his best to be any longer out of good, paying employment. Call immediately at

ROOM 607 MASONIC TEMPLE.

S. E. GROSS.

PRINTING SOLICITOR—THE OLIVER PRESS, 79-81 Fifth-av.

SALESMAN—SPECIALTY, TO COVER EXCLUsive territory; first-class men only wanted. Call at once at office of Eastern Mfg. Co., Manhattan Building. GEO. W. SWORDS.

SALESMAN—A FIRST-CLASS RETAIL CLOTHing salesman for a town of 10,000; must be a Polander. Apply 9 a. m. at 204 Monroe-st.

SALESMEN—TO REPRESENT A WELL-EStablished house in the hat, cap, glove, mitten, and straw goods line, Northeastern Iowa, North and South Dakota, and Nebraska territories; only such familiar with the line need apply; references required. Address P.-O. Box 193, Milwaukee, Wis.

SALESMAN—OF SUPERIOR ABILITY TO REPresent a large corporation and present a proposition of merit to merchants; must have tact and good address; position permanent and pay liberal if references and services prove satisfactory. Address T 989, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—TRAVELING, TO HANDLE A line of sweaters and cardigans as a side line. Address T 995, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—EXPERIENCED LUBRICATING oil salesmen; if you are not satisfied with your present position write the Zone Oil Co., Cleveland, O., who will offer arrangements in accordance with the evidence you produce showing your ability to sell oils.

SALESMEN—
THE HAWKS NURSERY CO.,
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

SOLICITOR—EXPERIENCED, AS MANAGER for an established business; one acquainted with the commercial houses and freight transportation business in this city preferred; large commission. Address, with reference, E. N. GETZLER, Box 788, Providence, R. I.

SOLICITOR—ADVERTISING, TO WORK ON weekly paper; good thing for the right man. Room 40, 159 La Salle.

Boys.

BOY—A GOOD BOY BETWEEN 17 AND 19 years old to do chores around a priest's house; work light; salary good; fine home; must be catholic. Address T 969, Tribune office.

Trades.

CUTTER—EXPERIENCED IN CITY AND country orders. Address T 971, Tribune office.

ENGINEER—STATIONARY, FIRST-CLASS, TO take charge of large plant in mercantile establishment; must understand electrical work, dynamos, etc.; only a man possessing a thorough knowledge need apply. Address T 222, Tribune office.

ENGRAVER—COMPETENT WOOD ENGRAVer; one who has considerable experience in engraving wood cuts of watch cases. Address Illinois Watch Case Co., Elgin, Ill.

FORMAN—A FIRST-CLASS FOREMAN, blacksmith, for locomotive building shop; must be familiar with contract work. Address, giving experience and references, LOCOMOTIVE, X K 67, Tribune office.

ENAMELER—COMPETENT BICYCLE ENAMeler to take charge of department; must have experience. Address T 228, Tribune office.

WOODWORKER—FIRST-CLASS WAGON AND carriage woodworker for jobbing and new work; good wages. S. ED. SNOW, Earlville, Ill.

Employment Agencies.

BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS, OFFICE and salesmen. Merchants' Clerical Exchange, 1136, 108 La Salle-st.

BOOKKEEPER—AND STENOGRAPHER; young man; experienced. 806, 112 Dearborn-st.

MEN—TO LEARN THE BARBER TRADE; only eight weeks; quick and thorough method; wages Saturdays before completing; tools donated; catalogue mailed free. Moler's Barber School, 283 S. Clark-st.

STENOGRAPHER—VERY RAPID; $1,200; OFfice clerks, 3, extra good penmen; timekeeper, experienced young man; stock clerk for cycle factory; bookkeeper to leave this city; stenographer, young man, $15; bookkeeper who can earn $1,200. Mercantile Exchange, 185 Dearborn-st., Room 132.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER AND OFFICE MAN—STATE age, experience, salary. T 946, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

ATTORNEY—AT ONCE, RESPONSIBLE ATtorney-at-law who understands business law collections. Address T 959, Tribune office.

BY CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS—A MAN for outside position in installment book order department; must write a good hand. 760, 334 Dearborn-st.

BUSINESS-MAN—BRIGHT, TO MEET MERchants and manufacturers. Address T 945, Tribune office.

COLLECTORS — INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE; three active men wanted by prominent company. Call Room 1, 555 W. 63d, corner Wright-st.

HUSTLER—REPRESENTATIVE AMONG BUSiness-men; good pay, but must be a hustler. Address H V 58, Tribune office.

FURNITURE PACKER—ONLY EXPERIENCed men need apply. Tobey Furniture Co., Wabash-av and Washington-st., alley entrance.

LEARN A NEW, PRACTICAL, AND NOT overcrowded business, commanding from $1,000 to $5,000 a year salary; interesting home study, not interfering with present occupation; low cost. Address H. M. HILL, Tribune Building, New York City.

MAN—BY A LARGE EASTERN MANUFACTURing company, a manager for the Chicago office; business already established; good permanent position for the right man. Address, giving references and salary wanted, T 939, Tribune office.

MAN—EXPERIENCED MILLINERY MAN who understands getting out catalogues, etc. Address T 985, Tribune office.

MANAGER—TO TRAVEL AND HANDLE A crew of salesmen; state experience, age, and references; also salary required; must give bond. Address T 543, Tribune office.

PORTER—YOUNG MAN, GOOD CHANCE TO learn bartending. Address T 942, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—STEADY, TO TRAVEL AS helper; must have had experience with farming implements; $65 monthly salary and expenses; about $200 cash security required. Address V 242, Tribune office.

WANTED—FEMALE HEL[P]

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BILL CLERK— BRIGHT YOUNG LADY has had experience; must be rapid, accur[ate]; write a good hand; state age, experie[nce], salary expected. Address T 308, Tribune

BOOKKEEPER—LADY, FOR WEST[ERN] Manfg. Co.; state age, experience, re[ferences], salary, $8. Address T 307, Tribune offic[e]

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHE[R] dy; state age, experience, salary. T 947,

LADY—IN WHOLESALE CLOTHING quick and accurate with figures, wh[o] plain, rapid hand; salary, $5 to start. T 956, Tribune office.

Domestics.

GIRL—YOUNG SWEDISH GIRL; NO about 15; to assist with housework and 446 31st-st.

GIRL—SECOND WORK; GERMAN ferred. 3157 Prairie-av.

GIRL—EXPERIENCED SECOND GIRL first-class refs.; good wages. 3652 Mich

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL work, German preferred; wages $4. 54 ison-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL work; 2 in family; steam heated flat. ington-blvd.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FO[R GEN]eral housework; family of 3 adults. 394 blvd.

HOUSEWORK—A GIRL WITH REFE[RENCES] to do housework in family of three. E. 59th-st., 2d flat.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL TO MAKE CAKE will be taught; also an assistant on entr 2970 Groveland-av.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FO[R GEN]eral housework; 2 in family. 264 51st-st.

HOUSEWORK—NEAT COLORED GI[RL] second work; wages $3. 3258 Grovelan[d]

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL work; refs. required. 3534 Calumet-av

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL, FO[R GEN]eral housework. 40 Madison Park.

WAITRESS—FIRST-CLASS; NEAT, oughly competent; references; privat[e] 302 N. State-st.

YOUNG GIRL—TO ASSIST IN CARING fant. 5045 Washington-av.

Seamstresses and Dressmak[ers.]

SEAMSTRESS—IMMEDIATELY; ABLE and fit theatrical dresses. J. ALEX 150 Dearborn-st.

Employment Agencies.

BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS, and salesladies. Merchants' Clerical E[xchange], 1136, 108 La Salle-st.

BOOKKEEPER—AND STENOGRAPH[ER] lady. 806, 112 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPERS AND STENOGRAP[HERS] experienced ladies. R. 1136, 108 La Sa[lle]

COOK—FIRST-CLASS; MUST UNDE[R]stand fancy and plain cooking; kitchen ma MRS. BIGGS, 67 Rush-st.

LADIES—TO LEARN THE BARBER we guarantee good-paying places aft weeks; wages Saturdays while learning; nated; catalogue mailed free. Moler's school, 283 S. Clark-st.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG LADY; VER[Y RAP]id; Rem.; $15. 185 Dearborn-st., Room

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—EXPERIENCED A pable of taking rapid technical dictati[on] scribing with perfect accuracy; Remingt[on] dress T 546, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

CHORUS LADIES AND GENTLEMEN class. Call 1 p. m. today. 407 Schille[r]

HAIRDRESSERS, WEAVERS, VENTIL[ATORS], manicurers. SARA REIDY, 28 Washi[ngton]

LACEMAKERS—AND EMBROIDER[ERS] take work home to do; materials and ins[tructions] furnished. Steady work all the year. all kinds of fancy work subject to appro[val] State-st., 5th floor.

LADY—ENERGETIC LADY TO ASS[IST] light business. Call 146 E. Illinois-st.

SOLICITORS—BRIGHT LADY SOLICIT[ORS] handle among ladies a guaranteed inter[est] ing investment; nothing better on mark[et], easily; liberal commission. Address S 820,

SOLICITORS—FOR CHEAP LODGIN[G] Business Woman's Home, 396 Dearbor[n]

YOUNG LADY—BRIGHT, AMBITIOU[S] take full charge of wrapping departme[nt] ical laboratory; $5 to commence. DACE[Y] 1000 W. Harrison-st.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS—ON SALARY OR COMMISSIO[N] greatest agents' seller ever produced; of pen and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 500 profit; one agent's sales amounted to $6 days; another, $32 in two hours. If lo[oking] profitable business write at once. Mon[roe] Co., X 88, La Cross, Wis.

AGENTS—EVERYWHERE, TO SEL[L] "Climax" incandescent burner and you can drop this mantel on the floor, webbing has been burned off, and it won[t] you may not believe it, but it is so; sampl[e] 25c stamps. FRANK LAMKIN, Mgr. av., New York.

AGENTS—WANTED EVERYWHER[E] handle my new imitation gold and s[ilver] watches; just out and perfect timepie[ce] doz., postpaid; send 50c stamps for sa[mple] start work at once. Address M. A. S 282 Atlantic-av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STATE AND LOCAL AGENTS EVERY[WHERE] to introduce new and valuable paten[t] just opening; all business-men interes[ted] under guarantee; $10 per day can posi[tively be] made; if you are a good man I want you want me. HOYT, 76 5th-av., New York.

STATE AGENTS EVERYWHERE TO duce patent just issued; sold with gu[arantee] $1,000 to $1,500 required for stock; age[nts] upwards $10 per day; call and investi[gate] La Salle-st., room 513.

WANTED—MEN OF GOOD ADDRESS T[O han]dle a guaranteed interest earning inv[estment] nothing better on market; sells easily; libe[ral com]mission. Address S 819, Tribune office.

SOLICITOR—FOR LECTURE ENGAGE[MENTS] among church societies, clubs, etc.; com[mission]. Address T 988, Tribune office.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

10 CAR LOADS OF FURNITURE JU[ST AR]RIVED—SALES AT AUCTION DAILY Why pay a profit to the dealer when you at a loss to the maker? Also big sales of office furniture and bic[ycles]. QUICK SALE AUCTION HOUSE WABASH AND MONROE.

STOVES, RANGES, HEATERS — L[ARGEST] variety in the city; closing out samples; prices. J. RETTERER, 85 Wabash-av.

CASH PAID FOR FURNITURE IN lots; hotels and dealers' stocks. T. P. 381 W. Madison-st.

LEASEHOLDS TO SELL & WA[NT]

FURNISHED FLAT FOR SALE; C[HEAP] and furniture of 6-room flat, all in go[od condi]tion; rent cheap; a bargain. Address G MONT, 4416 Evans-av. Call after 5 o evenings.

FOR SALE—EXTRAVAGANTLY FUR[NISHED] down-town flat; leather, silk, mahogan[y] ter-sawed oak; goods made to order; $6 cheap rent; vault; sacrificed if taken th going East. 6, 116 Monroe-st.

FOR SALE—WONDERFUL BARGAIN nished roming-house; walking distanc[e] Side. Call immediately. Room 401, 91 De[arborn]

WANTED—HEATED FLAT, NORTH st., in exchange for painting and carpen[try]. Address W 970, Tribune office.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, E[TC.]

A RESPONSIBLE WHOLESALE JE[WELRY] FIRM WILL SELL DIAMONDS, W[ATCHES], AND HIGH-GRADE BICYCLES ON M[ONTHLY] OR WEEKLY PAYMENTS; NO SECUR[ITY RE]QUIRED; GET CATALOGUE. LOFTI[S BROS.] & CO., COLUMBUS BLDG., 103 STATE

WE BUY DIAMONDS, OLD GOLD AND for cash; confidential. BREDT & CO[., Manu]facturing Jewelers, Room 803 Columbus

CLAPP & COWL, JEWELERS, 68 WA[SHING]ton-st.—Full value paid for diamonds, and duplicate wedding presents.

BARTER AND EXCHANG[E]

EXCHANGE—DENTISTRY FOR TAI[LORING] or what have you? T 979, Tribune of[fice]

EXCHANGE PLUMBING, GASFITTIN[G] carpentering for house rent. T 544, Trib[une]

JOB PRINTING IN EXCHANGE FOR class dentistry. Address T 990, Tribun[e]

LEASE AND FURNITURE 14-ROOM Must sell quick; $300. 1219 Michigan-a[v.]

HORSES AND CARRIAGE[S]

MY ENTIRE STABLE, OF FAST mare, fast trotter, saddle combinati[on] pony, and cart harnesses, 2-seated trap, runabout business buggy, racing cart first quality. Inquire WM. GIL The Grand, 35th and Cal

FOR SALE—VERY LOW, A FALLI[NG TOP] buggy and a runabout buggy, both a[lmost] new, and must be sold. Barn, 266 E. 37

FOR SALE—PAINTER'S OUTFIT, LA[DDERS], etc., wagon, buggy, cart. 618 Wells. J.

DRESSMAKING.

CHILDREN'S COSTUMER, LATE O[F New] York, teaches the art and gives the tuition $20; four garments made while lea[rning]. MADAM C. A. ALBRO, 63 E.

McDOWELL DRESSMAKING AND MIL[LINERY] School, everything taught, easy paym[ents]; limited lessons. A. H. LYNN, Mgr., 78

MACHINERY.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE—SECOND-HAND working machinery; double iron saw ta[ble], ble borer, rip-saw, etc.; also 1 iron dryho[use], able for inside shop, 8x18x10. 151 Michi[gan]

STAMPS, COINS, PICTURES

ABOUT STAMPS — BUY OR SELL WOLSEIFFER, 201 Clark-st., near A

STORAGE.

AMERICAN STORAGE AND WAR[EHOUSE] Co., 359 and 361 W. Madison-st.; new rooms, $2 up; vans for moving. Tel. W.

PROFESSIONAL.

WAGES QUICKLY COLLECTED; CO[STS AD]vanced; law business. 134 E. Washingto[n]

CLOTHING.

A. S., 474 N. CLARK-ST., 2D FLAT, P[AYS] highest price for gentlemen's cast-off orders by mail promptly attended to.

UNDERTAKING.

POSTLEWAIT—310 OGDEN-AV., HIG[H-CLASS] undertaking; city and all suburbs.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BILL CLERK— BRIGHT YOUNG LADY, WHO has had experience; must be rapid, accurate, and write a good hand; state age, experience, and salary expected. Address T 308, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—LADY, FOR WEST SIDE Manfg. Co.; state age, experience, residence; salary, $8. Address T 307, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER—LADY; state age, experience, salary. T 947, Tribune.

LADY—IN WHOLESALE CLOTHING OFFICE, quick and accurate with figures, who writes plain, rapid hand; salary, $5 to start. Address T 956, Tribune office.

Domestics.

GIRL—YOUNG, SWEDISH GIRL; NO OTHER; about 15; to assist with housework and children. 446 31st-st.

GIRL—SECOND WORK; GERMAN PREferred. 3157 Prairie-av.

GIRL—EXPERIENCED SECOND GIRL WITH first-class refs.; good wages. 3652 Michigan-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork, German preferred; wages $4. 5446 Madison-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; 2 in family; steam heated flat. 859 Washington-blvd.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework; family of 3 adults. 3942 Grand-blvd.

HOUSEWORK—A GIRL WITH REFERENCE to do housework in family of three. Call 1112 E. 59th-st., 2d flat.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL TO MAKE CAKE; WORK will be taught; also an assistant on entree work. 2970 Groveland-av.

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North Side.

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South Side.

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North Side.

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West Side.

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North Side.

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MRS. DR. TAESCHLER, 358 WEST RANdolph-st., licensed home for ladies; obstetrical cases $15; board and care $4 weekly and upwards; consultation free. Correspondence solicited.

DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 DEARBORN-ST., cor. Randolph. Chicago's successful specialists in diseases peculiar to men and women. Letters answered. Consultation free.

LADIES DESIRING CONFIDENTIAL MEDical advice, safe and sure in all complaints, or private home during illness of any kind, call on MRS. DR. SWARZ, 279 W. Adams-st.

MRS. DR. BROWN, ROOM 32, 209 STATE-ST.—Specialist in all delicate diseases of women; success guaranteed in every case undertaken.

DR. CARROLL, LEADING AND ONLY OLD est'd specialist; diseases of men only; 18 years' experience; advice free; medicine, $1. 182 State-st.

MRS. DR. YANNE—SKILLFUL TREATMENT of all diseases of women; elegant private home for patients; 29 years' experience. 2623 Wabash.

DR. EMMA HELLEWIG, 351 WELLS-ST., graduate physician, formerly Berlin, Paris; female diseases and irregularities; private home.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

FOR SALE—SAFES FROM $15 UP. A FINE lot of second-hand and new safes on hand. HALL'S SAFE & LOCK CO., 52 Wabash-av.

PHYSICIANS' OPERATING CHAIRS AND TAbles for sale at low prices. T 788, Tribune.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—CHOICE IMproved property in every part of city for vacant. HABERER & DELFOSSE, 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—FOR BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE go to E. GOODRIDGE & CO., 86 Washington-st.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—4539 GREENWOOD-AV.— 3-story and subcellar, rock-faced, stone-front, with massive stone bays, porches, and steps; mosaic vestibule, elegant grills, consoles, sideboard, and hall tree built in; fuel gas in grates; hardwood floors for rugs, various woods in trim; exposed nickel plumbing; porcelain bath, etc.; bargain. For sale by C. E. FOLLANSBEE, Owner. Open for inspection. 4515 Ellis-av.

FOR SALE—GREATEST BARGAIN IN KENwood, beautiful 10-room modern stone residence, finished in choice woods; all rooms large and light; lot 25x150; 1 block from 47th-st. and Ill. Central R. R.; cost $13,000; will sell for $8,750 cash. W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st., or 16 E. 43d-st.

FOR SALE—MODERN RESIDENCE, SOUTH Park-av., near 34th-st., or exchange for property, improved or not, near 43d-st., east of Grand-blvd. Address T 950, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—NEW HYDE PARK RESIDENCES, 5129 to 5137 Madison-av., $17,500 to $18,000; terms; modern, complete, choice location, near I. C. fast trains; open; see them; owner there daily.

FOR SALE—NEW 3-FLAT BLDG, NR. GRANDblvd. and 46th-st.; rents, $1,450 year; worth $13,500; sell for $10,600. X K 12, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULEvard or in Kenwood district go to MATSON HILL, 607 Home Ins. Bldg.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—RIVERSIDE PROPERty. C. A. WOODRUFF, 304 Rookery Bldg.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—TWELFTH-ST., NEAR CENTERav., 25x125, frame improvements, $2,700. W. L. BRENT & CO., 84 Washington-st.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—AT LAKE VIEW— On Evanston-av., near Graceland-av., 9-room frame house on lot, 42x320 ft.; great bargain; part cash. FREDERICK W. ROCKFELLOW, 827 Stock Exchange Bldg.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE RESIDENCE WITH all modern improvement; beautifully decorated and finished; must be seen to be appreciated. 328 Hampden-ct.

FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAIN ON N. S.; ELegant home; La Salle-av., near Lincoln Park; 12 r., thoroughly modern; worth $18,000; will take $13,000. Address X K 38, Tribune office.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—COMPLETE SUBURBAN HOMES, easy payments. CHAS. H. WORCESTER, R. 330, 187 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—AT BERWYN—ONE OR two of several corners and inside pieces. Call at 3304 Ivison-av., Berwyn. G. HUBBARD.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—HOUSES IN EVANSton and other north shore suburbs. Also loans. RICE & CREIGHTON, 119 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—OAK PARK PROPERty; fare 5c. WEAGE & TUCKER, Tacoma Bldg.

ACRE PROPERTY.

FOR SALE—5 ACRES, CLEAR, NEAR MOUNT Greenwood Cemetery, very cheap; may trade for improved city, and assume small incumbrance. ADOLPH PIKE & CO., 93, 5th-av.

OTHER REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—LOT, 146X90, DELAWARE-AV., corner Niagara-square, Buffalo; suitable for hotel or apartment house. Address A. J. BARNARD, Drawer 175, Buffalo.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—$20,000 TO $30,000 FEE ON BUSIness street paying 5 per cent net. W. H. COLVIN, 716 Chamber of Commerce.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

TO EXCHANGE—MODERN STONE-FRONT residence, with brick barn, near Douglas Park, worth $7,500, clear; want vacant. Will assume incumbrance or add cash for good piece. Address X K 66, Tribune office.

FLAT BUILDING WANTED AROUND DOUGlas or Humboldt Park for city clear vacant. Good farms wanted to exchange for city clear vacant or improved. GOODMAN & CO., 42, 119 Dearborn.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, FOURTH FLOOR, 172 East Washington-st., s. e. cor. of 5th-av.—Loans on improved and vacant Chicago and suburban real estate and to build at 5, 5½, and 6 per cent and 1½ per cent commission; small and large amounts; prompt service.

ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CHIcago real estate at current rates in sums of $500 and over; no delay, as we pass on the securities. 6 PER CENT GOLD MORTGAGES FOR SALE. CANNELL & McCLURE, 107 Dearborn-st. Lake View office, 1808 Clark-st., near Roscoe.

A SPECIAL FUND OF $500,000 TO LOAN ON improved Chicago real estate in sums to suit borrowers; 5, 5½, and 6 per cent. J. GRAFTON PARKER & CO., 701, 100 Washington-st.

BODDIE & HEATON, 140 DEARBORN ST., loan money on Chicago real estate at lowest current rates; large and small amounts. Applications promptly passed upon. ARTHUR LUEHR, Manager loan department.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES. ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE. R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 517 Chi. Stock Exchange.

HAVE APPLICATIONS FOR REAL ESTATE and building loans and want to meet parties desiring to loan their own funds. Address W 955, Tribune office.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS, 83 and 85 Dearborn-st.
LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

DO YOU WANT TO BUILD? MONEY TO LOAN without delay. PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & CO., 164 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—BY RESPONSIBLE PARTY, LOAN of $60,000 on vacant South Side, worth $190,000; also $12,000 on choice improved worth $26,000; private party. Address H V 137, Tribune office.

TO LOAN—MONEY AT 6 PER CENT AND 1 PER cent commission; any amount over $2,000; will loan half of cash value; we act promptly. F. A. HENSHAW & CO., 97 Washington-st.

MONEY LOANED IN ANY AMOUNT ON CHIcago property. J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & CO., 95 Dearborn-st., Main Floor.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED OR VAcant; $300 and upwards; in sums to suit. PLACE, DUTTON & PECK, 145 La Salle-st.

$1,000 TO $6,000 TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL estate at lowest rates. ALBERT WAHL, 177 La Salle-st., Room 1.

HART & FRANK, 92 AND 94 WASHINGTON-st.; loans on Chicago real estate and building loans made at lowest rates; 1st mortgages for sale.

MEAD & COE, 100 WASHINGTON-ST., MONEY to loan at lowest market rates on Chicago real estate security; first mortgages for sale.

SPECIAL SUMS OF $1,000, $2,000, AND $3,000 TO loan on vacant or improved real estate. E. N. WEART & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN WITHOUT COMMISSION, 6 per cent on impd. Chicago real estate, building loans. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

WESTERN STATE BANK, S. W. COR. LA Salle and Randolph-sts., loans money on Chicago real estate at lowest rates; no delay.

200 TO $2,500 TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL EState; improved or vacant; money on hand; no delay. A. H. WHITLEY, 615 Chamber of Commerce.

$5,000 AND OTHER SUMS TO LEND ON GOOD city real estate. W. M. HOWLAND, 57 Portland Block.

INTERNATIONAL BUILDING, LOAN AND INvestment union stockholders and borrowers: State what you have. Address T 224, Tribune.

A. L. HOWARD & BRO., 101 WASHINGTON-st. and 4313 Cottage Grove-av.—Money to loan at lowest rates; building loans a specialty.

MONEY TO LOAN—WE LOAN MONEY ON real estate at lowest market rates; no delay. WINSTON & CO., 88 Washington-st.

INTEREST RATES, 4½ TO 6 PER CENT. WANT choice real estate loans. KOZMINSKI & CO., bankers, 73 Dearborn-st.

SPECIAL SUMS OF $3,000 AND $10,000 TO LOAN—Money waiting. C. H. GOODYKOONTZ & CO., 917 Chamber of Commerce. Tel. Main 3012.

LOANS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE AT current rates. The Equitable Trust Company, 185 Dearborn-st.

FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS ON CHICAGO real estate at lowest rates; also building loans. ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.

ANY AMOUNT TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL estate, Chicago, Evanston, and suburbs, 6, 6½, and 7 per cent. O. F. GIBBS & CO., 125 La Salle.

WANTED—WILL BUY 1ST OR 2D MORTGAGE paper on good improved or vacant. EDWIN WYNN & CO., 132 La Salle-st.

WILLIAM A. BOND & CO., 115 DEARBORN-st., make loans on real estate.

C. L. HAMMOND, 410, 205 LA SALLE-ST., real estate loans; $500 to $50,000; lowest rates.

FINANCIAL.

FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 94 WASHINGTON-ST., 1ST FLOOR, ROOM 8. BETWEEN CLARK AND DEARBORN. 351 W. 63D-ST., COR. OF YALE, ENGLEWOOD AND 9215 COMMERCIAL-AV. [ROOM 1 COLUMBIA BLOCK], SOUTH CHICAGO. Loans on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal.

MONEY LOANED PRIVATELY ON FURNIture, pianos, horses, carriages, without removal, at lowest rates. If you want money and a friend, too, call on me. Live and let live is my motto. Time and payment to suit borrower. A. H. WILLIAMS, Banker, 69 Dearborn-st., R. 28.

MONEY TO LOAN IN AMOUNTS TO SUIT, AND may be repaid in installments, on secured notes, goods in store, mortgages, and available securities of all kinds; stocks and bonds of local corporations, city warrants, etc., bought and sold. SHIELDS & BRO., 95 Clark-st.—Room 220.

LOANS TO RESPONSIBLE PARTIES CONFIdentially on furniture and pianos; sums to suit; part payments taken; costs reduced lowest rates. 70 La Salle-st., 3d floor, Room 34.

LOANS—HONEST PEOPLE IF EMBARRASSED financially; city school teachers, firemen, and police, in company with their wives, call S. RICHARDSON, 139 E. Madison-st., Suite 25.

MONEY LOANED QUICKLY AND QUIETLY ON FURNITURE, ETC., WITHOUT REMOVAL. F. G. WRIGHT, 409 FIRST NATIONAL BANK BLDG., 164 DEARBORN-ST.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE ON their own names without security; can pay back weekly. Room 802, 134 Monroe-st.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHASED—Loans on same. RICHARD HERZFELD, 171 La Salle-st., R. 617 New York Life Bldg. Est. 1873.

FOR SALE—CHOICE CHICAGO FIRST MORTgages from $2,000 to $50,000; no expense to lender. WILL H. MOORE, 204 Dearborn-st.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE AND PIanos—As we have a large sum of money on hand we are in a position to offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO BORROWERS for this month only; come in and get our rates, which you will find the lowest in the city; you can have as much time as you desire in which to pay us back.
WE MAKE NO CHARGE FOR DRAWING PAPERS. ABSOLUTELY NO OTHER CHARGE than the monthly interest; no publicity; no references required.
HIGGINSON, 97 Washington-st., room 25.

ALPHEUS M. SMITH, INVESTMENT BANKER, 100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 901. Loans money on easy terms on furniture and pianos, warehouse receipts, etc., without removal. You have the use of the property and also of the money.
Payments arranged on monthly installment plan or to suit your convenience. Business done quietly, without publicity.
No charges taken out in advance. You get the full amount of the loan in cash.
You can deal with me quickly, privately, satisfactorily, and confidentially.
It has been a pleasure to me to notice that my old customers always come back to me when again in need of money. CALL AND SEE ME.
ALPHEUS M. SMITH, INVESTMENT BANKER, 100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 901.

ANY PERSON TEMPORARILY EMBARRASSED and wanting a loan upon furniture, pianos, etc., will find it to his interest to deal with private party. I loan my own money, and can give the lowest rates. I loan from $20 upward. Payments made to suit the convenience of the borrower. LOUIS F. HOPKINS, 167 Dearborn-st., Room 702. Near Monroe; also 528 W. 63d-st., Englewood [over postoffice]. Englewood office open from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 175 Dearborn-st., Rooms 18 and 19. Makes loans of any size, large or small, on household goods, pianos, horses, wagons, and warehouse receipts at very lowest rates; loans can be paid at any time. If you need a loan please call on us. CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 175 DEARBORN-ST., ROOMS 18 AND 19.

LIFE INS. POLICIES PURCHASED; LOANS ON same; legal interest. John V. Fox, 108 Dearborn.

MINES AND MINING.

KLONDIKE EXPEDITION IN THE FIELD—Own and work rich mines in the Kootenai; strong mining, exploration, and trading company. Prest., Sir W. P. Howland, Toronto; Z. P. Brosseau, Board of Trade, Chicago; and others; shares 25 cts.; par value $1; buy before advance; new map free. The Gold and Silver Mines Developing Co., 424 Ashland Block, Chicago.

GOLD IS WHERE YOU FIND IT—THE MONTkalo Mining company, owning rich gold properties in Montana, will combine Alaska and Klondike interests; representatives going to secure mining properties for the company; limited amount of stock offered, $1.00 per share, non-assessable. Full information apply to COL. M. D. BIRGE, President, 146 La Salle-st.

FOR THE KLONDIKE— Any company of men wishing the services of an old expert miner of 12 years' experience in California, who can furnish the highest references, address Lock Box 52, Elroy, Wisconsin.

ALASKA GOLD SEEKERS, WHO HAVE money to invest, please send their address and get information of inestimable value to them. Address S 977, Tribune office.

PARTIES CONTEMPLATING INVESTMENTS Alaska or the Northwest can learn something by commicating with R. C. KNAGGS, 139 Hartford Bldg. No brokers.

KLONDIKE GOLD—NEW MAP OF NEW fields free; new route and other information that will interest you. Address O 450, Tribune office.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

ADAM SCHAAF.
147-149 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.
MAKER OF FINE PIANOS.
ESTABLISHED 1873.
Bargains in good second-hand pianos.
$125—Buys Hallett-Cumston upright.
$125—Buys Wheelock upright.
$125—Buys Kimball upright.
$135—Buys Bradford upright.
$145—Buys Garfield upright.
$150—Buys Decker & Son upright.
$160—Buys Schaaf upright.
$165—Buys Decker Bros.' upright.
$165—Buys Adam Schaaf upright.
$185—Buys Steinway upright.
$130—Buys Vose & Sons' upright.
$130—Buys Chickering upright.
$130—Buys Emerson upright.
Square pianos, $25 to $65 each.
TERMS EASY, TO SUIT BUYERS.
TO RENT—$3 and $4 per month, beautiful new upright pianos; one year's rent allowed if purchased.
Pianos tuned, repaired, exchanged, and stored. ADAM SCHAAF, 147-149 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

SIDE-BY-SIDE COMPARISON ENABLES YOU TO BUY INTELLIGENTLY. No one piano has all the good features. Examine our line of SIX FAMOUS PIANOS. EVERY ONE A LEADER IN ITS CLASS.
HALLET & DAVIS PIANOS HALLET & DAVIS
DECKER & SON PIANOS DECKER & SON
BALDWIN PIANOS BALDWIN
ELLINGTON PIANOS ELLINGTON
VALLEY GEM PIANOS VALLEY GEM
WAVERLY PIANOS WAVERLY
From the most splendid works of art to the most simple and modest productions. ALL AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES, on easy terms. Second-hand pianos and organs from $25 up. Tuning, repairing, etc. HALLET & DAVIS CO., Manufacturers, 239-241 Wabash-av., cor. Jackson-blvd. Factory, Boston. Established 1839.

LYON, POTTER & CO., STEINWAY HALL. Offer great inducements in slightly-used grand and upright pianos. Buyers are invited to call at once.
UPRIGHTS, $100 UPWARDS. GRANDS, $200 UPWARDS.
Easy terms if desired. Old pianos taken in exchange at full value. In new pianos we have Steinway, A. B. Chase, Hazelton, Sterling, and Huntington. See our colonial styles. Stylish and attractive pianos for rent. Expert tuning and repairing.
Telephone Har. 780.
LYON, POTTER & CO., 17 Van Buren-st., Steinway Hall.

DON'T BUY A PIANO Until you have investigated the merits of the MASON & HAMLIN, VOSE & SONS, SMITH & BARNES. Reasonable prices, favorable terms. BIG BARGAINS IN SLIGHTLY USED AND SECOND-HAND PIANOS AND ORGANS. Pianos, $100 up. Organs, $15 up. Get our catalogues and prices. J. A. NORRIS CO., 250-252 Wabash-av., Chicago.

PAY BUT ONE PROFIT— Buy direct from the manufacturer. Makers of Kimball pianos, pipe and reed organs. ONE PRICE. ONE PROFIT. PLAIN FIGURES. Pianos rented, tuned, repaired, and stored. Old instruments taken in exchange. Bargains in little used pianos and organs. W. W. KIMBALL CO., Wabash-av., south of Jackson-st.

NO FANCY PRICES—

1 Fischer up	$120	1 Steinway up	$245
1 Chickering up	165	Sterling upright	145
1 upright	55	1 upright	75

$5 monthly payments. STEGER & CO., 235 Wabash-av., cor. Jackson-st.

J. O. TWICHELL SELLS STECK PIANO. Haines Bros. piano, Poole piano. No fancy prices; payments; old pianos taken in exchange. J. O. TWICHELL, 223 Wabash-av.

$75 BUYS A FRENCH WALNUT UPRIGHT PIano; $55 buys a mahogany upright piano; in good condition; great bargains. STEGER & CO., 235 Wabash-av.

STORY & CLARK PIANO—THE IDEAL INstrument of America; prices from $350 to $700 for uprights, according to size and case. STORY & CLARK, 231 Wabash-av.

NEW PIANOS TO RENT—WE MAKE A SPEcialty of renting new pianos of fine tone and appearance; largest stock and lowest prices. LYON & HEALY, Wabash-av. and Adams-st.

PIANOS FOR RENT—LARGE STOCK, BEST grade in the city; reasonable rates; one year's rent applied toward purchase. JULIUS BAUER & CO., 226-228 Wabash-av.

NEED MONEY—WILL SACRIFICE BEAUTIful upright piano, cost $400; must sell at once. 3827 Wabash-av., 1st flat.

EMERSON PIANO CO. ARE OFFERING great bargains during summer months. JOHN W. NORTHROP, Mgr., 215-217 Wabash-av.

$4 PER MONTH WILL RENT A GOOD PIANO; one year's rent allowed if purchased. THE JOHN CHURCH CO., 200 Wabash-av.

WEGMAN, BRAUMULLER, BRYANT, AND other pianos; easy payments; rent $3 and $4. J. A. BRYANT, 207 Wabash-av., one short flight.

WE RENT GOOD UPRIGHT PIANOS AT $3 and $4 per month; all rent allowed if purchased. STEGER & CO., 235 Wabash-av., cor. Jackson-st.

BICYCLES AND BICYCLE GOODS.

ANOTHER 4,000 BICYCLES AT AUCTION—SALES DAILY, 10:30 AND 2:30. We have got the dealers on the run. We are doing nearly all of the bicycle business in Chicago—could not fill our mail orders for three days last week. Follow the crowds and you won't go wrong. Every bearing guaranteed for TWO YEARS. Your money back if dissatisfied. All sizes, all styles, all grades. The Quick Sale Auction House, wide-awake sellers of everything. Wabash and Monroe.

BUY NOW—THE FINEST BICYCLES BUILT, AT THE LOWEST PRICES, ON YOUR OWN TERMS. GET OUR CATALOGUE. LOFTIS BROS. & CO., WHOLESALE JEWELERS, COLUMBUS BLDG., 103 STATE-ST.

WE WILL SELL FOR THE COMING WEEK as good wheels as were ever built for $12.50, $18.50, $25, and $50, on easy payments; a rare chance to secure a good wheel at your own price and terms; open evenings. GEO. W. PHALIN, 9-71 31st-st.

WANTED—1,000 SECOND-HAND BICYCLES OF all kinds for spot cash, or in exchange for our '97 beauties; bring them in quick. MEAD & PRENTISS, 211 and 213 Monroe-st.

WANTED—25 SECOND-HAND BICYCLES AT once; spot cash; bring wheel or send address. Brown-Lewis Cycle Co., 293 Wabash-av.

LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

NOTICE—THE COPARTNERSHIP EXISTING between W. A. Cunningham and S. A. Ghent, under the firm name of Cunningham & Ghent, undertakers, at 524 W. 63d-st., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, W. A. Cunningham continuing the business, assuming all liabilities, and collecting all outstanding claims. W. A. CUNNINGHAM. S. A. GHENT.
Sept. 18, 1897.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A BUSINESS-MAN OF LARGE EXPERIENCE in mercantile and financial affairs, having extensive and valuable acquaintance, desires to connect himself with a firm or corporation where these qualifications would be of value. Address T 970, Tribune office.

FOR SALE — OLD ESTABLISHED WHOLEsale and retail grain, hay, and coal business; best location in Chicago; stands closest investigation; must be sold immediately; other business. Address T 958, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A RARE CHANCE; A WELL ESTablished grocery in good neighborhood; will invoice from 2,000 to 2,500; only those having ready cash need apply. Address T 949, Tribune office.

PARTIES CONTEMPLATING GOING INTO SAloon business will consult their interest by calling on O'Donnell & Duer Bavarian Brewing Co., 40th and Wallace-sts. Several good corners for rent.

GRAIN AND FEED ELEVATOR WITH MAchinery for cleaning and grinding; good location and railroad track; for rent term of years. Address W 341, Tribune office.

CASH FOR SHOE STOCK; QUICK ACTION. Address Merchandise Purchasing Company, 127 Market-st.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS! CALL AND SEE our bargains in shoes; bankrupt stock, etc. L. B. MANTONYA & CO., 181 Monroe-st.

FOR SALE—POSITIVE INFORMATION IN ANY commodity that speculation enters into; terms reasonable. Address T 954, Tribune office.

EXCEPTIONAL OPENING FOR NEW SHOE and furnishing goods store. LONGCOR, Belvidere, Ill.

BIG PROFITS IN BUSINESS SPECULATION requiring $100. Address X K 13, Tribune.

INSTRUCTION.

PROF. ROACH AND WIFE, THE CHAMPIONS of the world and the leading teachers of Chicago in all the latest stage and ballroom dances; the waltz movement, with the reverse, taught to young or old in ten minutes; $5,000 challenge to any teacher in Chicago that can do one-quarter of what they do in their line of business; they have taught hundreds to be good dancers where other teachers failed; one private lesson from the champions is as good as six elsewhere; they are superior to all others in style, appearance, and gracefulness. Academy 161 W. Madison, open day and evenings.

ARMOUR INSTITUTE—COURSES OF INstruction in Shorthand, Typewriting, and office practice. Day and night school. Autumn term begins Sept. 16. For further information address RUPERT P. SORELLE.

OCCULT SCHOOL OF EXPRESSION; PERSONal magnetism in oratory and dramatic art; pupils fitted for the stage and platform; highest testimonials from orators and actors. Suite 410, 411, 412, Handel Hall, 40 E. Randolph-st.; day and eve.

PRIVATE LESSONS STENOGRAPHY AND typewriting by expert teacher; positions guaranteed. Address T 545, Tribune office.

KRETLOW SCHOOL FOR DANCING, 401 WEBster-av., will open Monday, Oct. 4, 1897.

GENTLEMAN TEACHER, CITY SCHOOLS, wants pupils. Address T 960, Tribune office.

PATENTS & PATENT ATTORNEYS.

PATENTS WANTED—AN AMERICAN GENtleman of unquestioned business ability and integrity will act as agent for American inventors who have secured patents in Europe; best references furnished. Address T 942, Tribune office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ASBESTOS COVERING FOR STEAM, WATER, and furnace pipes. HEWLINGS, 218 Lake-st. Main 3870.

STEAMSHIP LINES.

Ocean Navigation.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
FAST EXPRESS SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BREMEN.

Kaiser, Wed., Sep. 29, 7 am	Lahn, Tu., Oct. 19, 10 am
Saale, Tu., Oct. 5, 10 am	Kaiser, Tu., Oct. 26, 9 am
Trave, Tu., Oct. 12, 10 am	Saale, Tu., Nov. 2, 9 am

CHERBOURG, PARIS, BREMEN.
Havel, Sat., Sep. 25, 10 am | Spree, Sat., Oct. 16, 10 am
TWIN SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.
SOUTHAMPTON, LONDON, BREMEN.
Bremen .... Thursday, Sept. 30, noon
Barbarossa .... Thursday, Oct. 14, noon
GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, GENOA.

Fulda, Sept. 25, 10 am	Ems ..... Oct. 16, 10 am
Aller ..... Oct. 2, 10 am	Werra ..... Oct. 23, 10 am
KaiserW.II., Oct. 9, 10 am	Fulda ..... Oct. 30, noon

NOTICE—The new twin-screw express S. S. KAISER WM. DER GROSSE, 14,000 tons register, 649 feet in length, 30,000 horse-power, will sail for Plymouth and Bremen Wednesday, September 29, 7 a. m. H. CLAUSSENIUS & CO., General Western Agents, 80 Fifth-av., Chicago.

GERMAN MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE—

*HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.	†NORTH-GERMAN LLOYD.
Express steamers from New York to Gibraltar, Naples, and Genoa.	
*A.Victoria, Nov. 6, 10 am	†Werra, Nov. 27, 10 am
†K'w'r. II., Nov. 13, 10 am	†Fulda, Dec. 4, 10 am
*Norm'nia, Nov 20, 10 am	*A.Victoria, Dec. 11, 10am

Also steamers for Alexandria, Egypt, in Jan., Feb., and March.
Return tickets available for the steamers of either line from Naples, Genoa, Gibraltar, Hamburg, Bremen, London, Southampton, Paris, and Cherbourg.

Hamburg-American Line, 37 Broadway, N. Y. N. W. Cor. Randolph and La Salle-sts., Chicago.	North German Lloyd, Oelrichs & Co., Agents, 2 Bowling Green, N. Y. H. Claussenius & Co., Gen'l West. Agts., 80 Fifth-av., Chicago.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE—TWIN-SCREW express line from New York to Plymouth (London), Cherbourg (Paris), and Hamburg.

Normannia ..... Sept. 23	F. Bismarck ..... Oct. 14
Columbia ..... Sept. 30	Normannia ..... Oct. 21
A. Victoria ..... Oct. 7	Columbia ..... Oct. 28

Hamburg Service by Twin-screw Mail S. S.
Persia ..... Sept. 25 | Palatia ..... Oct. 9
First cab., $75 up; second-class, $40; steerage, $30.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, N. W. Cor. Randolph and La Salle-sts., Chicago.

GRAND ORIENTAL CRUISE—BY THE SUperb twin screw express S. S. Auguste Victoria, leaving New York Jan. 27, 1898, for Madeira, Gibraltar, Malaga [Granada and Alhambra], Algiers, Genoa, Villefranche [Nice], Bizerta [Tunis], Alexandria [Cairo and the Pyramids], Jaffa [Jerusalem, the Jordan, and the Dead Sea], Beyrouth [Damascus], Constantinople, Athens, Canea [Crete] Palermo, Naples, Genoa, returning to New York April 6. Duration of voyage 69 days. Rates of passage $450 and upward. Canea, Crete, will be of great interest, owing to the part it played in the recent Eastern troubles. For further particulars apply to HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, n. w. cor. Randolph and La Salle-sts., Chicago.

AMERICAN LINE— NEW YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON. At 10 a. m.

Paris ..... Sept. 29	St. Louis ..... Oct. 13
St. Paul ..... Oct. 6	Paris ..... Oct. 20

Shortest and most convenient route to London.
PHILADELPHIA TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
Waesland ..... Sept. 25 | Rhynland ..... Oct. 2
RED STAR LINE— NEW YORK TO ANTWERP. Every Wednesday.

Southwark ..... Sept. 29	Friesland ..... Oct. 13
Noordland ..... Oct. 6	Kensington ..... Oct. 20

INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY, Tel. Main 188. 143 La Salle-st.

CUNARD LINE— TEL. M. 2051. Established 1840 and never lost a passenger. "CAMPANIA" and "LUCANIA." New twin-screw steamships, 620 feet long, 12,950 tons, largest, fastest, most magnificent in the world. UMBRIA, ETRURIA, SERVIA, AURANIA, 520 feet long, 8,500 tons. Sailings every Saturday from New York, Boston, and Liverpool via Queenstown. All records broken—5 ds. 7 hrs. 23 min. F. G. WHITING, Mgr., Dearborn and Randolph-sts.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE—FRENCH LINE TO HAVRE—PARIS EVERY SATURDAY. Fleet composed entirely of large, fast express steamers, which make the voyage regularly in one week. No crossing of channel. Celebrated cuisine. Parlor seat and buffet vestibuled special train from docks at Havre to Paris in four hours. M. W. KOZMINSKI, G. W. Agt., 71 Dearborn-st.

ANCHOR LINE MAIL STEAMSHIPS— NEW YORK, GLASGOW, LONDONDERRY, LIVERPOOL. EVERY SATURDAY AT NOON.

Furnessia ..... Sept. 25	City of Rome ..... Oct. 9
Circassia ..... Oct. 2	Ethiopia ..... Oct. 16

For passage tickets or drafts for any amount apply direct to ANCHOR LINE OFFICE. Tel. Main 1506. 176 Jackson-st.

JAPAN-CHINA—PACIFIC MAIL S. S. CO., OCcidental & Oriental S.S. Co. From San Francisco. CITY OF PEKING, via Honolulu ... Oct. 2, 1 p. m. DORIC ..... Oct. 12, 1 p. m. CHINA, via Honolulu ..... Oct. 21, 1 p m. For freight and passage rates and general information apply at the company's office, 238 Clark-st. W. G. NEIMYER, Agent.

FALL TOURS TO EUROPE— Special parties to central Europe, Spain, Algiers, Egypt, Palestine, the Nile, and AROUND THE WORLD. Programs ready; all facilities; foreign travel; Tourist Gazette with map, by mail, 10c. HENRY GAZE & SONS [Ltd.], Tourist Agents. Tel. M. 3778. 220 S. Clark-st.

WHITE STAR LINE— NEW YORK, QUEENSTOWN, LIVERPOOL. Every Wednesday at 12 noon. Unexcelled accommodations for all classes. S. TENNEY FRENCH, Gen. Western Agent, Tel. Exp. 139. 244 S. Clark-st., Chicago.

COOK'S ROUND THE WORLD TOURS WILL leave Pacific coast for a six months' tour on Oct. 11 and Nov. 18; fall party to Palestine, Sept. 25; see descriptive program. THOS. COOK & SON, 234 South Clark-st., Chicago.

Lake Navigation.

GOODRICH LINE— For Racine daily at 8 p. m.; Milwaukee, daily, 9 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sheboygan and Manitowoc, 8 p. m. Mon., Tues., Wed., and Thurs., and 9 a. m. Sun. and Mon.; Kewaunee and Ahnapee, 8 p. m. Wed. and Thurs., and Sun. 9 a. m.; Green Bay, Wed. and Sat., 8 p. m.; Menominee and Marinette, Wed., Thurs., and Sat., 8 p. m.; Escanaba and Gladstone, Thurs. and Sat., 8 p. m.; Manistique, Sat., 8 p. m.; Grand Haven, Muskegon, and Grand Rapids, daily, 7:30 p. m. Office and docks, foot of Michigan-av. Telephone Main 3629.

TO ST. JOSEPH AND BENTON HARBOR—Graham & Morton line steamers leave dock foot of Wabash-av. at 9:30 a. m. and 11:30 p. m. daily, including Sunday. Special trip leaves 2 p. m. Saturdays and 10 a. m. Sundays. Round trip excursion on 9:30 a. m. steamer, $1, arriving in city on return at 8:30 p. m.

HOLLAND AND CHICAGO LINE STEAMERS leave for Holland, Grand Rapids, and Allegan daily [except Sunday] 7 p. m. Dock and office 1 State-st. Phone Main 4648.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

WESTERN.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RY.—Trains leave Dearborn Station, Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket office, 109 Adams-st.

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Galesburg and Ft. Madison	† 7:55 am	† 5:32 pm
Joliet, Streator & Pekin Ex.	† 1:00 pm	†12:35 pm
Streator and Joliet		* 9:35 am
Lemont, Lockport & Joliet	* 5:08 pm	† 8:42 am
K. City, Colo., Utah & Tex.	* 6:00 pm	* 9:43 am
K.City, Calif. & Mexico	*10:25 pm	* 9:32 pm

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RY.—MAPLE Leaf Route. Grand Central Station, 5th-av. and Harrison-st. Office 115 Adams-st. Phone 2380 Main.

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Minneapolis, St. Paul, Dubuque, Kan. City, St. Joseph, DesMoines, Marshalltown	† 5:45 am	†10:00 pm
	* 6:30 pm	* 9:30 am
	*11:30 pm	* 9:30 am
Sycamore and Byron Local	* 5:10 pm	*10:35 am

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

WESTERN.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY—Ticket office 212 Clark-st. [Phone Express 721.] Oakley-av. and depot, cor. Wells and Kinzie-sts.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Omaha, C.Bluffs, SiouxCity, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Denver, Portland, D.Moines	* 6:00 pm	*9:30 am
	*10:30 pm	*7:45 am
Black Hills and Deadwood	*10:30 pm	c7:45 am
Sterling, Clinton, Cedar R.	*12:35 pm	†2:15 pm
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth	* 6:30 pm	*9:30 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Mad'n.	† 8:15 am	c7:45 am
Eau Claire	*10:15 pm	*9:55 pm
Winona, La Crosse, Madison	† 8:15 am	†6:20 pm
Winona, La Crosse, & Western Minnesota	† 3:00 am	†9.55 pm
	*10:15 pm	*7:45 am
Sioux City and Dakotas	‡ 6:30 pm	c9:30 am
Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Appleton, Green Bay	†11:30 am	*6.55 pm
	* 5:00 pm	†1:15 pm
Green Bay and Menominee	† 3:00 pm	†4:00 pm
Ashland, Hurley, Bessemer, Ironwood and Rhinelander	† 3:00 am	c7:30 am
	* 5:00 pm	*9:30 am
Oshkosh, Gr.B., Menominee, Marquette and L. Superior	‡ 3:00 am	†9:30 pm
	*10:30 pm	*7:30 am

Rockford and Freeport—Lv. †7:20 a. m., s8:20 a. m., †10:40 a. m., †4:25 p.m., s6:35 p.m., †11:30 p. m.
Rockford—Lv. *3 a. m., †8:15 a. m., *6:30 p. m.
Milwaukee—Lv. †3 a.m., s4:00 p.m., †7:00 a.m., *8:30 a.m., †11:30 a.m., †2 p.m., *3 p.m., *5 p.m., *8 p.m., *10:30 p.m. *Daily. †Ex. Sun. sSunday. cEx. Mon. ‡Ex. Sat. aDaily to Menominee.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—ALL THROUGH TRAINS from Central Station, 12th-st. and Park-row. Trains for the South [except N. O. Fast Mail] can also be taken from 22d-st., 39th-st., Hyde Park, and 63d-st. station. Tickets at city ticket office, 99 Adams-st., and at Auditorium Hotel.

	Leave.	Arrive.
N. Orleans & Memphis Lim.	* 2:55 pm	*12:20 pm
Monticello and Decatur	† 2:55 pm	*12:20 pm
St. Louis Diamond Special	* 9:10 pm	* 7:35 am
St. Louis Daylight Special	*10:25 am	* 4:35 pm
Springfield and Decatur	*10:25 am	* 4:35 pm
Cairo Day Train	† 8:30 am	† 7:00 pm
Springfield and Decatur	* 9:10 pm	* 7:35 am
New Orleans Fast Mail	* 3:00 pm	*12:30 pm
Bloomington & Chatsworth	† 2:55 pm	†12:20 pm
Chicago & New Orleans Ex.	* 8:40 pm	* 7:50 am
Gilman and Kankakee	* 4:35 pm	*10:00 am
Rockford, Dubuque, Sioux C., & Sioux Falls Fast Line	* 3:30 pm	*10:10 am
Rockford, Dubuque, Sioux C.	‡11:45 pm	* 6.50 am
Rockford Passenger	† 3:10 pm	*10:00 am
Rockford, Dubuque & Lyle	†10:30 am	† 7:20 pm
Rockford and Freeport Ex.	† 5:00 pm	
Dubuque and Rockford Ex.		† 1:00 pm

‡On Saturday night runs to Dubuque only. *Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Except Saturday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE, C. B. & Q. RAILROAD, Berths and tickets at No. 211 Clark-st. and Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams-sts.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Local to Galesburg, Ill.	† 8:30 am	† 6:10 pm
Ottawa, Streator & La Salle	† 8:30 am	† 6:10 pm
Rochelle, Rockford, Forreston	† 8:30 am	† 2:10 pm
Local points in Ill. & Iowa	*11:30 am	* 2:10 pm
Galesburg and Quincy	*11:30 am	* 2:10 pm
Clinton, Moline, Rock Island	*11:30 am	* 2:10 pm
Fort Madison and Keokuk	*11:30 am	* 6:25 am
Ottawa and Streator	† 4:30 pm	†10:35 am
Sterling, Rochelle, Rockford	† 4:30 pm	†10:35 am
K. City, St. Jo., Leavenw'th	* 5:30 pm	* 9:35 am
Fort Worth, Dallas, Houston	* 5:30 pm	* 9:35 am
Omaha, C. Bluffs, Nebraska	* 5:50 pm	* 8:20 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 6:30 pm	* 9:25 am
K. City, St. Jo., Leavenw'th	*10:30 pm	* 6:25 am
Omaha, Keokuk, Quincy	*10:30 pm	* 6:25 am
Denver, Cripple Creek, Colo	*10:30 pm	* 8:20 am
Salt Lake, Ogden, California	*10:30 pm	* 8:20 am
Deadwood, Hot Springs, S.D.	*10:30 pm	* 8:20 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	‡11:20 pm	†10:25 pm

*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday. ‡Daily ex. Saturday.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RY.—Passenger Station, Van Buren, near Clark-st. City ticket office corner Adams and Dearborn-sts.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Fast Mail to Des Moines	* 3:00 am	* 7:20 pm
Omaha, Ill. and Iowa Mail	* 9:00 am	* 1:50 pm
Peoria	* 9:00 am	† 7:20 pm
Joliet Express	*11:45 am	* 3:45 pm
Joliet Accommodation	* 4:05 pm	* 9:35 am
St. Paul, Mpls. & S'x Falls	* 4:15 pm	*11:00 am
Peoria	† 4:15 pm	* 1:50 pm
Peru Accommodation	† 5:00 pm	† 8:40 am
Kansas City, St. J., L'worth, Colorado, and Texas Exp.	* 5:45 pm	* 9:40 am
Omaha & C. Bluffs Flyer	* 5:45 pm	* 1:50 pm
Big Five to Denver, C. Spgs., Pueblo, Omaha & Lincoln	*10:00 pm	* 8:00 am
Omaha, St. Paul & Colo	*10:10 pm	§ 7:10 am
Peoria, La Salle & R. Island	*11:30 pm	§ 7:10 am
Peoria, La Salle & R. Island	†11:30 pm	§ 7:10 am
Kansas City and Texas Exp.	‡11:30 pm	‡ 7:10 am

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Ex. Sat. §Ex. Mon. ¶Mon. only. Fast flyer for Omaha daily 5:45 p. m. Connects at Missouri River with U. P. flyer next morning.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RY.—Ticket office, 95 Adams-st. Tel. 2190 Main. Union Passenger Station, Canal, Adams, and Madison-sts.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Milwaukee—St. Paul—Mpls.	† 8:30 am	† 9:45 pm
Milwaukee	* 8:30 am	* 8:10 am
Milwaukee, Madison & West	†11:30 am	* 3:45 pm
Cedar Rapids, K. City, Dub.	† 2:00 pm	† 1:45 pm
Green Bay	† 3:00 pm	† 9:45 pm
Milwaukee—Madison	† 3:00 pm	† 6:15 pm
Milwaukee—Portage	† 3:00 pm	† 1:10 pm
Milwaukee	* 3:00 pm	¶ 1:45 pm
Milwaukee	* 5:00 pm	§ 6:30 pm
Omaha—C. Bluffs—S'x City	* 6:00 pm	* 8:15 am
N. Iowa—S. Minn.—Dakota	‡ 6:30 pm	¶ 9:30 am
Milwaukee—St. Paul—Mpls.	* 6:30 pm	* 9:30 am
Madison, P. du Chien & West	‡ 6:30 pm	¶ 9:30 am
Green Bay & Mich. Penin'la	*10:15 pm	* 7:00 am
Milwaukee—St. Paul—Mpls.	*10:15 pm	* 7:00 am
Ced. Rap.—K. City—Sx. City	‡10:00 pm	¶ 7:15 am
N. Iowa—S. Minn.—Dak.	‡10:00 pm	¶ 8:15 am
Omaha—C. Bluffs—Denver	*10:00 pm	* 8:15 am

*Daily. †Ex. Sun. ‡Ex. Sat. ¶Ex. Mon. §Sun. only.

CHICAGO AND ALTON—UNION PASSENGER Station, Canal-st., between Madison and Adams-sts. Ticket office, 101 Adams-st.

*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Pacific Vestibuled Express	† 2:00 pm	2:00 pm
Kas. City, Denver, California	* 6:00 pm	* 9:25 am
Kas. City, Colorado, and Utah	*11:30 pm	8:00 am
Sp'gf'd & St. Louis Day Local	* 8:00 am	9:10 pm
St. Louis Limited	*11:08 am	4:36 pm
St. Louis Palace Express	* 9:00 pm	7:30 am
St. Louis Midnight Special	*11:30 pm	8:00 am
Peoria Limited	†11:08 am	4:36 pm
Peoria Fast Mail	* 6:00 pm	9:55 am
Peoria Night Express	*11:30 pm	7:30 am
Joliet & Dwight Accommod'n.	* 5:00 pm	10:55 am

WABASH RAILROAD—DEPOT DEARBORN Station, Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket offices, 97 Adams-st. and 221 Michigan-av.

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Louis Vestibuled Limited	*11:00 am	*4:45 pm
St. Louis & Kansas City Ex.	† 2:00 pm	†2:10 pm
St. Louis Limited Express	* 9:15 pm	*7:30 am
Peoria and Texas Limited	*11:00 am	*4:45 pm
Peoria and Texas Express	* 9:15 pm	*7:30 am
Forrest Accommodation	† 8:10 am	†5:42 pm
Forrest Accommodation	* 5:00 pm	*9:20 am
Detroit, N. Falls & N. Y. Ex.	* 3:15 pm	*7:35 am
Detroit, Boston & Can. Ex.	*11:32 pm	*9:30 pm
Detroit Day Express	† 9:55 am	†4:55 pm
Toronto, Montreal & Can. Ex.	* 3:15 pm	*7:35 am

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILROAD—Ticket offices, 182 Clark-st., Auditorium Annex, and Dearborn Station, Dearborn and Polk-sts.

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Terre Haute & Evansville	† 8:00 am	†5:40 pm
N. Orleans & Florida Special	*10:10 am	*8:17 pm
Chicago & Nashville Limited	* 7:00 pm	*8:55 am
Terre Haute & Evansville	*11:34 pm	*6:55 am
St. Elmo & Marion	†10:10 am	†8:17 pm
Ind. Min. Spgs. & Brazil	† 1:30 pm	†1:45 pm

EASTERN.

THE PENNSYLVANIA LINES — CHICAGO Union Passenger Station, Adams, Canal, and Madison-sts. Ticket offices at station, at 248 South Clark-st., corner Jackson, and at Auditorium Hotel. Through trains run as follows:

From Chicago to—	Leave.	Arrive.
Pittsburg, Phila., New York	† 7:30 am	*8:00 am
Indianapolis and Louisville	*10:00 am	*5:10 pm
Dayton and Cincinnati	*10:00 am	*5:10 pm
The Keystone Express	*10:30 am	*5:00 pm
Columbus and the East	*10:30 am	*5:00 pm
Baltimore and Washington	*10:30 am	*5:00 pm
Philadelphia and New York	*10:30 am	*5:00 pm
Mansfield and Pittsburg	* 3:00 pm	*9:00 pm
Baltimore and Washington	* 3:00 pm	*9:00 pm
Philadelphia and New York	* 3:00 pm	*9:00 pm
The Pennsylvania Limited	* 5:30 pm	*9:00 am
Pittsburg and Washington	* 5:30 pm	*9:00 am
Philadelphia and New York	* 5:30 pm	*9:00 am
Indianapolis and Louisville	* 9:00 pm	*7:15 am
Dayton and Cincinnati	* 9:00 pm	*7:15 am
Columbus and the East	* 9:00 pm	*7:15 am
Youngstown and Newcastle	*11:30 pm	*9:00 pm
Pittsburg and the East	*11:30 pm	*9:00 pm

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

MICH[illegible]NTRAL, N. Y. C. & H. R., AND B. [illegible]—"The Niagara Falls Route." Ticket [illegible] Adams-st., and station 12th-st. and Park-row, 22d-st., 39th-st., Hyde Park, 63d-st. July 4, 1897.

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday.	Leave Chicago.	Arrive Chicago.
Mail and Express	† 6:50 am	† 7:15 pm
Grand Rapids Express	† 7:20 am	† 3:10 pm
New York and Boston Special	*10:30 am	* 8:00 pm
North Shore Limited	*12:30 pm	* 9:00 am
Fast Eastern Express	* 3:00 pm	* 8:55 pm
Kalamazoo Accommodation	† 4:15 pm	†11:10 am
Grand Rapids & Mackinaw	† 5:15 pm	† 6:50 pm
Detroit Night Express	* 9:50 pm	* 6:30 am
Grand Rapids & Mackinaw	* 9:30 pm	* 6:40 am
Atlantic Express	*11:40 pm	* 7:50 am
Saginaw & Bay City Sleeper	‡11:40 pm	‖ 6:30 am

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Ex. Sat. ‖Ex. Monday.

CHICAGO AND WEST MICHIGAN RAILWAY. See Michigan Central timetable.

MONON ROUTE (CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS and Louisville Railway). Depot, Dearborn Station. Ticket offices, 232 Clark-st. and Auditorium.

Trains. All trains daily.	Leave.	Arrive.
The Fast Mail for Indianapolis, Cincinnati, and Dayton	2:45 am	12:00 noon
Washington and Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York	2:45 am	12:00 noon
Lafayette, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Louisville, Dayton	8:30 am	6:00 pm
Indianapolis, Cin., Dayton	11:50 am	5:20 pm
Lafayette Accommodation	3:20 pm	10:45 am
Indianapolis, Cin., Dayton	8:55 pm	7:20 am
Lafayette and Louisville	8:55 pm	7:20 am

THE LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHern Ry., N. Y. C. & H. R., and B. & A. Rys. Depot, Van Buren-st., one block from the Board of Trade, and 22d-st. City ticket office, 180 Clark-st.

*Daily. ‡Ex. Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Day Express	‡ 6:55 am	‡ 7:45 pm
Limited Fast Mail	* 8:00 am	* 9:25 am
New York & Boston Special	*10:30 am	* 8:00 pm
Eastern Express	* 3:00 pm	* 6:00 pm
Elkhart Accommodation		‡10:10 am
Lake Shore Limited	* 5:30 pm	* 4:00 pm
New York & Boston Express	* 8:45 pm	* 7:35 am
Special Mail	* 2:45 am	*11:50 pm

BALTIMORE AND OHIO—DEPOT, GRAND Central Passenger Station. City office, 193 Clark-st.
No extra fares charged on the B. & O. limited trains.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Local	† 6:30 am	† 6:15 pm
New York, Washington, and Vestibuled Express	*10:25 am	* 9:00 pm
New York, Washington, and Pittsburg Vestibuled	* 3:30 pm	* 9:00 am
Pittsburg, Cleveland, Wheeling, and Columbus Ex.	* 7:00 pm	* 7:00 am

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday.

NICKEL-PLATE—THE NEW YORK, CHICAGO and St. Louis R. R. Depot, 12th-st. viaduct, corner Clark-st. All trains daily.

	Leave.	Arrive.
New York and Boston Express	10:35 am	9:00 pm
New York and Eastern Express	3:05 pm	4:20 pm
New York and Boston Express	10:15 pm	7:55 am

For rates and sleeping car accommodations call on or address Henry Thorne, Ticket Agent, 111 Adams-st., Chicago, Ill. Telephone Main 3389.

ERIE LINES (CHICAGO AND ERIE RAILroad)—Ticket offices, 242 Clark-st., Auditorium Hotel, Dearborn Station, Polk and Dearborn-sts.

*Daily. ‡Daily except Sun.	Leave.	Arrive.
Marion Local	‡7:30 am	6:00 pm
New York and Boston	*3:00 pm	5:00 pm
Jamestown and Buffalo	*3:00 pm	5:00 pm
Base Lake Accommodation	*4:10 pm	9:30 am
New York and Boston	*8:00 pm	7:25 am
Columbus and Norfolk, Va.	*8:00 pm	7:25 am

BIG FOUR ROUTE—DEPOTS 12TH-ST. AND Park row and 22d, 39th, 53d, and 63d-sts. Ticket offices at 234 Clark-st. and Auditorium.

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and Louisville	*9:00 am	*5:30 pm
Washington Express	†1:00 pm	†9:00 pm
Cincinnati and Louisville	*9:00 pm	*7:15 am

LETS THE TAX STAND

County Board Turns Down the Banks and League.

NO EQUALIZATION FOR IT

Representatives of the Money Houses Appeal in Vain.

WILL CALL UPON THE COURTS

Holbrook Says Assessment in Question Is Invalidated.

TOLMAN GIVES A TART OPINION.

After all the efforts of the bankers themselves and of the Taxpayers' Defense league to secure an equalization of the bank assessments, the County board yesterday turned them down, eleven to three, and refused to change a single figure.

When the national banks filed complaints with Chairman Allen and the Finance committee that they were assessed too high and the league complained that the State banks were assessed too low they openly admitted the justness of the contentions. Yet at every step the committee refrained from doing anything to right the alleged wrongs and passed the whole matter up to the board in a report which informed that body the situation was such that Chairman Allen could not under the circumstances see how anything could be done.

Urge Equalization for Banks.

But notwithstanding all this Z. S. Holbrook, Major E. B. Tolman, F. O. Lowden, and other representatives of the national banks were before the board again at its meeting yesterday urging first that the assessments of the national and State banks be equalized on a horizontal basis of 10 per cent, which would have fixed the assessed valuation on the stock shares. The schedule offered showed that the stock of the Union Trust company would have been put in at the highest at $28 a share, and the Western State Bank the lowest at $7.73 a share. The demand placed the First National at $15.51, the Merchants' National at $23.70, the Chicago National at $22.01, the Northwestern National at $15.06, the Corn Exchange Bank at $21.44, and the others ranging from $10 to $24.45.

Failing to get this, Commissioner Struckman moved that the assessments of the Merchants' National, Commercial National, First National, Northwestern National, Hide and Leather, Globe National, Union National, Bankers' National, Fort Dearborn National, National Bank of America, and National Bank of the Republic be reduced to 10 per cent. On the first of these propositions the vote stood:

YEAS.

Ballard,	Struckmann,	Healy—3.

NAYS.

Allen,	Irwin,	Schuen,
Bees,	Mack,	Udell,
Garrett,	Munn,	Wright—11.
Hogan,	Petrie,	

Defeated by a Tie.

On the second motion Schuen changed and voted in the affirmative. Wright wanted the report referred back to the Finance committee, but a motion to that effect was defeated by a tie vote. Then Commissioner Struckman offered as a substitute for the report the league's resolution, and Holbrook explained that it had been prepared on what was believed to be the most equitable basis that could be arrived at. He also argued that the board had full power, under the law, to act.

But Commissioner Allen raised the point that County Attorney Iles held differently, and he thought they had no power in the matter.

The only change made in the committee's report was a minor one. Commissioner Wright made a long speech in an endeavor to secure a reduction of the assessment on the Columbus Memorial Building from $220,000 to $179,500. The board refused. The property is valued at $2,201,000, and was originally assessed at $280,000, but was reduced by the Finance committee to $220,000, or 10 per cent of the valuation, a reduction of $10,000.

Committee Report Is Adopted.

The report of the committee was adopted by the board, only Commissioners Garrett, Schuen, Struckman, and Wright opposing it. A motion to reconsider the vote on the adoption of the report was made, and on motion of Commissioner Allen was laid on the table. This prevents any further action on the report.

According to President Holbrook, the County board rejected any overtures to equalize the assessments of the banks, and the action in consequence would cost the board not less than $50,000. It would only be necessary to go into court, he said, to demonstrate this. The most important matter was that the County board had by its action invalidated the assessments against the banks which have filed petitions asking for a decrease.

Attorney Tolman Gives His Views.

Attorney Tolman said: "It was unanimously conceded that the banks who filed the petition for equalization were unjustly treated and grossly wronged, and yet their petition for relief was denied by the very body charged with the duty of correcting such wrongs and affording relief in such cases. The County board seems to be more anxious to pass resolutions for the calling of special sessions of the Legislature to make reforms on paper than to use the power now in its hands for the important and practical reform of a present evil.

"The County board has thrown away the opportunity of increasing an assessment of the banks that were assessed too low. By its failure to embrace this opportunity it loses not only the moral effect of demonstrating to the people that it would not permit the use of improper methods by tax dodgers, but it has also thrown away an actual revenue to the county amounting to thousands of dollars. It has this matter absolutely in its power.

"By the report which it has filed the board has assured the banks that are over assessed a perfect remedy in the courts, because the mere production of the Finance committee's report will be all the proof that is necessary in a suit brought by these banks to prove that they are overassessed. The County board, therefore, has done indirectly and unintentionally that which it should have done directly, with this difference, that it has placed upon itself the discredit of failing to take action which it should have taken. The courts will receive the credit of furnishing the remedy, a credit which the board might have had.

"Its action has invalidated all assessments against the banks who have filed petitions. The Supreme Court of Illinois has squarely decided that where a petition objecting to an assessment has been filed with a Town or County board in due manner of law, and is not acted upon by that body, that the assessment and the tax based thereon is void, because lacking an indispensable prerequisite of the statute. These banks, therefore, that have been denied relief by the County board, who were offering to pay 10 per cent, can never be compelled to pay anything. They will, however, tender an equitable amount and ask for an injunction against the excess only."

COLLINS WILL SUE GARRETT.

Meat Dealer Wants $50,000 from County Commissioner Garrett on a Charge of Libel.

R. J. Collins, one of the dealers who bid for supplying Cook County institutions with meat for the next three months, declared yesterday he would sue County Commissioner Garrett for $50,000 damages on a charge of libel, growing out of a statement made by the latter at the meeting of the Public Service committee held on Friday afternoon as follows: "That man (referring to Collins) has for years been growing rich by robbing the poor of Cook County." Collins was the lowest bidder, but a majority of the commissioners favored giving the contract to Armour & Co. Collins said he would give $500 for every pound of meat that had been rejected by the county under his last contract.

INHERITANCE TAX LAW TEST.

Appeal to the United States Supreme Court Being Prepared in C. B. Sawyer Estate.

The first step was taken in the County Court yesterday toward a final settlement of the question whether the inheritance tax law of Illinois is valid. The statute has been upheld by the Supreme Court of this State, but it will now be taken to the Supreme Court of the United States.

This appeal will be made in the estate of Charles Bailey Sawyer, who died Jan. 6, 1896. The heirs have refused to pay the inheritance tax assessed. County Treasurer D. H. Kochersperger, through County Attorney Iles, filed a petition in the County Court to collect $6,970 tax from the estate. The heirs at the same time filed a petition for the removal of the case to the United States Circuit Court. Judge Carter entered an order of removal, and the case will be taken to the United States Supreme Court in due course.

The petition of the County Treasurer sets forth that the County Court appointed appraisers as provided by the statute and the appraisers fixed the value of the estate at $600,000 above all debts and incumbrances. The petition alleges the heirs have refused to pay the tax on the ground that the law violates the constitution of the United States in that it is unequal taxation, and that to compel them to pay the tax would be depriving them of property without due process of law, which is unconstitutional.

Charles Adrian Sawyer and Elizabeth Emerson Sawyer, who receive $223,250 each, are the principal heirs.

CLAMORS FOR MORE SCHOOLS.

Nineteenth Ward Will Petition the Board of Education for Additional Buildings.

The citizens of the Nineteenth Ward will present a petition to the School board on Wednesday night asking for increased school facilities. For two or three years the Nineteenth Ward has been striving to secure greater accommodations for its children.

The petition is signed by thousands of citizens and alleges that in the Nineteenth Ward there are only four public school buildings, accommodating but 3,804 children, while the ward has 7,735 children of school age, and that the schools in adjoining wards are either too distant or are too full to admit any overflow from the Nineteenth Ward.

The petitioners will ask the Board of Education to rebuild the Polk Street School, to erect an additional primary and grammar school, and to establish a center for manual training.

Start Back with Bogart.

Police Captain John Marsch and Constable Harrison of Evanston will start from Cape May, N. J., this morning with George Bogart, the ex-City Clerk of that town, who has been confined in the city prison there since Monday of last week. The officers arrived there on Saturday, but the local police refused to give up the prisoner until $250 was paid them. The final arrangements were made by telegraph last night.

To Make Your Family Love You
Buy "Garland" stoves and ranges.

OFF FOR WOMEN'S COLLEGES.

Large Party of Fair Students Leaves Today for the East—Among Those Going.

A large party of young women students from Chicago and the West will leave the city at 12:30 o'clock today on the Michigan Central road for various Eastern colleges to begin their studies for the fall terms. Smith, Mount Holyoke, Vassar, and Wellesley Colleges are all represented. The party will occupy three special sleeping cars, which are provided for exclusive use. Following are some of the Chicago young women going:

Charlotte R. Dering,	Laura A. Shedd,
Cora Steele,	Grace Buttolph,
Mabel Etheridge,	Daisy Buell,
Julia Morgan,	Esther Gauger,
Helen Morgan,	Grace Tobey,
Mary T. Lord,	Francis Dailey,
Bessie Bradley,	Mary McWilliams,
Esther Montgomery,	Mabel Hartsuff.
Ada Pratt.	

With them will go the following:

Madeline M. Chase, St. Joseph, Mo.;	Mabel Knowlton, Freeport;	
F. Wilcox, Clinton, Ia.;	Ellen Dodge, Council Bluffs;	
Miss Ball, Fargo, N. D.;	Lenona E. Tarbell, Winona, Minn.;	
Miss Miller, Fargo, N. D.;	Edna Foley, Lincoln, Ill.;	
Miss Munn, Freeport, Ill.;	Cornelia P. Tearse, Winona, Minn.	
Misses Snook, Kalamazoo;		
Miss Smith, St. Paul;		

Deaths in Chicago Last Week.

There were 427 deaths in Chicago last week, or 29 less than for the preceding week. Of these 40 were from acute intestinal diseases, 39 from consumption, 11 from diphtheria, and 30 from heart disease. There were 11 suicides, the same as for the previous week.

CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS.
109 to 115 STATE STREET.

The Event of the Season—
Wednesday and Thursday—

Grand Opening Display

A DISPLAY OF
Rich Foreign and Domestic...
Silks and Silk Merchandise, Millinery, Cloaks and Suits.
....Fashion's Leading Event....

An interesting feature of this **Opening** will be the hundreds of styles in **Silk Waists, Skirts and Suits, Silk lined** tailor-made **Cloth Suits** and **Outer Garments** of our own make, totally different to those shown by any other house, and when we assure you that this Grand Fall Exhibition will be the finest ever made we feel that this will be sufficient to tax the capacity of our premises, for no lady in Chicago can afford to miss it.

SCHLESINGER MAYER
Grand Opening
throughout the entire store today and tomorrow,
displaying the very latest European fashions in millinery suits, outergarments, furs, silks, dress goods, laces, trimmings, handmade lingerie, trousseaux, infants' outfits, children's and misses' coats and dresses, etc.



Also the Opening of the
New French Cafe
(Unlike any other cafe outside of Paris),
Under the direction of Mr. John B. Seghers, formerly manager Chicago Club, Union League Club, and latterly Standard Club.



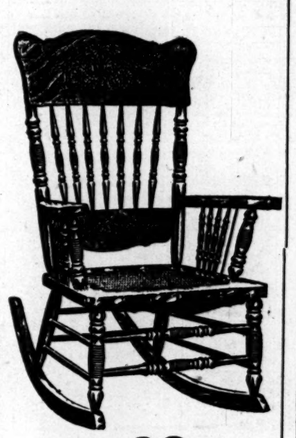
'97 Rambler
BICYCLES, $65.
GORMULLY & JEFFERY MFG. CO., 85 Madison-st.

L. Manasse, Optician,
88 Madison-st. Tribune Bldg.
Spectacles and Eyeglasses scientifically adjusted. Eyes tested free. Artificial eyes, etc.

You Save Money at Revell's. | You Save Money at Revell's.
ALL ROADS LEAD TO REVELL'S,
Adams street and Wabash avenue.
TO-DAY.



75c
Ladies' Rattan Rockers.
A September Sale Bargain.



98c
Large High Back—Brace Arm PARLOR ROCKERS.

You can furnish your home completely at our September Sale—including Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, Bedding, Pictures, Silverware, Lamps, Ranges, Graniteware, Gas and Electric Fixtures, &c.
REVELL'S, Adams-st. and Wabash-av.



DOUBLE SOLE,
CALF LINED,
CORK FILLED,
HANAN'S $6 SHOES
FOR MEN.
HANAN & SON TRADE HANAN MARK NEW YORK
Finest Boarded Calf, Black Vici Kid, Tan Storm Calf, or Imported English Enamel, any shape—any size—any width. Fit better, wear longer, and are more comfortable than shoes made to order costing twice as much.
EVERY PAIR STAMPED WITH TRADE MARK ON SOLES.
SEND FOR NEW ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.
Hanan Shoes for men and women sold only at
DeMuth's 217-219 State-st. & 150 State-st. Chicago.
HANAN & DeMUTH, MILWAUKEE, WIS. ST. LOUIS, MO.



NO FEAR
of Blackheads, Pimples, or rough Skin if you use Woodbury's Grand Toilet Combination. A sample of each of Woodbury's Facial Soap, Facial Cream, Facial Powder and Dental Cream with a 132 page book on how to cure a bad skin or protect a good complexion mailed on receipt of 20c. The regular size sold everywhere 25c. JOHN H. WOODBURY, Dermatologist, 163 State-st.

A TELEPHONE...
Is one of the greatest conveniences in a private residence. For special residence rates and information regarding telephone service, address
Chicago Telephone Co. 203 Washington St.

WEBER PIANOS
258-260 Wabash-av.

HAIR Dressing, Manicuring, Chiropody, Facial Massage, Electrolysis, Ladies' Turkish Baths. Wigs.
E. BURNHAM, 71 and 73 State-st.

KNOX AT SHAYNE'S, 103 State-st. HATS
FALL STYLES NOW READY.

For Correct Baseball News See THE TRIBUNE.

MANDEL BROTHERS.
Preliminary opening and offering of
autumn outer garments..
Today—an extraordinary exhibit of the foreign frock fashions—an elegant ensemble of the most charming creations of the leading London, Paris, and St. Petersburg tailors and dressmakers. Today—first glimpse at many *entirely exclusive* effects (taken from bond just before the new high tariff rates were imposed)—and many very special values—not obtainable here (or elsewhere) when these are sold.

Chicago's only complete collection of those man-made Russian blouse garments—and other effects so proper and popular in Paris and London.

Stylish Russian blouses of imported kerseys, satin lined, richly braided, opening special, 25.00.
London box coats, new Mamby fronts, English kersey, all colors, taffeta silk lined, 19.50.
Imported Carrava blouses, swellest of the fall modes—plain and fur trimmed, 39.00 to 135.00.
Handsome velour and velvet capes, foreign creations, rich in braid and jet, 29.75 to 115.00.
Bellini coats, boucles, beavers, kerseys, handsomely braided, 35.00 to 85.00.
Exclusive Hopisch and Kenavira blouses, Le Portage, Dorine and Dubarry jackets, 45.00 to 185.00.
Chevron suits, Russian blouse styles, not a duplicate this side of the Atlantic, 48.50 to 100.00.
New Paris Bordeause and Bertram costumes, absolutely none to equal, 75.00 and 89.00.
A very swell, plain man-tailored suit, fly front jacket and skirt, taffeta silk lined throughout, black and blue cheviots, remarkable value at 19.75.

MANDEL BROTHERS.
Preliminary opening and offering of
fashionable fall fabrics..
Chicago's grandest gathering of foreign fabrics—ready for your inspection here today. It will be an exceptional expose of all the extreme and exclusive effects—in black and colors—shown only here and at a few of the higher class European bazars.
An unrivaled exhibit of fine French and English dress fabrics—on the first and fourth floors—a matchless assortment of black and colored, plain and novelty materials, landed under the old Wilson law and worth today from 30 to 40$ more money.

Bayadere soutache—travere epingle—bayadere velour—satin cercle—travere de la Russe—a beautiful lot of novelties with stripe effects running crosswise—the correct idea for swell suits and Russian blouses. Prices $2.00 to $6.50—widths 48 to 50 inches. Contolled by Mandel Bros.

Astrachan bordiere—chevron vigogne—carre vicuna—satin flamme—velours de malte—quadrille moulteux—latest Paris novelty plaids—smooth broadcloth ground with stylish rough camel's hair checks—*exclusive* designs and combinations—prices $2 and $3—48 and 50 inches wide.

English and Scotch novelty cheviots—these superb fabrics in new, "swell," rough plaids, fancy checks, novelty stripes—colors and patterns exclusively Mandel's—prices $1.50 to $3.00—50 to 54 inches wide.

Silk and wool plaids—Two-toned French cheviots—Silk and wool novelty mixtures—
New Scotch suitings—Plain and English cheviots—Fine French basket cloths—
Today 75c.
Twenty correct colorings and combinations in each line, value today almost double.

New Scotch mixtures—Silk and wool armures—Mixed covert suitings—
Silk and wool basket plaids—Popular Paris poplins—Fine French drap d'etes—
Today $1.00.
Fabrics with two and three toned colorings—in the latest French and English mixtures.

48-inch satin prunellas—46-inch silk and wool mixtures—
44-inch novelty suitings—50-inch Scotch tweeds—
Today $1.25.
All in the newest and proper color combinations—last season's $2 quality.

"At the Satisfactory Shop."
The Fall Opening
At your store occurs to-morrow, Wednesday, Sept. 22d. It means the display of all that is best in this season's importations of
Millinery, Wraps, Furs and the Various Seasonable Novelties.
You are invited!
CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.

"At the Satisfactory Shop."
The Special Sales
Advertised for yesterday weren't the record-breakers that we thought they'd be—we're disappointed—it rained off and on all day—perhaps you were disappointed too! Needn't be—the various specials are all here for you to-day.
There's one thing your store *doesn't do*—that's raise prices when they're once lowered. Down they stay 'till the lot is exhausted—don't believe in "hour" sales or "day" sales.
The goods weren't sold yesterday—they're here to-day, and we honestly think they'll be away before night.
Can't tell about all of them over again—just a name here and there—any one of them's worth coming for.

Costumes, Capes and Coats,
Fall Dress Goods, Bargain Silks,
Linen Remnants,
Fur Collars and Feather Boas,
Upholstery Goods, Oriental Rugs.

PURE SILK 95c





Two items at a price less than you've ever seen them quoted at.
Women's Silk Stockings—a smallish lot that our buyer brought back with him from Europe. They're being wholesaled throughout this country now at $24.00 a dozen and more—they're honest $2.50 and $3.00 values at retail—pure thread silk and pure spun silk, in black, bronze, sky, pink, lavender, canary, grey, red, tan, navy, Nile and white—some are plain, some are ribbed—there are a hundred styles and shadings to choose from—values up to $3.00—Monday at
95c.
Women's Silk Vests and a few of silk and wool—these latter are Richelieu ribbed Swiss make, in cream, high neck, with either long or short sleeves; the all-silk are of fine Jersey ribbed, in cream, pink and black, high neck, with long or short sleeves, and low neck with no sleeves. All sizes in each; don't have to mention value, it stands out in every thread—Monday
95c.
CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.

VOLUME LVI.—N

BIG DROP IN STO

Lambs of Wall Street to the Extent of T Million Dollars.

BEARS RAID THE MA

Possible Trouble with Over Cuba Starts Stampede.

BANKS RAISE THE

Shrewd Manipulators Play Trick on the New Yor Market.

LARGE GAINS BY A SMALL

Shares dealt in	
Average drop in price	
Loss to lambs	$
Brokers' commissions	
Capital stock affected	6
Loss in market value	

New York, Sept. 21.—[Speci street put in a typical day today. flock of lambs will remember it long time. They were neatly an shorn to the tune of about $3,000 small clique made riches on the their well organized raid upon val

It was a very simple operation. time past everybody has been tel body else that there were good ti Wall street, after its fashion, pr discount the situation by mark price of stocks. The public saw ing up and began buying—not ou by the margin method. As stoc going up the public used the pa as margins and bought more—t call this "pyramiding." The tr this kind of monumental fortun is that the apex is at the bottom.

Simply an Old Game

When these pyramids get lo little adverse news comes, the easily. Then the manipulator ha The men who make and break pri street are the big manipulators o Morgan, Keene, Havemeyer, Fi They have ready cash in plenty, conditions, and they know the ropes. The lambs think they they don't, and today was one days.

The big men ceased to buy but sold with a rush, and away prices down in coaster fashion. saw their profits vanish, and t went their margins. This last go and it found its way to the mant There was a transfer in this wa $3,000,000 on the five London ope the Stock Exchange today, while street the little board did about as much, and the great number shops all over the land did fully as much. It is a conservative e say that $10,000,000 was in this but so far as the lambs who nit ticker bait were concerned.

The scare and the stampede w over the possibility of trouble The little talk which Minister Wo with a Spanish Don was whisper the possible beginning of a gre tional ruction. Then, as a local h banks suddenly and unanimously that they ought to have 4 inste cent for the money that the br borrowing to carry the stocks of The Attorney General, McKenn cision, which the big men knew but which was whispered into a on values.

Harvest for the Brok

All things worked together in and away went the quotations margins and bringing a lot of w to the rail at either exchange brokers' offices. There were h phone calls for certified check margin, and when they did not minute stocks were sold for would bring before the margin p client had been wiped out. I commission on the slaughter were conducting the brokers to $250,000 on the 900,000 shares bought.

Tomorrow it is expected the keep up. There are lots of cu will get their first inkling of w ened in a hurry call found morning's mail for more cash o of the line of stock held. By 10 the gong sounds, much stock into the pit for sale, and then will start in and with their stocks by the thousands of within a month those shares points higher, likely with the sa bleating for a chance to bu things" offered

When they get well loaded u of bad news will again serve doing.

Affects the Foreign M

Berlin, Sept. 21.—The feature and Frankfort Stock Exchang the weakness of American sect the report of the Temps of Pa in a dispatch from San Sebas United States had practically matum to Spain notifying t through the United States Min Stewart L. Woodford, of its in tervene in Cuba if the insurre island is not suppressed by the ber.

London, Sept. 21.—The Even attributes the fall in prices Exchange to the reported a United States in connection w insurrection.

Paris, Sept. 21.—On the Sto here today Spanish 4s fell belief that the alleged ultim the United States to Spain, on Cuba, will cause the presen remain in office.

Irishmen at the Exp

-Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 2 The Irish-American day celeb Tennessee Centennial Expos tended by many thousands o Clan-na-Gael Guards of Chic in the parade and in the repro battle of New Orleans. Addr livered by John F. Finerty of rick Walsh of Augusta, Ga., a